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REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

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The Chronicle.

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WE MUST HAVE MORE GOLD.

A new Administration is about to enter upon the work of shaping a Government policy. Having no history as yet, it desires, we assume, to make a record which will secure unquestionably the sympathy of the conservative classes of the country. Their support is an unfailing resource when once gained. Besides that, a policy that is right in principle is always a source of strength, and late years have proved it a capital investment for parties. In fact, the party in power is whelly indebted to its better record on financial questions for the long and continued confidence shown it by the people.

What is the feature in our fiscal arrangements which is

now causing chief anxiety? A few facts in the Treasurer's report, just issued, develop it pretty clearly. According to that report, the coinage of standard silver dollars to the 30th of September had reached \$98,322,705. The average monthly coinage during the last year has, it appears, been about \$2,400,000, and consequently on the first of November the total coined had reached the large aggregate of nearly 100 millions; of which there were in circulation about 33½ millions, leaving on hand 66½ millions, with an issue of silver certificates in just about the latter amount.

But there are other facts which should appear by the side of the foregoing. During the time silver coinage has been in progress, we have imported about 200 millions of gold, besides retaining our own production. It is not quite accurate to say that the import was because of our produce shipments; those shipments furnished the opportunity, but the gold came because we wanted the gold more than anything else the world had to send. Had we been on the old greenback basis, or on a silver basis, the gold would not have come—in the former case, merchandise at the ruling high values, and in the latter case silver, would have been sent in payment for our produce.

We were then, however, establishing a gold currency, and we needed gold for that purpose, so it flowed in rapidly as soon as the opportunity offered. Yet even with this large addition, we still have an aggregate, including the invisible stock, very much less than either France or England, and with a country so large, and a population so scattered, we require more, and can and will secure more, unless we continue to repel it. Our silver coinage law is a cunning device, possessing just that repelling force, though of course not so intended. It is an instrument for furnishing a cheap substitute, and thus in part satisfying without supplying the need for gold; and the facts as to silver coinage and certificates stated above, measure the effort of this unnatural law of Congress during the last three years to keep gold out of the country and to fores silver and its representatives into its place.

Consider how much safer the monetary situation would be with gold coin diffused generally among the people. Now our stock is in very great part visible, and in case of an adverse trade balance it is in position to respond quickly to a foreign demand. Throughout the entire country, the people themselves hold only about two hundred and twenty-five millions and perhaps less. We are accustomed to look at our large visible supply and express satisfaction because it compares so favorably with the holdings of the Banks of England and France. But those countries have, besides, very large invisible reserves.

England is supposed to possess in this way about 600 millions in active circulation, and France about 900 millions. Observe how the Bank of France is now drawing gold from this source, through the receivers of taxes and thus replenishing its diminished holdings; it took this same course a year ago and the consciousness that the country possessed such abundant supplies has prevented loss of confidence, while the visible supply was so rapidly decreasing.

In a similar position our monetary affairs would be seriously disturbed, if not thrown into confusion. Our whole currency fabric is built upon our visible supply of gold, being almost wholly paper with that exception. If only a portion of this base or support was withdrawn, it would make the whole fabric totter. This is the explanation for the great sensitiveness our markets have several times shown under the fear of such a possibility-notably in the winter and spring of 1879-80. What the country needs, if its currency is to be put into a thoroughly conservative position, is at least two or three hundred millions more of gold to be drawn from the old accumulations of Europe; that, with our production constantly retained, would give us a consciousness of strength, in place of the sensitiveness which is now felt at every upward turn of the foreign exchanges.

But it may be said that we cannot secure this additional supply-Europe has not got it to spare. We think differently. At least we need it, and it becomes us therefore not to repel it, but to do our best to secure it. We do repel it, when we attempt to supply the people's demand for currency with a cheaper substitute. The gold will not come under existing circumstances, unless a want draws it. As illustration, we can note the fitful nature of the movement from Europe to us the present season; it has halted with every weakening in the rates of interest, and has been resumed each time the rates have risen. See, this very week, a decided renewal of the shipments from London, and possibly from Paris, under a slight increase of activity in our money market. Our foreign trade is thus in such a condition that we can have gold if we want it, and if these silver certificates had not been issued, a very considerably larger supply of gold would have been received, and it and silver doilars would have satisfied the Western and Southern demand.

We admit that this struggle for gold is to be a severe one. But Europe has said that gold alone shall be the basis of international commerce, and would it not be prudent to accept the guage of battle thus thrown down and act as if it were to be so; for if it is, we need-more gold and must have it. Every silver dollar we coin, and, worse still, every silver certificate we issue, weakens our position. The certificate is the more objectionable because (1) it prevents or checks the outflow of dollars already coined which might in the absence of the certificates find a lodgment in the remote agricultural districts and there remain; and (2) because the certificates in a time of general confidence move so readily and perform so nearly all the domestic purposes of currency, and yet do not fulfil any of the requirements of our foreign commerce. That is to say, the certificates give us a substitute for the real, and keep out the real, although in time of general distrust they would be of limited service and might prove a source of great annoyance and danger.

But we need not prolong this discussion. It is already, we think, apparent to every reader that we need further large supplies of gold to give stability to our financial system; that our coinage of silver and the issue of certificates are weakening our power to secure those supplies, while not really adding a dollar to actual currency, for we could

obtain gold instead if we only stopped the coinage and allowed the laws of trade to assert their natural influence. We have made no reference here to the facts so often presented in these columns, showing and proving that the course suggested would in the end also secure the re-establishment in Europe of silver as ourrency on a par with gold. That conclusion is so obvious, following so evidently from what we have said, that it is unnecessary to dwell upon it. Nor will we stop to point out the actual danger threatening the permanency of our gold standard if we persist in this silver coinage. These dollars have now reached over 100 millions, and with the help of silver certificates all of them are in circulation, although worth 12 per cent less than our gold currency. It cannot require the eye of a prophet to see that these two currencies will not stand side by side if the cheaper one is allowed to increase indefinitely. There is a limit, and how soon it will be reached no man can tell. But when it comes it will come suddenly and unexpectedly, and through some revulsion which will disturb confidence and make the truth appear.

In the light of the foregoing, is it not evident that policy, principle, the safety of our currency—all, call for a pronounced course of action on the part of the Administration on the question of silver coinage?

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

The monetary situation, so far as the influences acting are concerned, has undergone no material change during the past week. That is to say, there is no really new feature to present, but some modification in the forces at work. There is the same sensitiveness but greater in degree, the same anxiety with regard to the action of Government but more earnest because relief is delayed, and only slight variations in the exchanges, except in foreign exchange, which has grown weaker, and started the flow of gold from Europe again. The temporary demand for money has therefore increased in activity during the week, while a prespect of some relief, though remote, has been added in the anticipated gold arrivals which must begin to reach us about a week hence.

The special feature of the period under review has been, as it was last week, the disturbance of confidence which late bank failures have produced, and which the complications at Boston at the close of last week have served to increase. The unbusinesslike and indefensible methods by which the Boston banks, which suspended, were managed, naturally caused great uneasiness, the public not knowing how far other banks might be involved or how widely extended the weak spots might be. If such a condition was tolerated in the most conservative city of the country, it was argued, with some force, that not much could be expected elsewhere. This feeling however subsided in great part as the week advanced, the general opinion tending to the conclusion-on the basis of the facts and figures we gave in our article on bank management last week-that these were exceptional cases such as will develop in every system as time progresses. Still, unfavorable rumors have every day abounded with regard to other banks in other cities; set afloat probably for speculative purposes, but yet under the circumstances keeping the uneasiness alive, and making all bank officers more discriminating in their acceptance of securities for loans. Furthermore, Boston unloaded upon New York, early in the week, some of the stocks and tonds which had been held there and drew upon this centre for funds.

cates are weakening our power to secure those supplies, while not really adding a dollar to actual currency, for we could Treasury, as stated above, has furnished no relief, but has

gone on accumulating funds, our Sub-Treasury having in the open market for shipment hither, in anticipation of added to its holdings \$1,143,810 during the week. This has been a great disappointment. Conservative people do not desire the Government to artificially make money easy or to manufacture any more currency through silver certificates or otherwise. All they desire is that the carrency we have should be allowed to work automatically and to respond to the demands of trade freely. As the case stands, through unmatured calls of bonds, &c., and through its daily receipts, the Government is holding outside the channels of commerce a considerable amount of bankable funds. Such contraction disturbs all business. largely because of the uncertainty it produces, relief depending upon the action of one man, and that action being frequently hindered or interfered with by the law itself. It is a cumbersome system that works such results, and should be speedily revised.

The announcement was made Saturday that the Assistant Treasurer had been instructed to redeem so much o the balance of the bonds allotted for redemption on the 9th and 16th as had not been sent in to the department, these bonds amounting to about \$3,900,000; but none were offered to the Treasury under this amended order, none were obtained on Wednesday and there is little probability on the 30th. It is eviof any being sent in dent that the Secretary cannot get his surplus funds out by the offer to redeem called or uncalled bonds with interest to the date of presentation. The extended 6s are now worth more in the market than the price which the Government offers, and they may be expected to rule above this figure even after the exceptional demand for them ceases, which demand arises from purchases for temporary investment usual at this season of the year. Some other plan will have to be hit upon for the redemption of these securities. It is suggested that as about half of the bonds embraced in the call maturing December 24 have not been forwarded to the department an offer to redeem the balance of 91 millions, without rebate of interest, would induce the surrender of a considerable portion of them. It has also been suggested that in future calls for the 6 per cents only 30 instead of 90 days' notice be given. The Refunding act of 1870 requires 90 days' notice for calls under that act, but there is no law regulating the time to be allowed for calling in the 6s, and it is claimed that 30 days would be all that holders could reasonably require. This latter, however, would be a very important change in the mode of procedure, and could not be done without a full consideration of its effects on the bonds and upon bank currency.

It is reported that the Secretary of the Treasury contemplates the purchase of 4 or 41 per cent bonds, provided this can be done without loss to the Government, instead of calling in any of the continued bonds. It is probably in anticipation of some such course that the market price of the 4s has been recently advanced. If the Government attempts to buy the long bonds the market will doubtless soon be swept bare of them, and the price will advance so as to place them out of reach. The possibility of this will probably be considered before the Secretary announces his decision.

As already stated, there is another source of supply of funds, besides the holdings of the Government, about which calculations cannot be accurately made, but which may prove important. The rates of exchange fell off this week, and already we have advices of the withdrawal on Wednesday, from the Bank of England, for shipment to America, of £113,000 gold; and Friday the further sum of £200,000 was withdrawn, but what portion of it was for

this fall in exchange, it is impossible to say with certainty, but it is reported that some small amounts have been so taken. This gold should arrive before the close of next week, and the proceeds will get into the banks by the 8th prox. at the latest. Estimates as to further sums from Europe cannot be made. At the moment the exchange market is unsettled and weak by reason of the pressure of bills drawn against cotton, food staples and securities. The movement of the first-named commodity is likely to be free in the immediate future and cotton bills make exchange rapidly. There has been a break down in the grain speculation at Western centres mainly owing to the large receipts and to the more favorable condition for threshing. A period of cold weather prolonged sufficiently to harden the turnpike roads, thus enabling the transportation of grain to the railroads, would tend to augment the receipts at the Western cities and render more difficult the maintenance of prices high enough to check the movement to the seaboard or to Europe. It is reported that the interdict against the importation of pork into France has been removed. This would appear to be confirmed by the fact that exports of hog products have been within a few days a little more free, and if France is taking the usual proportion the export movement of this staple will add largely to the supply of bills upon the market, thus aiding materially in keeping rates down to the gold-importing point.

There is also good evidence of the outward movement of socurities during the week. Whether these have been purchased here for European account or have been sent abroad on consignment or for a market, it is difficult positively to as ert, but the belief is that some have gone out in response to a legitimate demand, while others have not. To the extent of the legitimate export of securities the exchange market has been supplied with bills, but it would be unsafe to calculate upon a further considerable supply from this source. It will be seen by the subjoined table that the Bank of England is in no better condition now to stand a drain of gold than it was six weeks ago. The Bank has lost about £1,000,000 since the rate of discount was advanced to 5 per cent on the 6th of October. The Bank of France gained gold first from London and afterward from internal sources, and the stock of the Bank of Germany has been decreased about £2,000,000. This week the Bank of England shows a decrease of £70,000. The Bank of France reports a gain of 6.600,000 francs gold and a loss of 5,075,000 francs silver. Money in the open market in London has risen within the past few days, doubtless owing to the drain of gold from the Bank, and if the demand from America should be urgent we may expect an early advance in the Bank rate. The following shows the amount of bullion in each of the principal European banks this week and at the corresponding date last year.

THIS HOLD WAR !	For. 24	, 1891.	Nov. 25, 1880.		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.	
a sear and	2	2	2	. 2	
	20,610,661		26,949,903		
Bank of France			21,708,555		
Bank of Germany	6,509,862	19.529,5-6	9,127.333	18,231,667	
Total this week	52,489,782	66,540,44	57,735,791	67.658,605	
Total previous week	52,192.782	86,434.444	57,438,551	67 618,683	

With regard to domestic movements of currency, the main demand has this week come from Boston, though the South is still drawing upon this centre. It is expected that as soon as confidence is restored in Bostor, there will be a return of the funds it has taken from us. The Treasury America we have not learned. How much has been bought operations for the week include the receipt of \$1,000,000

This makes a net gain, which is gold from Philadelphia. a loss to the banks, of \$1,143,809 83. The payments by the Assay Office through the Sub-Treasury amounted to \$298,035, and the receipts by the Sub-Treasury from the Custom House were as follows.

1 20/10/2015			Consisting of—				
Da	te.	Duties.	Gold.	U. S. Notes.	Silver Dollars.	Silver Certificales.	
Nov.	18	\$560,736 53	\$433,000	\$12,000	\$	\$116,000	
44	19	286,297 45	229,000	6,000	1,000	51,000	
44	21	425,228 90	306,000	11,000		108,000	
54	22	493 691 64	380,000	14,000	1,000	93,000	
44	23	290,568 01	215,000	11,000	1,000	65,000	
44	24		. Holiday.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
T	otal	\$2.056,522 53	\$1,563,000	\$54,000	\$3,000	\$438,000	

The following shows the Sub-Treasury operations for the week ended November 23, and the receipts and shipments of gold and currency reported by the leading banks

	Into Banks.	Out of Banks	Net Loss.
Sub-Treasury operations, net Interior movement		\$1,143,810 2,690,000	
Total	\$1,275,000	\$3,833,810	\$2,558,810

The interior movement as above embraces all the receipts and shipments of gold and currency reported to us by the principal banks for the week ended November 23, which (stated in our usual form) are as follows.

Receipts at and Shipments from N. Y.	Received.	Shipped.
Ourrency	\$1,234,000 41,000	\$883,000 1,802,000
Total	\$1,275,000	\$2,690,000

\$1,675,000 in gold were this week taken out of the vault of the Bank of America by the associated banks.

The stock market has been more or less unsettled dur. ing the week, and as it was partially recovering from the effects of the flurry in Boston it was unfavorably influenced by active money and by the report that the trunkline railroad war was not on the eve of adjustment, as had been stated. The evidence which the returns now being published furnish that the war has been damaging to all the roads, encouraged the speculators for a fall to make an attack upon the principal railroad stocks, and the readiness with which these properties yielded to the pressure had a demoralizing effect upon the whole list. The activity in money and the prospect that this week's bank return would show a large decrease in reserve in consequence of the drain to Boston, and the further accumulations in the Treasury, contributed to make the stock market unsettled. There was only a partial rally on Wednesday afternoon, on the rumor that a plan was being arranged by the Treasury for the relief of the money market. Friday exhibited a much better feeling notwithstanding the activity in the money market. The following table, showing relative prices of bonds and stocks in London and New York, at the opening each day, will indicate the margin of profit for cable transactions between the two cities, and also what proper ties are supposed to be in demand in London.

44	Not	21.	Nov	. 22.	Nov	. 23.	Nov. 24.	Nov.	25.
			Lond'n prices.*				ork	Lond'n prices.*	
U.S.4s,c.	117'00	116%	117-00	116%	116.64	1165	×	116-76	117
U.S. 3368	101:95	10138	101-95	102	101-95	10236	₽	101.74	10214
Erie	46'96	46	46.36	4836	45.95	45%	ž	45.54	45
2d con.	101-95	103%	101.46‡	10316	101-46#	103%		100-77#	
Ill. Cent.	193-26	13236	132-90	181%	132-16	18134	=	131.54	1305
N. Y. C	139.09	139	139.21	18814	138-22	13756	8	187.47	137
Reading	36-884	65%	33.131	653	33-10+	6514	Holiday	32-94+	65%
Exch'ge,		516	4.8	514	4.5	15	. Ho	4.5	1414

d in their New York equivalent on basis of \$50, par value.

BUSINESS ACTIVITY REFLECTED IN RAIL. ROAD EARNINGS.

The great activity in general business finds new evidence in all the figures which are being published in relation to our internal commerce. Some special railroad earnings have been made public the past week which illustrate this truth. For it is noteworthy that even in those sections where the movement of the crops has been greatly dimin. ished the increase in earnings is no less evident. Thus for the first three weeks of November the receipts of all kinds of grain at Chicago and Milwaukee were only 6,383,323 bushels this year, against 10,201,215 bushels last year. Nevertheless, there is very little trace of this visible in the returns of the leading Northwestern roads, commonly denominated as grain carriers, for despite the smaller ship. ments of grain, and despite also a falling off in the shipments of hogs, the St. Paul, the Northwest, the St. Paul & Omaha, and other representative roads, report fair increases in receipts for the first and second weeks of the month. The loss in grain and provisions was wiped out and more than wiped out by the gain in general freight and by an augmented passenger traffic.

Another evidence of the expansion that has taken place in the volume of business is seen in the report of the Railroad Commissioners of the State of Wisconsin, for the fiscal year ended June 30. The report covers not only the lines within the State, but also all lines without, operated by companies having any mileage at all in Wisconsin. The total gross earnings thus aggregate \$39,298,268, against only \$31,779,355 in 1879-80. Net earnings, owing no doubt to the unusual rigor of the winter, have not increased in the same ratio, reaching \$17,400,710 this year, against \$16,526,588 last year; but this does not bear upon the point we are at present discussing, of the increased activity of all branches of trade as reflected by the gross receipts of the railroads.

The figures cited above relate chiefly to the Northwest. The remarks about them are applicable to the entire country, as other sections show equally favorable results. Gould's Southwestern system of roads, namely the Missouri Pacific, Missouri Kansas & Texas, International & Great Northern, St. Louis Iron Mountain & Southern, and Texas & Pacific, on earnings of \$479,760 for the first week of November, 1880, exhibit an increase this year of \$99,566, and on earnings of \$480,312 for the second week an increase of \$95,227, or pretty nearly \$200,000 for the two weeks. The returns of Massachusetts railroads to the Commissioners of that State for the year ended Sept. 30 have not yet been tabulated, so we cannot compare the aggregates; but an examination of the reports of some of the leading companies proves that the roads of New England are no exception to the rule of increased Net earnings in some inbusiness everywhere. stances are smaller than in the previous year, but the causes (in the main exceptional) tending to swell expenses are well understood, and we need not refer to them now. As to the enlarged volume of traffic, however, there can be no doubt. So everywhere we meet with signs of our extremely prosperous condition. The North, the West, the South, the East, all share alike in the present activity.

We have been led to refer to this subject to-day by the disposition evinced in certain quarters to lay unusual stress upon the somewhat unfavorable exhibit made by the Pennsylvania in its October report, issu d yesterday. It is argued that rates were advanced in October, that therefore the effects of the railroad war were less disastrous in that than in any previous month, and that consequently the smaller receipts this year, when compared

with last, must be regarded as peculiarly unsatisfactory. This statement of the case is not quite correct, and besides not sufficient weight is given to a falling off in the grain movement to the seaboard. It is not true that the higher rates were in force any considerable part of the month of October. It was not until Tuesday the 25th that the Pennsylvania announced its purpose to advance through rates on grain and provisions to New York to 20 cents per 100 hundred pounds, with differential allowances in favor of Philadelphia and Baltimore, and it is not clear that the advance went into full effect before the 1st of November, so that the company could have reaped little if any benefit from it. But even a 20 cent rate is nothing to boast of, for it should be remembered that last year the rate was 30 cents on grain and still higher on provisions. It follows that had a 20 cent charge ruled during the month it would yet have been 331 per cent below that of 1880.

In addition, the diminution in grain transportation, already alluded to, was very decided. The receipts at the Atlantic ports, which last October were more than 36 million bushels, were this year less than 201 millions. Furthermore, Philadelphia's percentage of this movement, which was last year almost 141 per cent, is this year only 71, so that that port suffered a double loss. It is claimed that the Pennsylvania made good a portion of the loss at Philadelphia by a gain in its deliveries at New York. But when it is borne in mind that the receipts at the latter port reached only about 11 millions this year, against about 19 millions in October, 1880, it will be granted, we think, that any gain here must have been insignificant compared with the loss at Philadelphia. Allowing for the lower rates and the reduced volume of grain freight, a decrease in earnings of \$209,743, or but 6 per cent, from last year, is certainly not very strange, and even the larger decrease of \$333,362 in net earnings is not surprising in the face of a 121 cent rate, the rate prevailing before the advance to 20 cents. There is in the latest exhibit of the Pennsylvania no evidence of any check to general business activity, which is as pronounced as ever, but only renewed indication that the rate war is proving unprofitable to those engaged in it.

BALTIMORE & OHIO AND THE WAR OF RATES.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, held this week, President Garrett presented the report of the directors covering the operations of the company during the late fiscal year ended Sept. 30. The report has not yet been issued in pamphlet form, so we shall have to content ourselves with the abstract furnished for publication, which contains merely Mr. Garrett's review of the year's business, without giving either balance sheet or income account. The report will attract attention not only because the Baltimore & Ohio is the first of the great trunk lines to make its annual return, but because there is not a little curiosity to observe the effect upon it of the prolonged war of rates on the trunk lines.

The Baltimore & Ohio is southernmost of the five eastand west trunk lines. It has direct lines to Cincinnati
and St. Louis (over the Marietta & Cincinnati and the Ohio
& Mississippi), to Chicago, to Sandusky on Lake Erie, and
its Pittsburg & Connellsville division gives it a connection
with the great manufacturing centre of Pittsburg. Its
traffic is largely through, and therefore a diminution in
rates on through business has more effect on it relatively
than on some of the other trunk lines. Yet, aside from
the business classed as through, it has a heavy coal traffic,
which is to be rated hardly second in importance. Indeed it seems very probable that a good portion of

the gain in receipts which the road has during the last two years is to be attributed to this latter source. We cannot prove this directly, because the information given in the company's reports is very meagre; yet we have indirect evidence of the truth of our statement in the statistics of the coal tonnage on the main line and some of the divisions. For instance, the through tonnage of merchandise, east and west (no figures of the local traffic have ever been published), in the late fiscal year is stated at 2,014,110 tons, against 1,425,629 tons in 1878-9, an increase of 588,481 tons; during the same time the coal traffic has grown from 1,596,004 tons to 2,180,608 tons on the main line, a gain of 584,604 tons; from 1,599,695 tons to 1,980,102 tons on the Pittsburg division, a gain of 380,407 tons; and from 195,276 tons to 378,917 tons on the Trans-Ohio divisions, a gain of 183,641 tons, making a total gain of 1,148,652 tons in coal. We have no means of knowing the tonnage mileage, but the figures cited make it sufficiently clear that the transportation of coal is an increasingly important item to the company. To show the several items of traffic-or at least all that are to be found in the report—for a number of years past, we have had prepared the following table.

	1877-78.	1878-79	1879-80.	1880-81.
Through merch'dise, east				
and westtons	1,149,499	1,425,629	1.980,397	2.014.110
Carried to Baltimore—				,
Flour, bbls	778,211	743,381	598,992	959,568
Wheat, bush	9,365,233	18,467,498	16,409,300	12,572,332
Corn, bush	10,164,285	10.065,530	8,510,456	6,728,287
Total grain of all kinds,			and the same	1
bush	20,639,654	29,622,895	25,962,696	20,329,858
Live stock, tons	132,462	121,431	165,454	115,885
Lumber, tons	41,270	40,724	54,530	79,008
Coal & coke carried, tons.	11.00		13	1
On main stem	1,483,076	1,596,004	2,255,146	2,180,608
Of which for Co.'s use	353,689	382,792	423,256	424,521
On Pittsburg Division	1,363,061	1,599,695		
On Trans-Ohio Divs	216,998	195,276	312,454	378,917
Total	3,063,135	3,390,975	4.388,856	4,539,627

Tonnage of through merchandise shows a steady development here, which is not explained by the figures of such individual articles as the company gives separately. Thus, as already stated, the tonnage increased from 1,425,629 in 1878-9 to 2,014,110 in 1880-1; but during the same time the quantity of grain delivered at Baltimore fell from 29,622,895 bushels to 20,329,858 bushels. The quantity carried this year may have suffered because of a smaller movement of the new crops during August and September, the last two months of the company's fiscal year, and also because, if current reports are to be believed, the company at times refused to receive grain at the prevailing low rates, not wishing to carry at a loss. Yet while these influences are, no doubt, in part responsible for the reduced volume of this kind of traffic, they do not account for the whole of the reduction; for even 1879-80 already showed diminished totals, and that was a year when the movement of the crops was free and large, and when rates were certainly remunerative. But whatever the cause may have been, the loss was more than made good by an expansion in other items of traffic. And this is full of significance, for it shows us that on the Baltimore & Ohio, as on other roads, there has been a marked augmentation in the volume of general and miscellaneous freight, the direct outgrowth of the activity and buoyancy that pervade every department of trade. It is this class of traffic that railroads most like to cultivate. It can be more confidently relied upon, as, except in times of commercial revulsion, it is not liable to sudden contraction, as happens so frequently in the case of the crops.

rates on through business has more effect on it relatively than on some of the other trunk lines. Yet, aside from the business classed as through, it has a heavy coal traffic, which is to be rated hardly second in importance. Indeed it seems very probable that a good portion of \$18,317,740 in 1879-80, a gain of \$146,137. But on the

Pittsburg & Connellsville, whose earnings are included, there was an increase of \$262,066, due probably in great measure to the augmented coal traffic, which increase should be deducted, if we would arrive at a correct estimate of the company's loss from the freight war. Further than that, the passenger earnings are the largest on record, having reached \$1,714,922, against \$1,379,990 in 1879-80, and \$1,171,033 in 1878-79. This is another evidence of the country's undiminished prosperity. Passenger traffic without doubt plays an important part in the continued gains that all railroad returns exhibit. we allow for the increase of \$334,932 on last year in passenger earnings (this we understand to refer to the main line only-it is reasonable to suppose that if all lines were included the increase would be much larger), and for the increase of \$262,066 on the Pittsburg & Connellsville, the gain of \$146,137 reported above would be turned into a loss of \$450,861. When now we remember that the company had a larger through traffic than in the previous year, and probably even more largely increased its local traffic, we are able to appreciate the meaning of a loss of over \$450,000 in gross earnings. The following tabulation, compiled at some expense of time and labor, shows at a glance the results of operations on each division for a number of years past.

PIBCAL RESULTS ON EACH DIVISION.

PIBCAL	RESULTS ON	EACH DIVE	SION.	
	1877-78.	1878-79.	1879-80.	1880-91.
Main Stem (Balt. to Wheel- ing) and Branches— Gross earnings. Expenses	\$ 8,563,957 4,524,345	8,864,827 4,523,582	\$ 11,229,880 6,056,899	\$ 11,122,260 6,275,644
Washing on Branch (Re- lay to Washington)—	4,039,612	4,341,245	5,172,981	4,846,616
Gross earnings Expenses (partial)	276,879 76,850	235.007 61,333	314,406 67,909	353,570 *160,637
Not earnings Parkersburg Br. (Grafton	200,029	223,674	246,497	193,533
to Parkersburg)— Gross earnings Expenses	659,699 47 3.676	634,915 439,336	860,160 488,331	712,158 639,736
Net earnings. Central Ohio Div. (Bellair	186,023	193,579	371,829	72,422
to Columbus)— Gross earnings Expenses	829,253, 563,805	846,512 573,812	1,003,566 692,112	1,006,025 777,758
Net sarnings	265,448	272,700	311,454	228,267
Rental (35 per cent of gross carnings)	290,238	296,279	351,248	352,109
Deficit		23,579	39,794	123,842
to Sandusky)— Gross earnings Expenses	657,632 423,405	639,821 450,707	847,222 1638,368	899.792 787,418
Net earnings	234,227 174,350	189,114 174,350	208,854 189,350	112,374 194,350
Surplus. Ohicago Div. (Chic. Junc. O., to Ohicago, Ill.)—	59,877	14,764	19,504	def.81,976
Gross earnings.	1,057,559 628,011	1,153,852 659,321	1,548,994 982,320	1,638,662 1,185,592
Net earnings	429,548 52,190	494,531 53,421	566,674 53,754	453,070 46,871
Remainder	377,358 357,896	441,110 393,149	512,920 391,031	406,199 391,016
Wheeling Pittsb. & Balto. (Wheel to Wash., Pa.)-	def.20,533	47,961	121,889	15,183
Gross earnings.	40,984 86,184	41,193 33,594	50,380 41,786	53,557 52,463
Net earnings.	4,820	7,599	8,594	1,094
(New'k, O., to Shawnee)— Gross earnings Expenses	135,295 84,546	129,739 84,078	224,649 136,390	177,305 135,756
Net earnings. Pittsb. & Conneller. (Pittsb.	50,749	45,661	88,259	41,549
to Cumberl'nd) & Br's— G.oss earnings Expenses	1,544,022 958,502	1,598,114 865,832	2,239,482 1,226.655	2,500,548 1,376,075
Net earnings	585,520 659,262	732,282 678,858	1,011,827 678,358	1,124,473 678,958
Surplus	def.73,742	53,424	332,969	445,615
Tot. of all lines operat'd— Gross earnings Expenses	13,765,280 7,769,301	14,193,980 7,691,595	18,317,740 10,330,770	18,463,877 11,390,479
Net earnings	5,995,979		7.986.970	

Includes large amounts spent for improvements, &c.

The effect of the rate war is seen on almost every division that has a considerable through traffic. On the main line the gross earnings exhibit a decrease of \$107,620, and on the Parkersburg branch a decrease of \$148,002; on the Central Ohio division the earnings are about the same as in the previous year; on the Lake Erie division there is a moderate increase; on the Chicago division the earnings have risen from \$1,548,994 to \$1,638,662, but it would not be surprising if the whole sum of the \$90,000 gain, and even more, were due to an increase in passenger earnings. The Pittsburg division of the road is the only one that makes a pronounced increase, and this division was probably not much, if at all, affected by the war, and had besides a larger coal traffic and no doubt also an augmented amount of other freight, consequent upon the great expansion of trade in the section which the road

It is not until we come to the net earnings that we disclose the real effects of the war. Lower rates, of course, diminish gross receipts; but lower rates, inasmuch as they leave a smaller margin of profit, diminish even more markedly net receipts. Thus, while the Baltimore & Ohio shows a gain of \$146,137 in gross on all its lines, in net earnings it shows a loss close on to a million dollars, or, to be exact, \$913,572. It is to be said, though, that last year the gain in net earnings was exceptionally large, rates being then exceptionally good and being maintained throughout the year; so that although this year's net are over \$900,000 below those of last year, they are still almost \$575,000 above those of 1878-79, and they are \$1,075,000 above those of 1877-78, and over two millions above those of 1876-77. While net results are therefore not as favorable as in the previous year, they are yet more favorable than in any of the years preceding.

But as compared with 1879-80 every division exhibits a falling off in net receipts, except the Pittsburg & Connells ville. The Parkersburg Branch, for illustration, has not earnings of only \$72,422, against \$371,829 last year. The Central Ohio division has net earnings of \$228,267 this year, against \$311,454 last year, and as the Baltimore & Ohio has to pay as rental 35 per cent of the gross earnings there is a deficit to that company of \$123,842, against only \$39,794 in the previous fiscal year. The net earnings on the Lake Erie division have fallen from \$208,354 to \$112,374; the rental was last year fixed at \$194,350, so there is a loss to the Baltimore & Ohio on the year's operations of \$81,976, against a profit of \$19,504 in 1879-80. On the Chicago division the net earnings are this year only \$406,199, against \$512,920 last year, and the surplus, \$15,183, against \$121,889. But whether the individual roads exhibit on their own operations a profit or loss, we have here no indication as to their value in swelling the business of the main stem. Probably the deficit which some of them show is insignificant alongside the large profit that the Baltimore & Ohio proper derives from the traffic contributed by them. The Pittsburg & Connellsville would appear to be the most profitable division at present operated. This line is the one latest acquired, and the revival of manufacturing industries along its lines, which began with the resumption of specie payments, has brought it an immense addition to its business. In 1879-80 net earnings were \$1,011,827; this year they are \$1,124,473. As the interest charge is only \$678,858, there is a surplus of \$445,615, against \$332,969 last year.

Allowing for the increase of \$112,646 in the net earnings of the Pittsburg & Connellsville, we get a decrease on all the other lines of about \$1,025,000, from which it is clear that the Baltimore & Ohio has, as one would expect.

suffered more severely than either the Erie or the Pennsylvania, for the monthly returns of these latter indicate large gains in both gross and net for the twelve months ended with September last. From the Central we have no returns. It is true that many lines gustained heavy losses last winter from snow and ice, but, the Baltimore & Ohio being so far south was probably very little affected. As-from the antagonism apparently existing between Mr. Vanderbilt and Mr. Garrettunusual prominence has been given to the Central and the Baltimore & Ohio in the present conflict about rates, we await with some curiosity the annual return of the former.

SAND IN COTTON.

English papers and correspondents of American papers have lately revived an old complaint. It seems that some English cotton spinners, particularly the joint-stock companies at Oldham, have found a great quantity of sand and plantation dust in the cotton they have used in the last year or two, and the charge is flippantly made that this heavy "waste" was put in or left in the cotton for the purpose of fraud. We see it even announced that the attention of the United States Consul has been called to the facts about this sandy cotton at Oldham with a request that he report them to his Government at home !

Sand and dust, it is true, are often found in cotton bales, sometimes to the extent of 20, 30 and even 50 per cent of their weight. It is a great mistake, however, to suppose that the cotton grower desires to have such trash or waste in his cotton. He cannot profit, or fail to suffer loss, by its presence there, except through the incompetency or collusion of the man who buys it.

What is technically known as "sandy" or "dusty" cotton is readily recognized by every capable buyer, whether merchant or broker, in the trade, and it is so universally rejected from the category of merchantable cotton that, like cotton in "false-packed" and "mixed-packed" bales, it is left to fall to extremely low prices, often far below its intrinsic comparative value as spinning material, until by its very low price it attracts the attention of speculative operators who buy it as "rejections" for prices ranging from 1 to 6 cents per pound, according to the buyer's esti. mate of extra waste in these bales.

These operators grade their purchases of this sort into lots as nearly uniform in actual value as is practicable, and bide the time, sure to come, after mid-season, when such cotton will have materially appreciated in price. Then they either ship the cotton to some Northern or Buropean market, the greater part of it going to Liverpool, or they sell it at the advanced price to some exporting buyer who gives it a like destination. Finally it reaches the spinner, perhaps in Oldham, who pays for it 50 or 100 per cent more than the producer received for it, but much less than the market price for clean cotton. The producer and the consumer in such case have divided the has caused by the excess of trash between them.

It sometimes occurs that a bale is carelessly or wilfully charged with sand or other dirt in the packing, as when the sweepings of the gin house are shovelled into the packing box and are found in layers alternating with cotton in the bale. These are palpable frauds, and when discovered are severely punished under the laws of the cotton-growing States, as is the fraud of false packing by plating a bale of low-grade cotton with a layer of good cotton on either outside.

We are not now writing of these frauds, but of cotton hat is unintentionally, and to the serious loss of the plantwell known to the trade as "sandy cotton." Any experi enced buyer can detect this and make a fair estimate of the heavy waste by examination of samples. Excessive quantities of this waste in bales may be detected also by comparing the size and weight of the bales with the size and weight of bales of clean cotton. When a bale of the average size and solidity of 480 lb. bales of clean cotton, is found to weigh 600 lbs. or more, the buyer is put upon inquiry for sand.

Some American spinners use cotton of a very low grade, having leaf trash, dust, or sand, or all of these. They have learned to place its true value upon it, a price which gives the clean fibre in yarn at a cost so far below the cost of like yarn from clean cotton that they are paid for extra labor and for injury to machinery from the adhering dust, with a profit over.

When English spinners have all learned the same lesson as some of them have already, there will be no more complaints of sand found under openers and pickers. In fact, may we not conclude from the circumstance that during the past year the weekly reports of the Liverpool cotton market have often reported sales of American cotton as low as 21d. to 31d. per lb., when middling was worth 53d. to 61d.—may we not from that fact conclude that some at least of the English spinners had, in the price they paid, good reason to suppose that the cotton which they bought at half the price of middling would lose 30 to 40 per cent at least in waste from the bale to the lap. All such spinners-if such there be-are most surely estopped from making complaint now of the piles of sand and dust dropped under the pickers or blown into the dust-chimney; they only got what they paid for. And does it not seem as if any spinner who points to the large pile of American plantation soil in his mill yard, confesses either that he had compensation for it in the price paid for the cotton, or that he does not know how to buy his cotton well?

BLUNDERS BY TELEGRAPH.

The Supreme Court of Texas has rendered an interesting decision sustaining the right of the Western Union Telegraph Company to limit claims for damages for blunders in transmitting messages unless the sender will pay extra for repetition.

Blunders by telegraph have been a frequent source of controversy and of lawsuits between senders and the companies. Indistinct handwriting of the original message and thoughtless use of figures instead of writing numbers in full, cause many errors in transmission for which senders ought to deem themselves chiefly responsible. Many more are the result of haste and carelessness in the operator in transmitting or transcribing the message, especially from a receiving operator's misapprehension of some abbreviation used, or his mistaking one telegraphic character for another looking somewhat like it; or from his endeavoring to alter a message unintelligible to him as received, so that it shall make sense. Some such blunders have been very ludicrous as well as annoying. In one case a father telegraphed to his younger daughters at school to return home, as their older sister was "to be married on Tuesday," but the operator rendered it "buried," and the girls came home in grief and tears to attend a funeral. In another a father desired his wife to telegraph him daily while he was on a journey how their invalid daughter was, and was horrified by receiving a dispatch, "Mary had a child last night," when, what the good lady wrote was, "chill." A gentleman intending to give an entertainment telegraphed for "two hand e, pervaded throughout the bale with sand or dust, and is bouquets;" but as the florist received the dispatch it read

"two hundred bouquets," owing to the receiving office mistaking "hand" for the abbreviation hund., and writing it out "hundred;" and the result was that flowers for a hundred and ninety-eight nosegays were cut and with-A shawl merchant received a dispatch reading, "Send one hundred blue and orange." He sent shawls accordingly; but instead of a remittance for the price, their came a letter explaining that "one handsome blue and orange" was what was wanted. Errors like these have raised knotty questions, such as, are the companies liable for accuracy absolutely or can they only be cast in damages when some carelessness is proved; also, if damages are due, how are they to be reckoned? Must the company make good the entire loss on the 198 bouquets, or the 99 mis-sent shawls, or are they only liable for some moderate sum, such as the reasonable cost of sending the message correctly?

It is for the purpose of avoiding such vague claims as these that the companies publish that if they are to be responsible for entire accuracy the sender must pay something to have his message repeated. In the late Texas case the message was written on a printed blank containing this stipulation :

"The business of telegraphing is liable to errors and delays

"The business of telegraphing is liable to errors and delays arising from causes which cannot at all times be guarded against, including sometimes negligence of servants and agents whom it is necessary to employ. Most errors and delays may be prevented by repetition, for which during the day half price extra is charged in addition to the full tariff rates.

"The Western Union Telegraph Company will receive messages for transmission between stations in the United States east of the Missisippi River, to be sent without repetition during the night at one-half the usual rates, on condition that the sender will agree that he will not claim damages from it for errors or delays or for non-delivery of such messages, hapfor errors or delays or for non-delivery of such messages, happening from any cause other than the acts of its corporate officers, beyond a sum equal to ten times the amount paid for transmission, and that no claim for damages shall be valid unless presented in writing within twenty days from sending the more read.

The message itself was sent by Fry, at Seguin, to Neill, at Austin, and was written in these words :

"Sold block 4, 5 and 6 and home place for two thousand five hundred, \$2,000 down, five hundred nine months. Answer."

In transmission the word "have" was in some way substituted for "home," so that as delivered the message read: "Sold block 4, 5 and 6 and have place for," &c. The report of the case gives no explanation of the meaning, nor of the way in which the error caused damage. The case was argued and decided on the simple ground that the company had the right, by means of a stipulation embodied in their printed blank, to limit the damages recoverable for error, unless the sender would pay extra for repeating. The Court says :

"We are of the opinion that the company had the right to make the limitation of their liability in regard to the night message under consideration, and that it was valid and binding to the extent to protect them from damages for an error in the transmission of the message, tuless shown to have been occasioned by the misconduct, fraud or want of due care of itself, its servants or agents, and that unless thus occasioned the measure of damages is the price agreed upon—

ten times the value of the sum paid to transmit the message.

"We are further of opinion that the mere fact that there may have been an error in the message as received by the operator at Austin and delivered to appellee, Neill, is not of itself sufficient proof of negligence to entitle the plaintiff to recover, as the error may reasonably be referred to some other cause embraced within the exemption clause contained in this

contract.'

A remarkal le peculiarity of the particular case was that when Neill received the message he was puzzled by the word "have," and went to the telegraph office in Austin and suggested having the message repeated; but the operator assured him that it was correct as received by him, and Neill then relinquished the idea of repeating. He thought that even if the general rule were as above decided it ought not to be applied where the operator dissuades a customer from repeating and assures him that Flour.....

The Court, however, said that this cirthere is no error. cumstance makes no difference. An operator has not power, by mere oral conversations with a customer, to dispense with a general regulation established by the company. And if a customer has reason to believe there is an error, and opportunity to ask for repetition in season to avoid loss, he is chargeable with negligence if he fails

Monetary Commercial English News

[The following portions of our London correspondent's letter were sent us by Wednesday's steamer. The remainder, mailed as usual on Saturday, Nov. 12, has failed to reach us.—Ed. CHRONICLE.]

Annexed is a statement showing the present position of the Bank of Eagland, the Bank rate of discount, the price of consols, the average quotation for English wheat, the price of middling upland cotton, of No. 40 mule twist, fair second quality, and the Bankers' Clearing House return, compared with the three previous years.

	1881.	1880.	1879.	1878. £
Circulation	26,109,540		23,179,650	29.354,850
Public deposits	3,010,953	5,048,123	3,114,197	2,662,003
Other deposits	23,572,587	24,105,763	31,939,556	26,884,127
Governm't securities.	13,595,014	14,865,070	18,140,587	14,837,672
Other securities	20,471,312	17,2 49,029	18,759.624	21,284,330
Res've of notes & coin.	10,367,829	14,948,481	16,122,675	11,468,753
Coin and bullion in both departments	20,727,369	26,592,066	29.302,325	25,823,693
Proportion of reserve to diabilities	38.73	50.72	45.54	
Bank rate	5 p. c.	212 p. c.	3 p. e.	6 p. c.
Consols	10078	9958		964
Eng. wheat, av. price.	46s. 9d.	434. 44.	50s. 5d.	39s. 8d.
Mid. Upland cotton	638d.		7d.	519d.
No. 40 Mule twist	10 ¹ 4d.	10121.	10d.	914d,
Clear'g-house return .1	.02,589,000	95,699,000	95,214.000	74,803,000

The following are the current rates for money at the princinal foreign centres :

ber roro.Pr con					
	Bank rate. Pr. ct.	open market. Pr. ct.		rate. Pr. ot.	Open market Pr. el.
Paris	512	5 514	Madrid & other Spanish cities	4	5
Amsterdam	4	4	St. Petersburg	6	5%
Berlin	512	434	Genova	419	410
Frankfort		478	Cope . gen	319	312
Vienna	4	4	Bombay	6	

During the week ended November 5, the sales of home-grown wheat in the 150 principal markets of England and Wales' amounted to 50,544 quarters, against 42,325 quarters last year and 36,552 quarters in 1879; while it is computed that they were in the whole kingdom 202,200 quarters, against 169,300 quarters and 146,200 quarters. Since harvest, a period of eleven weeks, the sales in the 150 principal markets have been 492,525 quarters, against 438.909 quarters and 247,853 quarters; the estimate for the whole kingdom being 1,970,100 quarters, against 1,755,700 quarters in the corresponding period of last season and 992,620 quarters in 1879. Without reckoning the supplies of produce furnished ex-granary at the commencement of the season, it is estimated that the following quantities of wheat and flour have been placed upon the British markets since harvest. The visible supply of wheat in the United States

is also given:			
1881.	1880.	1879.	1878.
Imports of wheat.cwt.13.311,589	13,960,565	15,650,347	11,515,774
Imports of flour 2,272,117	2,276,461	2,122,033	1,399,889
dales of home-grown			40 210 000
produce 8,537,100	7,607,750	4.301,320	10,818,200
Total24,120,806	23,544,776	22,374,200	23,733,863
Deduct exports of wheat and flour 329,905	412,075	246,522	573,962
Result 23,790,901	23,132,701	22,127,678	23,159,901
Av'ge price of English wheat for season (qr.) 49s. 5d.	41s. 10d.	48s. 7d.	41s. 7d.
Visible supply of wheat in the U. S, bush.21,300,000	19.200,000	30,424,693	17,215,760

The following return shows the extent of the imports and exports of grain and flour into and from the United Kingdom during the first eleven weeks of the season, compared with the corresponding period in the three previous seasons.

	IM	PORTS.		
	1881.	1890.	1879.	1878.
Wheatcwt.	13.311.589	13,460.565	15,650,847	11,515,774
Barley	3,006,415	3,222,459	4,114,360	3,582,085
Oats	2,557,198	2,746,203	3,599,496	2,501,191
Реив	338,155	542,396	249,997	376,173
Beans	346,541	347,906	530,206	367,545
Indian corn	6,385,282	8,396,033	4,951,167	7,915,957 1,399,889
Flour	2,272,117	2, :76,161	2,122,033	1,399,500
	X	PORTS,		
	1881.	1880.	1879.	1878.
Wheatewt.	299,005	377.866	212.895	552,694
Barley	10,238	2,422	4,642	38,951 22,475
Oats	119,421	8 ,947	5,970	4,304
Peas	16,284	28,613	16,392	1,289
Beans	8,974	11,611	5,423	70,659
Indian corn	50,350	42,8-3	2 (0,452	21,268
Flour	30.900	34.209	33,627	31,200

30,900

34,209

The Board of Trade returns for October, and for the ten months ended October 31, have been issued this week, and they show results quite as satisfactory as had been anticipated. Our imports have been large, as is usual at this period of the year, and they show an increase of nearly £4,000,000 compared with 1880. There is also an increase of about £2,540,000 in the exports of British and Irish produce and manufactures. The following are the more prominent features:

	1879.	1880.	1881.
Imports in October	£32,316,565	£27,436,060	£31,307,313
Imports in ten months	292,462,797	337,843,822	328,151,306
Exports in October	17,699,432	18,685,080	21,224,081
Exports in ten months	157,875,597	185,731,037	193,043,703

The movement in bullion during the month and ten months have been as follows:

1879. 1880. 2.5 1.064,284 1.064,284 1.064,284 1.064,284 1.064,284 1.064,284 1.064,284 1.064,284 1.064,284 1.064,567 1.064,	auto notation	GOLD.		
Imports in October. 437,319 1,503,850 1,064,284 Imports in 10 months. 12,383,296 7,166,930 8,844,655 Exports in 10 months. 11,334,732 6,475,009 13,667,892 SERPORTS IN 10 months. 1,334,732 46,917 419,694 Imports in 10 months. 9,157,268 5,436,729 5,823,315		1879. £	1880.	
Imports in 10 months	Imports in October	437,319	1,503,850	
Exports in October 3,004,567 795,579 2,510,333 Exports in 10 months 11,331.732 6,475,009 13,667,892 81LVER. Imports in October 563,729 469,917 419,694 Imports in 10 months 9,157,268 5,430,729 5,822,315 Exports in October 1,009,846 482,625 460,883 Exports in 16 months 9,323,909 6,233,714 60,540,24 TOTAL GOLD AND SILVER. Imports in October 1,001,048 1,473,767 1,483,978 Imports in 10 months 21,520,664 12,597,659 14,674,970	Imports in 10 months	12,363,296		
Exports in 10 months. 11,334.732 6,475,009 13,667,892 Imports in October 563,729 469,917 419,694 Imports in 10 months. 9,157,268 5,430,729 5,828,315 Exports in October 1,009,846 482,625 460,883 Exports in 1c months. 9,323,909 6,233,714 6,054,024 Imports in October 1,001,048 1,973,767 1,483,978 Imports in 10 months. 21,520,664 12,597,659 14,674,970	Exports in October	3,004,567		
SILVER SILVER SILVER SILVER SILVER Size Size	Exports in 10 months	11,334.732		
Imports in 10 months 9,157,268		SILVER.		,,
Imports in 10 months 9,157,268	Imports in October	563,729	469,917	419.694
Exports in 16 months 9,323,909 6,233,714 6,054,024 Imports in October 1,001,048 1,473,767 1,483,978 Imports in 10 months 21,520,564 12,597,659 14,674,970	Imports in 10 months	9.157,268	5,430,729	
TOTAL GOLD AND SILVER. Imports in October 1,001.048 1,973.767 1,483.978 Imports in 10 months 21,520,564 12,597,659 14,674,970	Exports in October	1.009,846	482,625	
Imports in October 1,001.048 1,973,767 1,483,978 Imports in 10 months 21,520,564 12,597,659 14,674,970	Exports in 1C months	9,323,909	6,233,714	6.054.024
Imports in 10 months 21,520,564 12,597,659 14,674,970		TAL GOLD AND	SILVER.	.,
Imports in 10 months 21,520,564 12,597,659 14,674,970		1,001.048	1,973,767	1.483.978
Exports in October 4.014.413 1.278.204 2.971.216				
	Exports in October	4,014,413	1,278,204	2,971,216
Exports in 10 months 20,658,641 12,708,723 19,721,916				19,721,916

With regard to the bullion movements the following figures relate to the United States only:

	GOLD.		
	1879. £	1880.	1881.
Imports in October	2.256	6.307	2,340
Imports in 10 months	386,722	52,540	18,340
Exports in October	1,508,680	460,521	795,969
Exports in 10 months	4,025,435	1,911,959	7,264,913
MATERIA L	SILVER.		,,,
Imports in October	76,899	125,329	148,673
Imports in 10 months	2,4 2,439	830,526	2,246,488
Exports in October	59,500	3,000	3,385
Exports in 10 months	586,970	26,390	30,013

Annexed is a return showing the extent of the imports of wheat and flour into the United Kingdom during the first two months of the season, viz., in September and October, compared with the three previous seasons, together with the principal countries whence the supplies were derived:

IMPORTS OF WHEAT AND FLOUR INTO GREAT BRITAIN.

	WHEAT.		
1881.	1880.	1879.	1878.
From- Cwt.	Cut.	Cret.	Cwt.
Russia 615,485	145,806	981,952	2,305,469
United States 6,748,760	6.415,790	7,451,264	4,745,941
Brit. N. America1,196,269	1,380,963	1.776,753	940,224
Germany 319,834	28,516	409.786	689,773
France 2.979	131	5,711	38
Chili 121.743	286,695	507,887	49,994
Turkey, &e 2,743	5.832	860	80,747
Egypt 200,490	145,640	593,506	81,543
British India 1.049,485	611,254	107,119	154,379
Australia 528,259	1.300.067 }		
Other countries 12,075	21,607 }	534,591	443,090
Total10,798,572	10,342,301	12,449,429	9,490,601
	FLOUR.		
Germany 305,685	174.092	189,887	176,184
France 51,361	39,709	57,231	40,028
United States	1,047,348	1.320,760	573,544
Brit. N. America 86,216	135,574	147,234	107,864
Other countries 266,370	368,256	312,823	285,950
Total 1,850,285	1,764,979	2,027,935	1,123,570

The following return shows the estimated value of imports of ereal produce into the United Kingdom during the first two months of the season, compared with the corresponding period in the three previous seasons:

Wheet	1881.	1880.	1879.	1878.
Wheat	26,211,823	£5,284,918	£6,903,743	£4.787.303
Barley	1,112,932	1,121,059	1,439,904	1.289.941
Oats	735.663	685,437	1,026,557	723,294
Peas	111,557	182,223	68,672	101,373
Beans	109,094	108,878	172,461	107,979
Indian corn	1,676,413	1,957,480	1,248,160	1,817,862
Flour	1,555,091	1,418,185	1,618,698	932,578

Tetal ... £11.512.578 £10,758.180 £12,478,195 £9.760,330 Owing to the high prices current, we are paying in the aggregate rather more for cereal produce than in 1880; but the difference is not great.

The following return shows the extent of the exports of British and Irish produce and manufactures, and of foreign and Colonial wool from the United Kingdom to the United States during the month of October and during the ten months ended October 31, compared with the two previous years:

	EXP	ORTS.		
	-In Oc	tober	-In Ten	Months
A11-11	1840.	1881.	1880.	1881.
Alkaliewt.	245,766	291,872	2,759,850	2,580,994
		8,522	63,978	57,641
Bags and sacks doz.	41,299	66,934	344,249	818,439
beer and ale hhle	9 114	1,757	17,452	18,157
Cotton piece goods yds.	3,992,700	4,353,800	70,926,200	58,431,200
Haberdashery and mil	80,050	83,406	772,848	732,592
linery £	33,574	37,277	430,179	379,775

	In Oct	lober	In Ten	Montas
	1880.	1881.	1880.	1881.
Hardware and cutlery. £	47,076	57,776	411.838	423,603
Iron-Pigtons.	14,705	38,309	578,748	347,242
Bar, &ctons.	1.977	2.067	49,016	11,521
RR. of all sort's tons.	17,716	19,651	191.491	262,097
Hoops, sheets, boiler &	,	20,002	101,101	202,000
armor platestons.	2,583	1.449	40,746	30,753
Tin platestons.	14,208	17,025	138,364	146,611
Cast or wroughttons.	1,436	388	16,351	4.931
Old for remanuft.tons.	2,404	8.441	191,558	74,594
Steel-Unwrought.tons.	2,623	15.904	35,597	103,350
LeadPig, &ctons.		101	205	448
Jute yarnlbs.	255,600	525,000	4,915,800	3,617,200
Linen piece goods yds.	5,319,500	6,650,900	80,935,600	
Jute-Manufactu's of all	0,010,000	0,000,000	00,000,000	70,543,400
kinds, except bags, yds	0 500 900	0 229 000	70 077 700	04 044 000
Machinery-Steam en-	8,509,300	9,553,600	70,977,700	84,044,300
machinery—Steam eu-		1 500		****
gines£	00.000	1,569	5,176	51,114
Other kinds 2	28,890	48,259	322,606	832,989
Paper-Writing or print-				
ingewt.	41	232	3,454	4,224
Other kindsewt.	92	133	3,011	2,920
Salttons.	47,600	22,872	230,295	212,36
Silk broadstuffsyds.	6,694	21,486	275,331	273,28
Ribbons of all kinds. &	34	1,972	2,051	5,13
Other articles of silk				
ouly£	2,914	8,857	28,982	81,07
Mixed with other ma-	-,	-,	,	
terial£	6,629	19,871	91.190	133,56
Spirits -British gals.	22,803	22,137	82,301	93,791
Stationery-Other than	22,000	,	02,002	00,
paper£	6,977	8,832	58,971	71.416
Tin-Unwroughtewt.	1.364	734	15,588	6,634
Wool-Britishlbs.	29,100	465,400	9,791,600	4,450,200
Colonial & foreign.lbs.		3,058,202	22,661,630	16,588,744
Woolen clothyds.	90,800	135,900	3,667,400	8,471,500
Worsted stuffsyds.		1,923,400	32,301,100	23,208,700
Carpets, not being	1,007,000	1,020,400	32,301,100	20,200,100
	110 400	57 600	0 210 200	1 024 00
rugsyds.	110,400	57,600	2,318,800	1,034,90

To British North America the shipments in the same period

-In Oc	tober.	-In Ten	Months
	1881.	1880.	1881.
7.159	12,356	111,972	164,236
966,700	1.783.900	35,912,700	45,061,000
,	-,,	,,	,,
9.227	14.870	69.420	98,527
0,221	22,010	00,120	
32.378	47.543	709,999	863,554
	27.522		168,138
1,652	4.937	53,274	84,116
2,769	7.987	30.620	41,096
5,175	12,144	83,326	104,801
	1		
			11,327
1,300			9,551
1,067	1,475		13,421
236,200	366,000		6,055,900
			885,385
			82,564
			877,523
			26,563
28,918	33,487	121,640	145,368
			12.
			88,929
			84,435
			5,404,200
298,600	535,000	10,090,300	9,158,100
52,600	94.200	1.155,800	1,544,200
	1880, 7.159 966,700 9,227 32,378 13,523 1,652 2,769 5,175 1,290 1,300 1,067	1880. 1881. 7.159 12,356 966,700 1,783,900 9,227 14,870 32,878 47,543 13,523 27,522 1,652 4,937 2,769 7,987 12,144 1,290 2,002 1,300 1,093 1,007 236,200 3,508 4,863 2,130 8,881 123 2,60 67,042 3,508 4,863 2,130 8,881 123 2,60 8,981 13,656 981 13,656 981 162,700 298,600 535,000	1880. 1881. 1880. 7.159 12,356 11,972 966,700 1,783,900 35,912,700 9,227 14,870 69,420 32,378 47,543 709,999 1,652 4,937 53,274 2,769 7,987 36,324 1,290 2,002 9,471 1,300 1,093 9,245 1,067 1,475 11,220 26,002 366,000 7,333,109 4,650 67,042 379,913 3,508 4,863 100,219 2,130 8,881 279,083 123 260 19,198 28,918 33,487 121,640 7,698 8,521 13,2755 13,656 981 118,354 162,700 257,900 5,862,400 298,600 535,000 10,090,300

English Market Reports-Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations for securities, &c., at London, and for breadstuffs and provisions at Liverpool, are reported by cable as follows for the week ending November 25:

London.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
Silver, per ozd.	5178	5178	5170	5178	5178	5179
Consols for money	1001516	1001516		100116	100116	10018
Consols for account	10038	10038	10:316	100116	100316	10016
Fr'ch rentes (in Paris) fr.	86.121		85.70	35.20	85.45	85.30
U. S. 5s ext'u'd into 312s		10478	105	105	105	10412
U. S. 4128 of 1891	11512	11510	11549	11510	11519	11512
U. S. 48 of 1907	12038	12014	12012	12019	1204	12014
Erie, common stock	48	4778	4719	47	4678	4634
Illinois Central	13734	13719	137	13619	13512	13510
Pennsylvania	65%	6578	65%	6539	6518	6434
Philadelphia & Reading.		3414	3414	3418	3378	3312
New York Central		14315	143	142	141%	14112
Liverpool.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	8. d.
Flour (ex. State 100 lb.	14 3	14 3	14 3	14 3	14 3	14 3
Wheat, No. 1, wh. "	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 7
Spring, No. 2 "	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 8	10 7
Winter, West., n "	11 2	11 2	11 1	11 1	11 1	11 1
Cal. white	10 11	10 11	10 11	10 11	10 11	10 11
Corn, mix., West. "	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	5 11
Pork, West. mess \$ bbl	75 0	75 0	75 0	75 0	75 0	75 0
Bacon, long clear, new	18 6	49 0	49 0	49 0	49 0	48 6
Beef, pr. mess, new, te.	91 0	91 0	91 0	91 0	91 0	91 0
Lard, prime West. Wewt.		57 6	57 3	57 6	57 6	57 0
Cheese 4m, choice, new		54 0	54 0	55 0	54 6	35 0

Commercial and Miscellaneous News.

NATIONAL BANKS.—The following national banks have been organized:

2,590—The First National Bank of Brainerd, Minn. Authorized capital, \$50,000. William Ferris, President; G. W. Holland, Cashler. 2,591—The Commercial National Bank of Detroit, Mich. Authorized capital, \$250,000. Hugh McMillan, President; Morris L. Williams, Cashler.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports of last week, compared with those of the preceding week, show an increase in dry goods and a decrease in general merchandise. The total imports were \$8,645,759, against \$9,846,612 the preceding week and \$7,817.024 two weeks previous. The exports for the week ended Nov. 22 amounted to \$6,286,799, against

\$7,005,219 last week and \$6,029,332 two weeks previous. The following are the imports at New York for the week ending (for dry goods) Nov. 17 and for the week ending (for general merchandise) Nov. 18; also totals since January 1:

POREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK.

For Week.	1878.	1879.	1880.	1881.
Dry Goods Gen'l mer'dise	\$833,291 4,485,340	\$1,401,562 8,961,54d		\$1.873,709 6,772,050
Total	\$5,369,231	\$10,366,103	\$9,687,835	\$8,645,759
Bince Jan. 1. Dry Goods Cen'l mor'dise	\$69,793,896 1-8,365,910		\$!13,089,317 \$27,092,619	
Total	\$258,164.8u6	\$299.801,362	\$110,181.936	\$391,648,189

In our report of the dry goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending Nov. 22, and from January 1 to date:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK

	1878.	1879.	1880.	1881.
For the week Prev. reported	\$6,783,264 307,382,920	\$7,663,137 309.036,152	\$8,164,685 366,282,940	\$6 286.799 338,164,871
Total s'ee Jan. 1	4314.166,184	4316,699,289	\$374.447,62 5	4344,451,670

The following table shows the exports and imports of specie at the port of New York for the week ending Nov. 19 and since January 1, 1881:

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF SPECIE AT NEW YORK.

Gold.	Exp	orts.	Ing	niports.			
Gota.	Week.	Since Jan. 1	Week.	Since Jan. 1			
Great Britain		\$70,160	\$	\$32,359,234 3.893,671			
Germany		6,500					
West Indies		2,000	225,512	2,547,594 304,208			
South America	******	253,706	12,109	731,744			
All other countries	:	102,700		2,046,539			
Total 1881		\$435,066	\$237,621	\$51,069,023			
Total 1880	\$1,500	2,180,023	2,423,475	50,053,733			
Total 1879	5,000	2,070,138	4,266,932	64,310.549			
Silver.				:			
Great Britain	\$21,802		8	\$220,883			
Prance	27,000			20,065			
Germany	******	270,809		241,735			
West Indies		10,204	21,383				
Mexico	*****		5,573				
South America		38,444]	12,882	169,006			
All other countries		29.79		21,761			
Total 1881	\$48,502		\$37,538				
Total 1880	13.,000		36,174	5,007,638			
Total 1879	238.231	11,498.116	237,049	7,454,609			

Of the above imports for the week in 1881, \$22,627 were American gold coin and \$23,168 American silver coin.

Auction Sales .- Messrs. A. H. Muller & Son sold the following at auction this week:

-	Shares.
	360 N. Y. Loan & Improve-
1	ment Co7012@88
	102 N. J. Lighterage Co 16
	30 First Nat. Bank of Colo-
	rado Springs 96
4	90 Golden Smelting Com-
	pany, Golden, Colorado, 20 16 Milwaukee & North, RR.
	preferred \$6
	500 Mexican Tel. Co114@11019
	25 Baring Cross Bridge Co. 10019
	90 Met. Telephone & Tele-
	graph Co111
	1,300 S. C. RR. Co. stock (Pur-
	chasing Committee's re-
	oeipts)
	5 Bank of Commerce150
	12 Howard Insurance Co114
	12 Jerieho Plankroad Co. 86 p. sh.
	2 Old Dominion 88. Co11012
	100 Pourth National Bank 12512
	10 Second Avenue RR. Co. 135

ı	50 Brooklyn City RR. Co200
ı	50 Nat. Bank of the Repub. 141
ı	11 Glen Cove Starch Manu-
ł	facturing Co146
ı	10 Broadway & Seventh Av.
i	10 Dromiway & Seventin Av.
١	RR. Co131
ı	20 German Amer. Ins. Co191
١	1 Southern Transportation
ì	Construction Co135
١	Bonds.
1	\$500 Mt. Vernon RR. coup.,
1	due May, 1874 for \$9
ı	\$20,000 N.Y.City con. 78 stek.
1	due '96, rg. 12578@12918 & int.
١	\$6,150 City of N. Orleans 7s.
ł	
	due Jure 1, 1895. Decem-
1	ber, 1878, coupons on 6458
1	\$1,200 City of N. Orleans 10s,
	due April 1, 1881. Oc-
	tober, 1878, coupons on., 624
	\$550 City of N. Orleans 7s
	bonds, due March, 1894.
	Bept., 1878, coupons on . 6034

Nestern North Carolina—Richmond & Danville.—Gov. Thomas J. Jarvis, Senator Z. B. Vance, and J. M. Worth, State Treasurer, as Commissioners of the Western North Carolina Railroad, met at Clinton, N. C., November 17, and extended the time of the Richmond & Danville Company for four months from the 1st day of July last, in order to give it time to complete the Western North Carolina Railroad to Paint Rock and Pigeon River. Under the act of sale, the Richmond & Danville Company has thirty days more from the 1st day of this month, and by the 1st day of December next the road will be completed to Paint Rock and Pigeon River. The Commissioners also refused to declare a forfeiture of the contract upon the grounds of not working with due diligence and because of discriminations by the Richmond & Danville Company against North Carolina cities, towns, and railroads, as alleged by Senator Vance. Senator Vance strenuously opposed the extension of time, and urged, with all his ability, a declaration of forfeiture of the contract; but Messrs, Jarvis and Worth voted against him and gave the victory to the Richmond & Danville Company. Mr. W. J. Best and his Boston syndicate expected to get possession of the Western North Carolina Railroad by virtue of a declaration of forfeiture, but with this action of the Commissioners all hopes of getting possession of the road are at an end,

except through the courts, and there does not appear to be any legal ground upon which Best can expect a decision in his favor.—N. Y. Times.

Wisconsin Railroads.-The Wisconsin Railroad Commiswisconsin Railroad Commissioners have completed an exhaustive report, showing the condition of all the lines in the State for the fiscal year ending June 30 last. The following general exhibit, made by the several roads, is taken from the Western papers:

Name of Company. wh. Chicago, Milw & St. Paul. \$1 Chicag: & Northwestern. 1 Chic. St. P. Minn. & Omaha. Chippewa Falls & Western Fond du Law Amboy & Peorla. Green Bay & Minnesota Milw. Lake Shore & west. Prairie du Cacin & McGregor. Wisconsin Central.	Income of ole line. 4,757,455 9,969,335 2,13 ,593 16,969 35,611 401,888 491,969 54,109 1,202,025 992,279	Operating expenses of whole time, \$8,929,027 10,191,868 1,135,219 6,938 27,852 287,782 2352,264 27,421 800,826 52,350	Excess of earn'ys over the control of the control o
Wisconsin & Minnesota	99,279	52,350	46,929
	128,702	86,006	42,693

Worcester & Nashua.—The following is the report to the Massachusetts Railroad Commissioners for the year ending September 30, 1881, in comparison with the previous twelve

Income	1880. \$575,860 386,559	1861. \$610,874 433,574
Net income	\$189,301	\$177,299
Dividends, per cent, paid	94·5 371,019 6,784.960 467,479 14,495,000	3 94·5 402,239 7,229,999 514,226 16,153,062
	\$1,789,500 1,000.000 3,899	\$1,789,900 962,000 8,469 167,831
Total liabilities	\$2,966.372	\$2,928,093
Cash assets	\$454,504 390,086 2,121,982	\$390,399 415,336 2,122,358
Total assets	\$2,966,572	\$2,928,093

Besides the liabilities noted above, this road guarantees \$700,000 of the bonds of the Nashua & Rochester Railroad and dividends upon its stock at the rate of 3 per cent per annum.

—We have received from the publishers (the Railway Age, Chicago) a handsome volume of over 400 pages, entitled "The Baggage, Parcel and Mail Traffic of Railroads," by Mr. Marshall M. Kirkman. Mr. Kirkman has written several books on subjects connected with railroads, and this, his latest work, will no doubt prove as desirable as his previous ones. The prior is \$2.50. is \$2 50.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

THE OPENING OF A NEW TRUNK LINE FROM THE ATLANTIC SEABOARD TO THE WEST is an event of so much importance that we have taken more than our usual pains to lay the information before our customers and correspondents.

We have just issued a pamphlet, copies of which can be obtained at our office, giving an account of the completion of the CHESAPEAKE & OHIO RAILWAY to Newport News, and also of the ELIZABETHTOWN LEXINGTON & BIG SANDY RAILROAD, forming the connection between the Chesapeake & Ohio and its allied lines, West, Southwest

The Chesapeake & Ohio now enters the field as a through trunk line and as the shortest route to the seaboard for ten millions of people v of the Alleghanies, with very light fixed charges and a rapidly-develop-

The company are now ready to sell the \$2,000,000 six per cent bonds of 1911, issued on the completed road to Newport News. Price, par and accrued interest. A description of the bonds will be found on pages 18 and 18 of the pamphiet.

FISK & HATCH, No. 5 Nassau Street.

The Bankers' Gazette.

DIVIDENDS;

The following dividends have recently been announced:

Name of Company.	Per cent.	When Payable.		Books Closed. (Days inclusive.)				
Hailronds. Atchison Topicka & Santa Fe. Boston & Albany. Chicago Burl. & Quiney (quar.) Columbia & Greenville pref. Iowa Falls & Bloux City (quar.) Northern. Union Pacific (quar.) Wilmington Columbia & Augusta Wilmington & Weldon.	\$2 \$2 6 \$1.50 \$3 1% 3	Dec. Dec. Dec. Dec. Jan. Jan. Jan.	31 15 1		1 26 16 12 1	to to to to	Dec. Nov.	18 30
Delaware & Hudson Canal (quar.) Lehigh Coal & Navigation	1 1 ₂	Dec. Dec.		Nov.				

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1881-5 P. M.

The Money Market and Financial Situation.—As a result of the failure of the Pacific National Bank a week ago to-day, and the fact that the Clearing House banks of Boston were compelled to render assistance to the Central National Bank of that city, Wall Street was filled with disquieting rumors during the early part of the current week. Values on the Stock Exchange were depressed, both government and railway securities recording lower quotations. The money market was also unfavorably affected, and stringency prevailed, the withdrawal of funds from this market for Boston account, in connection with the financial troubles in that city, tending to advance the rates of interest. The fact that the Treasury was prepared to take \$6,000,000 of the extended bonds up to Wednesday, and that not a single offer was elicited, served further to impart stringency to the market.

To-day, however, there was a decided improvement in all the markets and the week closes with a greater degree of confidence than has prevailed for some time past. One reason for this is the growing belief that Secretary Folger will proceed promptly with practical measures to increase the Treasury disbursements, it being now perfectly clear that the means taken thus far to bring about this result have been inadequate. Washington advices state that the Secretary is engaged in making a computation as to the price at which he can purchase the different classes of bonds, and bankers here expect that at the close of the month a policy will be announced that will embrace either the purchase of 4 and 41/2 per cent bonds or the calling in of the extended 6s on thirty days' notice. If the latter method is adopted, it is believed that the call will be accompanied by an order to pay off the bonds at once without rebate of interest. It is clearly evident that the Secretary must take such action as will most speeduly accomplish the end aimed at, and in the belief that he would do so, the loan market was easier at the close. Another cause for the improved feeling to-day was a report that Mr. Rutten had gone to Philadelphia, commissioned by Mr. Vanderbilt to end the prolonged railroad strife. Similar reports have been current before, and were invariably incorrect, so that some corroboration from official sources is necessary before too much stress be placed upon their accuracy.

Barly in the week the rate for call loans was sharp 6 per cent with transactions also at commissions of 1-64@1-32 per diem, in addition to full legal interest. On Wednesday and to-day, however, commissions were less frequently paid, and the market closed easy at 4@5 per cent. On government bond collateral money was in good supply throughout at 3%@4 per cent. Commercial paper was quoted at 6@7 per cent.

The Bank of England statement on Thursday showed a decrease for the week of £70,000 in bullion, and since the statement was made up there has been a further loss of £230,000 on balance. The percentage of reserve to liabilities was up to 40.7-16 per cent, against 39.3-16 last week. The Bank of France reports a gain of 6,800,000 frances gold and a loss of 5,075,000 frances silver.

The last statement of the New York City Clearing-House banks, issued Nov. 19, showed a decrease in the surplus reserve of \$519,000, the excess above the 25 per cent legal requirement being \$3,453,575, against \$2,972,575 the previous week.

The following table shows the changes from the previous week and a comparison with the two preceding years:

	1881. Nov. 19.	Differ nees fr'm previous week.	1880. Nov. 20.	1879. Nov. 22.
Loans and dis. Specie Circulation Net deposits. Legal tenders.	59,949,700 19,962,400 291,083,500	Dec. 80,700 Inc. 411,200	63,830,300 18,730,400 295,871,400	50,0: 6,700 22,550,400 250,297,300
Legal reserve. Reserve held.	\$72,772,125 75,225,700			
Surplus	\$2,453,575	Dec. \$519,000	\$1,941,630	\$6,417,575

Exchange.—Foreign exchange was heavy, and the bankers reduced their rates for sterling ½c. three times during the week—the last time to 4 80 and 4 84. The decline was due to a very light demand, increased offerings of bankers' bills against shipments of securities, and the stringency in money. Rates are not yet down to the specie importing point, and yet on Wednesday £113,000 was withdrawn from the Bank of England for shipment to America, and probably further amounts were taken to day, as the Bank lost £200,000 on balance. The market closed with rather more steadiness, and actual business in sterling was at 4 79@4 79¼ for bankers' 60 day bills, 4 83@4 83½ for demand, 4 84@4 84½ for cables and 4 77½@4 78 for commercial. In Continental exchange there has also been a decline, and the closing transactions for Saturday's mail were at 5 26½@5 26¼ for 60 day Paris francs, 5 22½@5 21½ for checks, 93½@94 for 60 day reichmarks and 94¼@94½ for demand.

In domestic bills New York exchange was quoted to day as follows at the places named: Savannah, buying 3/6 off, selling 1/4 to 1/6 off; New Orleans, commercial 200 dis., bank par; Chicago. par; Boston, par @ 17 discount.

Quotations for foreign exchange are as follows, the outside prices being the posted rates of leading bankers:

November 23.	Sixty Days.	Demand.
Prime bankers' sterling bills on London. Prime commercial Documentary commercial Paris (francs) Amsterdam (guilders) Frankfort or Bremen(reichmarks)	4 78 @4 78 ¹ 9 4 77 ¹ 9@4 78 5 26 ² 9@5 25	4 83 #4 84 4 ×2 #4 82 2 4 81 2 #4 82 5 21 7 #5 5 20 39 7 # 4 40 1 8 94 3 # 95 8

United States Bonds.—The government bond market was heavy and lower early in the week on the money stringency and the various rumors about fresh bank troubles; but at the close there was a very decided change for the better, and prices advanced 20% per cent under an active demand. The reports from Washington in regard to the prospective policy of Secretary Folger, alluded to above, were one of the main causes of the advance late in the week.

The closing prices at the New York Board have been as follows:

	Interest Periods.		Nov. 21.	Nov. 22.	Nov. 23.	Nov. 24.	Noy. 25.
6s, continued at 319	J. & J.	1013	1013	*101%			10119
5s, continued at 3½ 4½s, 1891reg.	QMar.	1124	111238	*11238	*102 11258		1021g
4198, 1891 coup. 48, 1907reg.	QMar.	*113 ¹ 9 116 ⁵ 9	116%	*11338 *11650	*1131e	ay	1133
4s, 1907 coup. 6s, cur'ev, 1895reg.	QJan.	*116%	116%	*11658	116% *130	Holiday	117
6s, cur'ey, 1896reg. 6s, cur'ey, 1897reg.	J. & J.	*1304	*130	*130	*130 *130	Ħ	*130
6s, cur'cy, 1898reg.	J. & J.	130%	*130	*130	*130		*130
88 cur'ev. 1899 reg	LL ALLI	*131	*130	1130	*130	1.5	*130

* This is the price bid at the morning board; no sale was made

State and Ballroad Bonds.—The volume of business in Southern State securities shows a large decrease, and prices have declined materially, especially for the Tennessee and Arkansas issues.

Railroad bonds were also lower for the speculative issues, with the sole exception of the Boston Hartford &Erie firsts, the transactions in which were very large. The price advanced 12 per cent, and the closing sales were at a reaction of only 2 per cent from the highest point. The improvement in the stock market imparted a steadier tone to the whole railroad bond list.

Auction sales are given on the preceding page.

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.—The stringency in money and the disquieting rumors, already alluded to, led to great depression in the stock market, and prices declined sharply until this morning, when the report that an agent of Mr. Vanderbilt had gone to Philadelphia for the purpose of concluding terms for a settlement of the trunk line difficulties caused large purchases of stocks to be made both for the long and short account. This afternoon the rise was stimulated by the prospects of early Treasury action with reference to the purchase or calling in of bonds. The trunk line and Southwestern shares were particularly prominent in the dealings throughout the week.

RANGE IN PRICES AT THE N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE FOR THE WEEK, AND SINCE JAN. 1.

STOCKS.				ID LOWES	PRICES.		Sales of	Range Since	Jan. 1, 1881.	For Year	Ful 188
D. Comm	Nov. 19.	Monday, Nov. 21.	Tuesday, Nov. 22.	Wednesday, Nov. 23.	Thursday, Nov. 24.	Friday, Nov. 25.	the Week, Shares.	Lowest.	Highest.	Low.	Hip
RAILROADS.			*130	*130	:			120 Jan. 5	131 May 16	100	120
oston & N. Y. Air-Line Do pref uffalo Pittsburg & Western			59 59	60 60			700	120 Jan. 5 26 ¹ 2 Oct. 13 45 Apr. 7	30 Oct. 13 71 July 13	37	61
arlington Cedar Rapids & No.	******	*80 82	80 80	÷79 81		***************************************	200	69 Feb. 24	90 May 26	50	80
anada Southernedar Falls & Minnesota		62 6234	61 5 62 4	94 94		60% 61%	10,700	37 Feb. 26 69 Feb. 24 55 ³ 4 Oct. 12 16 Jan. 18	90 Jan. 14 40 2 June 20	14	8
entral of New Jersey		94 95	927 ₈ 933 ₄ 935 ₈ 943 ₈	925 ₈ 935 ₈ 93 94		9234 9434 9318 9412	$60,340 \\ 54,112$	02 2 Jan. 4	112 reb. 17	45	9
hesapeake & Ohio	28 283 ₄ 391 ₈ 401 ₄ 29 29	283 ₄ 29 381 ₂ 39	*28 281 ₃ 383 ₄ 391 ₄	283, 394		251 ₂ 273 ₄ 391 ₂ 391 ₂	$\frac{1,600}{2,300}$	2034 Jan. 19 3234 Jan. 12	102% June 18 33% May 14 484 May 14 36% May 14 156 Jan. 5 153 Jan. 1	15	3
Do 2d pref	29 29 132 133	*29 30 132 ¹ 2 133 ¹ 2	*2819 31 132 132	2834 2834 131 13134 130 150	:	28% 28% 130% 131	$\frac{1,700}{1,730}$	23 Jan. 25 127 Aug. 20	36 78 May 14	17	15
nicago & Alton	138 140 4	13914 13978	138 1394	137 % 138		138 4 139 12	9,120	THO OCK MO	TOW TOWNER TO	1440	18
nicago & Eastern Illinois nicago Milwaukee & St. Pahl.	1074 1083	$\frac{1067_{6}}{1193_{4}}\frac{1083_{6}}{1193_{4}}$	1063 ₈ 1073 ₈			105% 107% 121 121	100,194	90 Apr. 21 101 2 Feb. 25	95 May 13 12914 June 6 140 May 26 136 Jan. 15 14712 Jan. 13 14858 May 2 88 May 2 51 Jan. 2 10912 Jan. 2 6814 June 2 10134 May 2	6612	11
nicago & Northwestern	121 121 ½ 126¼ 127¾ 139½ 141	1265 1275 140 140	1214 1214 1264 127	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1264 1277	65,785	116% Oct. 12	136 Jan. 19	8718	12
Do pref nicago Rock Isl. & Pacific		1004 101	134 1344	1334 1344		139 140 134 1 ₂ 135	1,950	129 Feb. 26	14858 May 2	104	14 20
nicago St. L. & New Orleans nicago St. Paul Minn. & Om	3934 4038	*83 85 391 ₄ 393 ₄	833 ₄ 833 ₄ 39 39 5	3834 3912		384 394	13,605	363 Aug. 22	88 May 23 51 Jan. 25	22	4
ncinnati Sandusky & Clev	564 59	574 584	101 1014	544 55		100% 102 54% 57% 90% 90%	11,126 6,700	91 Feb. 28 41 2 Feb. 1	68 ¹ 4 June 2	2	1:
ncinnati Sandusky & Clev eveland Col. Cin. & Ind eveland & Pittsburg guar	*133 137	* 138	91 91 4 *135 137	*1354 137			3,575	81 Feb. 25 1274 Jan. 29	10134 May 2: 142 May 10 3278 May 2: 77 May 2: 131 Mar.	61 1063	1 12
ohury & Norwalk			19% 20%			1912 2014	$17,330 \\ 100 \\ 124,300$	1834 Aug. 20 60 May 12	32 78 May 26	912	2
elaware Lackawanna & West.	92 923	124 76 126 14 82 14 83 14	81 824	184 814		12434 12614 7712 80	100,000	107 Jan. 4	131 Mar. 9	684	11
ibuqae & Sioux City ast Tennessee Va. & Ga Do pref.	83 83 14 ¹ 9 15 ¹ 4 24 ³ 4 25 ¹ 8	*82 86	834 834 144 15	14 14 14		143 ₄ 15 24 241 ₂	$13,550 \\ 13,550 \\ 1,350$	76 12 Apr. 8	1134 June 88 June 1 21 Aug. 33 Aug.	611	8
Do pref orgia Railr'd & Banking Co.	2434 2518	24 9 25		24 243,				24 Nov. 25 163 Nov. 17	175 Aug. I	71	1.
orgia Railr'd & Banking Co. annibal & St. Joseph Do pref	94 4 95 109 1104	945 ₈ 943 ₄ 1097 ₈ 1111-4	94 95 109 18 109 34	109 109 4		94 38 95 38 109 110 12	5,200 4,400	4434 Jan. 4	350 Sept.1	227	8 10
		******	893, 893				1,100	197 Jan. 8 63 Feb. 26	121 Sept. 1 1250 May 2 106 June 1 146 2 May 2 57 2 May 1 30 4 June 2 65 3 June 3 135 4 June 3	158	20
inois Central inois Central diana Bloom'n & West., new.	13134 1321 ₂ 50 52	13214 13234 5019 51	1313, 1313,	131 2 131 2		$ \begin{array}{r} 897_8 & 90 \\ 1305_8 & 132 \\ 481_2 & 51 \end{array} $	2,475 7,350	124 Jan. 4	146 12 May 2	1 991	15
diana Bloom'n & West., new. sokuk & Des Moines	50 52	004 91	50 50%			******		14 Jan. 10	3014 June	9	1
ke Erie & Westernke Shore.	431 ₂ 441 ₄ 1207 ₈ 1221 ₆	121 1 ₈ 122 1 ₄	431 ₂ 433 1207 ₈ 1214	43 43 8 119 8 121 8		43 ¹ ₂ 44 119 ¹ ₄ 121 ¹ ₈	2,600 186,675	38 ½ Jan. 4	6534 June	2014	
ng Islanduisiana & Missouri River	120.8 122.6	*******	******				*****	16 12 Jan. 26 42 June 25	63 June 3 38 Feb. 2	20	
Do pref				012 601			00.855	42 June 25	48 June 2	3	
uisville & Nashville uisville New Albany & Chic.	93 ¹ 4 94 ³ 4 70 70	927 ₈ 941 ₄ 74 741 ₂	921 ₂ 931 721 ₂ 721 573 ₈ 581	9134 9312		92 12 96 12 70 70	28,775 1,300	79 Feb. 23 50 Oct. 27	110 12 May 1: 117 12 June 1	8 77	1
nhattan Beach Co. rietta & Cincinnati, 1st pref. Do 2d pref. stropolitan Elevated	56 5919	5634 58 22 2234	079 085	573 ₄ 59 -21 23		5734 581 ₂ 211 ₈ 211 ₂	32,941 750	18 Oct. 16	59% May 2	6 30	
Do 2d pref.	17 17						300	9 Jan. 4 6 Jan. 7 41 Feb. 19	15 May 2	1 21	0
etropolitan Elevated	95 971	69 71 961 ₂ 971 ₂	68 2 68 4 95 97	95 95		67 701 ₄ 95 97	6,500 5,188	41 Feb. 19 773 Sept.	93 June 1 126 Feb. 1 126 kg Jan. 2	31 294	8 1
chigan Central lwaukee L. Sh. & West., prei lwaukee & Northern	921 ₂ 937 ₈ 501 ₂ 53	921 ₂ 933 ₄ 507 ₈ 511 ₈	92 923 50 504			897 ₈ 92 481 ₂ 49	60,560 4,050	42 Mar 25	126 b Jan. 2	0 75	1
nneapolis & St. Louis			30 30	30 30		30 30	700	39 Nov. 1	64 78 June 5 59 May 2 30 Nov. 1	7	1
nneapolis & St. Louis	38% 41%	39 405	*69 70 39 393	70 70 381 ₂ 391 ₂		70 70 337 ₆ 401 ₂	400	70 Nov. 13	59 May 2 30 Nov. 1 70 Nov. 1 54 May 2 114 June 1	284	8
ssouri Pacificbbile & Ohio	387 ₈ 411 ₆ 1033 ₄ 106 371 ₄ 373 ₄	$\begin{array}{c} 39 & 40^{5}_{8} \\ 103^{7}_{6} & 105^{5}_{8} \\ 37^{1}_{2} & 37^{3}_{4} \end{array}$	1031 ₂ 1043 37 37	10334 10414	. X	103 12 105 18 36 14 37	75,859 21,200 2,900	85 Jan. 28	54 May 2 114 ½ June 1 39 ¾ June 2 131 June	3 12	1
orris & Essex shville Chattanooga & St. L.		81 89	N2 83	8118 8118	4	83 83	4 100				1
w York Central & Hudson	1384 139	138 % 139 %	137 % 138 4 108 108	136 12 137 34 107 108	I D	13634 13834 107 107	73,915	135% Oct. 19	155 Jan.	3 122	11
w York Elevated w York Lake Erie & West.	45 to 46 to 92 to 93 to	4578 4638 9234 9234	45 % 46 4 93 93 5	447 ₈ 45 ³ ₄ 92 2 93 ³ ₈		45 46	132,310	41 July 26	5278 Jan. 1	5 30	1
Do * pref.		*172 176	1172 170	1*172 175	ОН	92 ¹ 4 93 ⁵ 8 171 171	100	164 4 Mar. 2	102 Mar. 2 1155 Jan. 3 130 3 Feb. 1 5 52 8 Jan. 1 7 95 Jan. 1 5 190 June 1 2 43 3 Feb. 1 2 6 2 Nov. 1 6 70 May 2	3 155	1
w York Ontario & Western	1	314 314				3014 31	7,950	23 2 July 14	43 2 Feb. 1 26 2 Nov. 1	4	
Do pref Do pref io Central	57 4 58 12 39 40 18	205 40	901. 905	39 393		5612 5812 3914 4016	11,395	323, Jan. 15	51 Mar. 1	7 20	1
do Central	801 ₂ 823 ₈ 253, 263	81 4 82 1 ₂ 25 1 ₂ 26 1 ₈	254 253	80 81 1 ₂ 25 1 ₄ 25 1 ₂		80 82 26 26 18	42,085 5,405 6,700	64 la Jan. 23	88 18 June 2 37 78 May 2	1 393	8
Do prof	4012 4114	4058 4118	4034 41	40 4 40 34		4018 4012		23 ¹ 8 Jan. 35 ¹ 8 Aug. 2: 97 ³ 4 Jan.	2 60 Sept. 126 May 2	1 23 1 573	41
io & Mississippi Do prof. io Southern nama, Trust Co, certificates.	24 24	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2212 23	2212 23		23 2312	1,300 150	9734 Jan. 8 18 Oct. 13 190 Oct. 13			
		3934 41	39 393			38-4 40 65-59 65-78	13,140 18,200	274 Jan. 4	574 June 2	2 18	2
iladelphna & Reading Asburg Ft. Wayne & Chic Ansselaer & Saratoga	*134 2 138	138 138	*136 137	*135 138		00.8 00.8	20	127 Jan. 19	7434 Oct. 142 May 1 146 June 1 80 June 2 12012 Nov. 1 50 June 1	7 112	1
ch.& Allegh., stock trust ctfs.	41 413 ₄	40 41	39 405	3912 40		39 ¹ 2 40 119 119 ³ 8	$\frac{2,150}{7,050}$	130 Jan. 7 35 Oct. 10	80 June 2	3	
chester & Putsburg	111 111	11612118	117 118 274 28	264 284		204 21	700		50 June 1	8	:
Louis Alton & Terre Haute	53 12 53 12			30 3012			235 200	25 Apr. 39 Feb. 28	77 May 1	3 197	
Louis & San Francisco	421 ₂ 44 65 677 ₈	$43^{1_{2}}$ 44 $66^{1_{2}}$ 67 105 $105^{1_{2}}$	431 ₄ 431 ₄ 661 ₂ 661 ₄	43 434		43 43 65 65 ¹ ₂ 105 ¹ 4 105 ¹ 4	200 2,450	86 July 1: 39 Mar. 2-	1 334 May 2 55 June 1 814 June	4 251	4
Do pref Do lst pref Paul & Duluth	103 103 4	105 10512	6612 661	31 31		10514 10514	2,180 610	90 Feb. 23	SI4 June	0 60	1
Do pref	76 76 110 1113	176. 174.	77 77	31 31 73 73 109 2 110 4 51 6 53			100 312	70 Mar. 8	42 ½ May 89 ½ May 2 113 ¾ Nov. 1 47 ¼ May 2 73 5 ₈ June 1 38 May 1	4 25 5 50	-
xas & Pacine	52 5534	5278 5442	5258 534	51 8 53		110 111 5114 5418	5,095 86,545	88 12 Jan. 41 12 Jan.	4714 May 2	2 67	-
xas & St. Louis ledo Delphos & Burlington	$\begin{array}{c} 19^{7_8} & 21^{\frac{1}{4}} \\ 118 & 119^{\frac{1}{4}} \\ 45^{5_8} & 47^{\frac{1}{4}} \\ 86^{7_8} & 88^{\frac{1}{4}} \end{array}$				1	2034 2034 11736 1194	2,500	197 Nov. 1	735 June 1 38 May 1	30	- 1
ledo Delphos & Burlington don Pacific bash St. Louis & Pacific	118 1194 455 473	118 119 14 45 % 47 86 5 87 2	118 1183 44 12 46 1 85 12 863	44 454		117% 1194 44% 46 844 86	49,211	105 ½ Feb. 2 39 Feb. 2 77 Feb. 2	18134 July 60 June 3 9614 May 1	2 80 0 261	6
Do pret MISCELLANEOUS. nerican District Telegraph .	8678 8814	865 873	8512 863	8334 8578		8414 86	50,462	1			4
aware & mudson Canal	1 1084 1094	1081, 109	1081 1087	108 4 108 12		10812 10914	7,655	46 June 25	Hilliah Mar.	2 50 7 60	1
W York & Texas Land	139 45					38 ¹ 2 38 ¹ 2 169 169 ³ 4 43 ¹ 2 45 ³ 4	3,322	895 ₈ Jan. 1 30 Jan. 1	49 Aug. 190 Feb. 2 624 Feb. 1 151 Jan. 24 Apr. 1	1 102	1
llman Palace Car	1334 447	4378 445	170 170 43 8 44 1 128 128	129 129 129 129		4312 4534	43,500 612	4314 Nov. 2	624 Feb. 1	8 271	12 1
est. Union Tel., ex-certificate. EXPRESS.	130 130 130 130 118 114 84 8616	114 114 843 8512	11 ₈ 11 845 ₈ 851	1 1		1 14	4,700	1 Feb. 77 Apr.	2 Apr. 1 94 June 2	8 1	2
EXPRESS.	141 145	*141 145	143 145	*143 145		143 143					
Herican	98 98	9734 9734	97 4 971	96 98		96 96	345	625 Jan.	6 98 Nov. 1	5 54	1
nited States ells, Fargo & Co. COAL AND MINING. lorado Coal & Iron regulidation Coal	*134 136	*73 74 134 1 ₂ 134 1 ₂	*133 135	*135 135		96 96 7634 7834 *134 135	408 150	51 ½ Jan. 112 Jan.	153 Oct. 1 98 Nov. 1 78 ³ 4 Nov. 2 142 June 1	8 100	1
lorado Coal & Iron	49 5019	483 504	1	46% 47%		46 48	6,740		3 67 June	7 194	9
omestake Mining	*17 19	*33 35 *17 19	1719 173	*33			200	30 Oct. 1:	29 ¹ 4 Jan. 1	4 26	1
ttle Pittsburg Mining ariposa Land & Mining	*2 219	*2 212	*2 21	4 *2 2 %			300	34 Jan.	8 4 Feb. 9 Apr. 2	7 17 21	200
aryland Coal	2014 21	201 ₈ 201 ₂ 36 36	*20 22 35 35	*19 21 321		21 21	400 210	92 b Nov. 2	9 Apr. 2 8 35 May 2 3 38 ¹ 2 June 1	7 16 0 30	-
Do prof	1478 1476	14 14 60 60	1334 133	1338 1334		13 ¹ 2 14 60 ¹ 4 60 ³ 4 22 ³ 4 22 ³ 4 39 39 ¹ 4	3,800	12 2 Sept.	7 2114 July 5 7519 July	7 45	6.5
andard Consol, Mining	1224 224	224 224		*60 63 2234 2234		223, 2234	3,800	21 Aug.	27 Feb. 1	7 20	
ttle Pittsburg Mining arriposa Land & Mining arriposa Land & Mining arriposa Land & Mining arriposa Land & Mining Larlo Silver Mining Loo Do pref. and and Consol. Mining Larlo Mining Larlo Mining Larlo Mining Larlo Mining Loo Larlo Mining Loo Larlo Mining Loo Larlo Mining Larlo	15 15	*7 74	1 1 ¹	110 110			2,200	1 Nov. 2 5 l ₂ Sept. 1	3 67 June 3 67 June 5 43 Jan. 1 5 29 4 Jan. 5 8 4 Feb. 6 8 35 May 2 3 38 2 June 1 7 21 4 July 6 75 2 July 6 27 Feb. 1 7 45 4 May 2 7 Feb. 1 14 Jan.	4 2	2
celsior Mining	*7 74	*7 74	*7 8	1 47 0					ol 7 Ian.	8 6	-1
w Central Coal	81. 0	819 914				84 88		25 Oct. 8 Nov. 2	3 137 Oct. 2	9	
ODINSON MINING								34 Jan. 1 12 Feb. 2			

^{*}These are the prices bid and asked—no sale w*s made at the Board.

QUOTATIONS OF STATE AND RAILROAD BONDS AND MISCELLANEOUS SECURITIES. STATE BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask
labama- Class A, 3 to 5, 1906 Class A, 2 to 5, small Class B, 58, 1906 Class C, 4s, 1906 Class C, 4s, 1906 Class C, 4s, 1900 Class C, 4s, 1900	99 82 1044		6s, due 1886	103 109 110		No. Carolina RR., J.&J. Do A.&O. Do coup. off, J.&J. Do coup. off, A.&O. Funding act, 1866-1900.	35 140 140 120 120 121 ₂		non-fundable, 1888. Brown consol'n 6s, 1893 Tennessee—6s, old, 1892-8 6s, new, 1892-8-1900 6s. new series, 1914	105 12 70 12 70 14 70 14	71
78, L. Rock & Ft. S. iss. 78, L. Rock & Ft. S. iss. 78, Memp. & L. Rock R R 78, L. R. P. B. & N.O. R R 78, Miss. O. & R. R. R. 78, Arkansas Cent. R R.	28 29 28	37½ 33 33 33 20	6s, due 1888 6s, due 1889 or 1890 Asyl'm or Univ., due '92 Funding, 1894.'95 Hannibal & St. Jo., '86.	110 ¹ 2 111 112 ¹ 2 114 107 ¹ 3		Do 1863-1898. New bonds, J.&J., '92-8 Do A.&O Chatham RR. Special tax, class 1, '98-9 Do class 2.	12½ 22 22 29 9	10	Virginia—6s, old	30 30 112	80
onnecticut—6s, 1883-4 porgia—6s, 1886	109 1111 ₂ 1111 ₄		New York— 6s, gold, reg., 1887 6s, gold, coup., 1887 6s, loan, 1883.			Do class 3 Consol. 4s, 1910 Small Ohio— 6s, 1886	81	90	6s, deterred District of Columbia— 3·65s, 1924 Small bonds. Registered Funding 5s, 1899		
onisiana— 7s, consol., 1914 7s, small	6778	685 ₈	6s, loan, 1893			6s, coupon, 1893-99	114		Do small Do registered		

allwood Donda	1	1	RAILROAD BONDS		1.	Ohio So.—1st M., 6s, 1921.	95	9512	Chic.St.P.&ML.g.mc.68	1	1320
ailroad Bonds.			Erie—Continued— 5th mort., ext., 7s, 1888. 1st.consol., gold, 7s, 1920 Long Dock bonds, 7s, '93 Buff. N. Y. & E. —1 st. 1, 1916; N. Y. L. E. & W New 2d. 6	126 1	2712	Panama—S. F. snb.6s,1897 Peoria Dec. & Ev.—1st, 6s		108	Chic.St.P.&M1.g.mc.68 Chic. & E. IllInc., 1907 E.T.Va.&GInc., 68, 1931	5234	10
ock Exchange Prices.) Central—1st, 6s, 1918 h. T. & S. Fe—4 12, 1920			Long Dock bonds,7s, '93		30	Evans. Div., 1st, 6s, 1920 Pac. RRs.—C. Pac.—G., 6s.	115	106 1151 ₂	Ind a Dog & Street 2d and	76	9
& Pac.—1st,6s, 1910		101	N.Y.L.E.&WNew2d,6	10316		San Joaquin Branch		110	Trust Co. certificates	\$	5977
Central 18, 98, 1916 A Fac 18, 58, 1916 B Fac 18, 58, 1916	7234	7312	N.Y.L.E.&WNeW2d, of 1st, consol, fd. cp., 7s. 2d, consol, fd. cp., 7s. 2d, consol, fd. cp., 5s. 4 Ev. & T. H—1st cons., 6s Flytel. H. Marq. — M. 6s, 1921. 2d, more., 7s. 1904. 1st, 6s. 2d more., 7s. 1904. 1st, 6s. 2d more., 7s. 1909. Han. & St. Joa.—8s., conv. Consolidated 6s, 1911. Houston & Texas Cent.—		02 12	Cal. & Oregon—1st m State Aid bonds,7s,'84	1104		Trust Co. certificates Int. & Gt. North.—2d Inc. 2d assented, 6s, 1909 Lehigh & W. B. Coal—1888 Lake E. & W.—Inc. 7s, '99 Sandly Niv.—Inc. 1920		
Ced. R.& No1st, 5s	101 %	102 2	Ev. & T. H1st cons., 68	100	02_{2}	Land grant bonds, 6s.	100		Lehigh & W.B.Coal-1888	90	. 9
nn.&St. L.—1st,7s,gu	120		Gal. Har. & S. Ant'o-1st. 6s	1	15 06	West. Pac.—Bonds, 6s So. Pac. of Cal.—1st. 6s.	10378	104	Sand'ky Div.—Inc. 78, '99	5912	6
Rap. Ia. F. & N1st, 68		105	2d mort., 7s, 1904	105		So. Pac. of Cal.—1st, 6s. Union Pacific—1st mort. Land grants, 7s, '87-9. Sinking funds, 8s, '93 Registered 8s, 1893 Colleteral truet, 6s.	117	11734	Sand'ky Div.—Inc., 1920 Laf. Bl. & Mun.—Inc. 7s, '99 Mil. L. S. & W.—Incomes. Mob. & O.—1st pref. deben.		8
sp. & O.—Pur. m'y fd.		116	Han. & St. Jos.—8s, conv.	100	08	Sinking funds, 8s, '93		114	Mob. & O.—1st pref.deben.	98	7976695
gold, series A, 1908.	101 83 1 ₂	10112	Consolidated 6s, 1911	1	15	Registered 8s, 1893	‡	125 1101 ₂			7
currency, int. def	5512		1st mort 1 gr 7s	11124 1	13	Registered 8s, 1893 Collateral trust, 6s Kans. Pac.—1st, 6s, 95 1st m., 6s, 1896 Den. Div., 6s, ass so, 90 Den. Div., 6s, ass so, 90 Cent. Br. U. Pac.—1st, 6s Funded equps., 7s, 95. Atch.C. & P.—1st, 6s Funded copps., 7s, 95. Atch. C. & Gen., 7s, 1909 Mo. Pac.—1st consol. 6s 3d mortgage, 7s, 1906.	111		3d pref. debentures 4th pref. debentures N.Y.LakeE.&WInc.6s. N.Y.P.&O1st inc.ac.5-7		1
ago & Alton—1st m	112	115	1st mort., West. Div., 7s	109		1st m., 6s, 1896 Den Div. 6s ass'd.'99	109	113	N.Y.LakeE.&W.—Inc.6s. N.Y.P.&O.—1stinc.ac.5-7	·	1 5
king fund, 6s, 1903				124 1	26	1st cons., 6s, 1919	+100	105	Tr.O. Br.O. LOY - Deprecial	*****	
& Mo.—1st m., guar.	İ	11812	Gen. mort., 6s, 1921		9912	Funded coups., 7s, '95.	1100		Ohio Cent.—Income, 1920 Ohio So.—2d Inc., 68,1921	48	4
d mort., 7s, 1900	4176		Ill.Cent.—Dub.& S. C., 1st	1103		Atch.C.&P1st,6s,1905		99 99	Ohio So. –2d Inc., 6s, 1921 Ogdensb. & L. C. – Inc. 1920 Peoria D. & Ev. – Incomes Evansv. Div. – Inc., 1920 Roch. & Pitts. – Inc., 1921	75	
st. guar. (564), 78, '94	1115		Ced. F. & Minn.—1st m.	117		Utah So.—Gen., 7s, 1909	109	110	Evansy, Div.—Inc., 1920	75	1.8
d m. (360), 7s, 1898			Ind.Bl.& W1st, pref., 7s	122	95	Mo. Pac.—1st consol., 6s	103	$\frac{103^{1}}{111}$	Roch. & PittsInc., 1921		1 8
ss. R. Br'ge—1st, s.f. 6s			2d mort., 3-4-5-68, 1909.	81	81 4	Pacific of Mo1st. 6s	107		St. Louis I. Mt. & So.— 1st, 7s, pret. int accum.		1
&Q8 p.c., 1st m., '83	\$10634 \$128	10712	Indianap.D & Spr.—1st,7s	10414 1	04 42	2d mort., 7s, 1891 St. L.& S.F.—2d, 6s, cl.A	$\frac{113}{102}$	10312	2d, 6s, int. acc'mulative		18
sinking fund, 1901	+120		Coupon, 6s, 1909	******	94	3-6s, class C, 1906 3-6s, class B, 1906	89	92	Plain Income 6s, 1896.		
I.& P.—6s,coup.,1917	125 4	1281	Kent'ky CenM.,68,1911			3-6s, class B, 1906		91 42	String Mtn. R'y Inc.,'95	60	1.
liet & Chioago—1st m., & Mo.—1st m., guar., d mort., 7s, 1900 I. Jack. & Ch.—1st m., guar. I. Jack. & Ch.—1st m. st. guar. (564). 7s, '94 dm. (360). 7s, 1898. d, guar. (188), 7s, '98. sa. R. Br'ge—1st., sf. fs. & Q.—8 p.c., 1st m., 'S3 nsol mort., 7s, 1903. sinking fund, 1901. I. & P.—6s. coup., 1917. 1917. registered o. & Des M.—1st. g., 5s ral of N.J.—1st m., '90 consol., assented., '99 consol., assented., '99 consol., assented., '99	105	120-2	1st mort, Waco & N., 7s 2d, consol, main line, 8s 2d, Waco & N., 8s, 1915. Gen. mort, 6s, 1921 Ill.Cent.—Dub. & S. C., 1st Dub. & S. C., 2d Div., 7s Ced. F. & Minn.—1st m. Ind. Bl. & W.—1st, perf., 7s 1st mort. 2-45-58, 1909. Totalman, 2-45-58, 1909. Totalman, 2-59-3, 1975. Int. & Gt. No.—1st. 6s gold Coupon, 6s, 1909 Kent'ky Cen.—M. 6s, 1911. Lake Shore & Mich. S.— Mich. So. & N.I. s.fd. 7s Cleve. & 7ol.—Sink 14.			1st, 6s, Peirce C. & O. Equipment, 7s, 1895 So. Pacific of Mo.—1st m		103	18t, 78, pref. int. & 80.— 18t, 78, pref. int. & 80.— 2d, 68, int. acc'unulative 8t'g1.& R/y—Ser B., inc. 94 Plain Income 68, 1896. Sterling Mtn. R'y Inc., 95 St. L.A.&T.H.—Div. b'inds Tol. Del. & B.—Inc. 68, 1910 Dayton Div.—68, 1910. Tex. & St. L.—L. g., inc. 1926	‡35	1
ral of N.J.—1st m., '90 consol., assented, '99	114	11834	Cleve, & Tol Sink, Id !	***** 1	10	Tex. & Pac. —1st for 1905		105 107	Dayton Div6s, 1910 Tex.&St.LL.g.,inc.1920		13
nv., assented, 1902	100	11334				Tex. & Pac.—1st,6s,1905 Consol., 6s, 1905 Income & 1'd gr., reg. 1st, Rio G. Div.,6s,1930	1033 ₈	75	- Ing., me. 10at	1	1
h&W B.—Con.g'd.as.	108	110	Buff & State Line, 79	\$1231 ₂		1st Rio G. Div. 6s 1930	74 12 8934	10	Miscellaneous List.	1	
consol., assented. 99 nv., assented. 1902 Justment, 7a, 1903 h.&W B Con. gd. as. n. Dock & Im Ass'd. 1921 . & St. P 1st. Ss. P. D. m., 73 · 10, P. D., 1893 . m., 1a, C. Div., 1893 . m., LaC. Div., 1893 . m., L. & M., 1897 . m., L. & M., 1893 . m., T. & M., 1893 . m., T. & M., 1893 . m., L. & M., 1893 . Sy. L. & B. & L. & L. & L. & L. & L. & L.	136	1000	Buff. & Eile- New tods. Buff. & State Line- 7s Kal. & W. Pigcot-1st. Det.M.& T1st,7s,1906		15	Pennsylvania RR-		9912			1
&St. P.—1st.8s.P.D.	‡	101 2	Lake Shore—Div. bonds	:i	26 23	Pennsylvania RR— Pa. Co's guar. 4-js 1st c. Registered, 1921. Pitts.Ft.W.&Ch.—1st m 2d mort., 7s, 1912. 3d mort., 7s, 1912. Cot. Ft. Pitts. Cons., st. Cot. Ch.&. C.—1st, cons. 2d con., 7s, 1909. 1st. Tr't Co. ctfs., ass'd 2d, Tr't Co. ctfs., ass'd 1st. Tr't Co. ctfs., suppl.	******		(Broker's Quotations.) Bost. Har. & E. new stock	178	
m., 7 3-10, P. D., 1898	101	123	Consol., coup., 1st., 7s	131		Pitts. Ft. W.& Ch.—1st m	139	140	Chic.& Can. So1st, g., 7s	45	1
m., 78, \$ g., R.D., 1902 m., LaC. Div., 1893.	121	1194	Consol., reg., 1st, 7s Consol., coup., 2d, 7s	126	31 28 27	3d mort, 7s, 1912	1100	130	Cin. Ind. St. L. & Chic	1101 4	110
m., I. & M., 1897	120	122	Consol., reg., 2d, 7s	1127	27	Clev.& Pittsb.—Cons.,s.f.	127		1st mort., 6s, 1920 Des M.& Ft.Dodge—1st,6s		11
m., C. & M., 1903	12112	124	Consol., 7s. 1898	119 .		Col. Ch.& I. C.—1st, cons	+114	130	Galv. H.& Hen.—7s, g., '71 Gr. Rapids & Ind.—1st, 7s 1st mort., 7s, guar	80 115	1.8
nsol. 7s, 1905	1224		2d mort., 7s, gold, 1883.	1071-1		2d con., 7s, 1909	+110		1st mort., 7s, guar	110	l
78, I.& D. Ext., 1908	12112	123 12	N.O.& Mob1st.6s,1930	10712	.03	2d, Tr't Co. ctfs., ass'd	,110		Ex-land grant	15	120
W. Div., 1st, 6s, 1909.	94	97	E. H. & N.—1st, 6s, 1919	1100	0414	1st, Tr't Co.ctfs., suppl.	110		Kansas & Neb 1st mort.	83	1 8
t, 5s, La.& Dav., 1910. S. Minn. Div., 6s, 1910	106 12		Pensacola Div.—6s,1930.	101	04	2d mort., 7s, 1898	ŧ	115	2d mort Long Island—1st mort	1112	1
M., H. & D., 78, 1910	116	1173	St. L. Div.—1st, 6s, 1921	10734		2d m., guar., 7s, 1898.			2d mort	110	ij
18. Minn. Div., 68, 1910 18. Minn. Div., 68, 1910 18. Minn. Div., 68, 1910 18. Wac. Div., 68, 1910 19. Chic. & P.W., 58, 1921			Det. M.& T.—1st, 7s, 1996 Lake Shore—Div. bonds Consol., coup., 1st., 7s Consol., reg., 1st, 7s Consol., reg., 1st, 7s Consol., reg., 1st, 7s Consol., reg., 1st, 7s Consol., 7s, 2sd, 1sd, 1sd, 1sd, 1sd, 1sd, 1sd, 1sd, 1	116 1	19	2d, Tr't Co. ctfs., ass'd 1st, Tr't Co. ctfs., suppl. St. L. V. & T. H. — 1st, g., ris 2d mort, 7s, 1898. 2d m., guar., 7s, 1898. Pits. B'd. & B. — 1st, 6s, 1911 Roch. & Pitt.— 1st, 6s, 1921 Rich. & All'g.— 1st, 7s, 1920. Rich. & Danv.— Cons. g., 6s. Scotto Val.— 1st, cons., 7s. St. Louis & I. Mount.— 1st 2d mort., 7s, 1897. Arkansas Br.— 1st mort.	92	96	Midland of N.J.—1st,new- Income, "A" Income, "B"	13	1
in'l Pt. Div., 5s, 1910. N.west.—S.1, 7s, 1885 terest bonds, 7s, 1883 nsol. bonds, 7s, 1915.	‡93	97	S.& N.Ala.—S.f.,68,1910	100		Rich & All'a 1st,68,1921	100	102 12 105 12	Income, "B"	13 8 20	1
terest bonds, 7s, 1883			L. Erie & W.—1st. 6s.1919	108		Rich.& Dany.—Cons.g., 6s.	10212	103		50	1 3
nsol. bonds, 7s, 1915	130	1074	Sandusky Div., 6s, 1919.		0734	Scioto Val.—1st, cons., 7s.		108	N.Y.&G'nw'd L.—1st,7s,n 2d mort st. Joseph & Pac.—1st m.	14	2000000
mort., 7s, 1885	1	10912	Louisv. N. Alb. &C.—1st, 68	104 1	06	2d mort., 7s, 1897	107	10734	St. Joseph & Pac.—1st m.	8812	1
upon gold, 7s, 1902	128 1261 ₂		Manhat. B'ch Co.—78,1899	:::::i	07	Cairo & Fulton-lat m	110	111	2d mort. St. Jos. & West'n—Stock. Tex. & St. L.—1st, 6s, 1916	161	2 2
tension bonds, 7s, '85 tmort., 7s, 1885 upon gold, 7s, 1902 g., gold, 7s, 1902 nking fund, 6s, 1929	10714	10734	Marietta & Cin.—1st, 7s.	1	27	Cairo Ark. & T1st m.	86	1124			10
sking fund 5a 1929	1101	$\frac{108}{102}$	1st mort., sterling Metrop'lit'n El.—1st.1908	i	02	St.L.Alton & T.H.—1st m.	114	87	Utah Southern-1st mort.	109	1
aking fund, reg wa Midl'ud—1st m., 8s			Metrop'lit'u El.—1st,1908 2d mort., 6s, 1899 Mich.Cent.—Con.,7s, 1902 1st mort., 8s, 1882, s. f	$ \begin{array}{c} 91 \\ 12 \\ 122 \\ 12 \end{array} $	92	2d mort., pref., 7s, 1894.	\$102 ¹ 2	113	Wis.Cent.—1st series, new 2d series, new	45	1
dena & Chic.—Exten.	102	103	1st mort., 8s, 1882, s. f.	10214	03	Belleville&S.Ill.—1st m.	+102-2				1
minsula—1st m., conv.	‡130	12512	Equipment bonds, 88, 83			St. P. Minn. & Man1st,7s	110 2	106	Southern Securities	4	1
inona & St. P.—1st m.		120	Coupon, 5s, 1931		$97^{1}\!_2$	Dakota Ext.—6s, 1910	*****	107	(Broker's Quotations.)	1	1
lena & Chic.—Exten minsula—1st m., conv., deago & Mil.—1st m. iono, who will mind the minon & St. P.—1st m. inon & St. P.	Ŧ	120 125	6s, 1909, 5s, 1931 Registered, 5s, 1931 Jack, Lan. & S-6s, 1891 Mil. Ls. & W.—1st 6s, 1921 Mis. & W.—1st 6s, 1921 Mos. & T.—street, cond. 4s, 2s, 2s, 2s, 2s, 2s, 2s, 2s, 2s, 2s, 2	t i	09 2	2d mort, 7s, 1897 Arkausas Br.—1st mort. Cairo & Fulton—1st m. Cairo Ark. & T.—1st m. Gen.e.r'y& l.g.,5s, 1931. St. L. Alton & T. H.—1st m. 2d mort, pref., 7s, 1894. 2d mort, income, 7s, '94 Belleville&S.III.—1st m. St. P. Minn. & Man.—1st,7s 2d mort, 6s, 1909 Dakota Ext.—6s, 1910 St. P. & Dul.—1st.5s, 1931 Tex. Cen.—1st,s.1.7s, 1909 Tol. Del. & Bur.—Main. 6s 1st, Dayt Div., 6s, 1910 1st. Terl trust, 6s, 1910 V. St. L. & P.—Gen. m., 6s	100 105	106 2	STATES.		1
nsol. mort., 78, 1914	124 1	125	Mil.&No.—1st,4-5-6s,1910	100	01	Tol. Del. & BurMain, 68	90	90	So. Car.—Consol. 6s(good)	105	i
m., con., 72 1897			Mil. L.S.&W.—1st 6s,1921	89	8912	1st, Dayt. Div., 6s, 1910		90	Browne, consol Virginia—New 10-40s	46	10
t. P.M.& OCons., 68	103	10358	Cons., assented, 1904-6.	107	07	W. St. L. & P.—Gen. m., 68		9612	DATEROADO	1100	
Wisc.—1st. 6s, 1918		10934	2d mort., income, 1911	75	80	Hay, Div.—68, 1910	‡ ‡95	$\begin{array}{c} 92 \\ 102 \end{array}$	Atl. & Gulf-Consol.7s, '97 Atl. & Charlotte-1st, 7s Income, 6s	1124	1
P.&S.C1st, 6s,1919		110	Mobile & O.—New m., 6s.	‡	14	Tol. P.&W1st, 7s,1917	115	116	Income, 6s	94	1
L & W78 conv '99			Morgan's La.&Te.x,1st,6s Nash.Chat.&St.L—1st,7s	1174	177	Tol. & W1st. ext. 7s	11134	109	Stock Car. Central—1st, 6s, 1923 Cent. Ga.—Consol. m., 7s.	80 96	1
ort. 7s, 1907	1264	127	2d, 6s, 1901 N. Y. Central—6s, 1883			1st, St. L. Div., 7s,1889	106 4	1071 ₄	Cent. GaConsol. m., 78.	117	1:
orns & Essex—1st,7s		136	N. Y. Central—68, 1883	1021 ₂ 1 1108	0278	Equipm't bonds,78, '93		63	Charl'te C.&A.—Consol.78	110	1
d mort., 1891 Bonds, 7s, 1900 s of 1871-1901	116	119	Ot most sutate 1000	102		W. St. L. & P.—Gen. m., 6s Chic. Div.—5s, 1910 Hav. Div.—6s, 1910 Tol. P. & W.—1st, 7s, 1917 Wabash—Mort. 7s of '09 Tol. & W.—1st, ext., 7s 1st, St. L. Div., 7s, 1898 Equipm't bonds, 7s, '83 Cousol., conv., 7s, 1907 Gt. West.—1st, 7s, '88, 2d mort., 7s, 1898 Q. & T.—1st, 7s, 1899	10512		2d mort., 7s	1014	
		122	6s, subscription, 1883 N. Y. C. & H.—1st m., cp.	11	1025_{8}	2d mort., 78, 1893	1084	109.4	2d mort., 7s. Stock. Chic.St. L.& N.O.—New 5s	99	1
st m., consol., guar.,78	1241	126	1st mort., reg., 1903	110	36	Q. & T.—1st, 7s, 1890.	101	150	E. Tenn. Va. & Ga.—1st, 7s Georgia Railroad—7s		1:
s of 1871-1901 st m., consol., guar., 7s & H.C.—1stm., 7s, 1884 t mort., 7s, 1891 t mort., ext. 7s, 1891	114	120	Canada So.—1st. int. en.	982	99	Q. & T.—1st, 7s, 1890. Ill.&S.I.—1st, 7s, 1882 Han.& Naples—1st, 7s St.L.K.C.&N.—R.e.,7s	101				1
mort., ext., 7s, 1891.	11124	116	1st mort, reg., 1903. Huds. R.—7s, 2d, s. r., 7s, 2d, s. r., 8d, 8d, 9d, 9d, 9d, 9d, 9d, 9d, 9d, 9d, 9d, 9	134		St. L. K.C. & N.—R.e., 7s Om. Div.—1st mort., 7s	110	112	Memph.&Char.—1st,cons 1st, consol., Tenn. lien. Miss. Central—1st m., 7s.	1112	1:
t mort., reg., 78, '94.	116	120	N. Y. Elev'd-1st, 7s, 1906	118	119	Clarinda Br68, 1919		102	Miss. Central-1st m., 7s.	101	i
Pa. Div., ep., 7s, 1917		12812	N. Y. Pa. &O Pr.l'n,68,'95		90	No. Missouri-1st, 7s.	+117	11812		101	1
t mort., 78, 1891 t mort., ext., 78, 1891 t mort., coup., 78, '94. t mort., reg., 78, '94. t, Pa. Div., cp., 78, 1917 Reg., 78, 1917 b. & Susq.—1st m., 78 2d mort., 78, 1885			N. Y.& New Eng.—1st. 7s.		86	1900, reg	1117	11812	Cartificate 2d mort 8a	1 115	1
d mort., 7s, 1885	1054		N.Y.& New Eng.—1st, 7s. 1st m., 6s, 1905 Nevada Cent.—1st m., 6s.		100	N.W. Telegraph-7s, 1904			Northeast., S.C.—1st m., 8s	125	1:
ens. & Sar _let cour	4 24		N. Pac.—G.l.gr1st con.6s	103	100	No. Missouri-1st, 7s. West. U. Tel1900, coup. 1900, reg. N.W. Telegraph-7s, 1904 Spring Val. W.W1st, 6s Oregon RR.&Nav1st, 6s		110	Northeast, S.C.—1st m., 8s 2d mort, 8s.——Port Royal & Aug.—1st, 6s Rich, & Dan.—1st, cons., 6s	102	1
1st mort., reg., 1921 v. & Rio Gr.—1st,1900 t, consol., 7s, 1910 v. So, P. & Pac.—1st, 7s	134	140	N. Pac.—G.l.gr.,1st con.6s Registered 6s, 1921 N. O. Pac.—1st, 6s,g.,1920 Norf.&W.—G.l.m.,6s,1931		043	INCOME BONDS.			Rich.& Dan.—1st, cons6s Stock	101	1
t, consol., 78, 1910	109	110%	Norf & W.—G.l.m.,68,1931	103	104				Southw. GaConv. 78, 780	120	1.
V. So. P.& Pac1st, 7s		103	Ohio & Miss.—Consol. s. f.			(Interest payable if earned.) Ala. Cent.—Inc. 6s, 1918.			Stock	1100	
let mort	1.:00		Ohio & Miss.—Consol. s. f. Consolidated 7s, 1898 2d consolidated, 7s,1911	1201	12312	Atl. & Pac.—Inc., 1910 Central of N. J.—1908 Chic.st.L.&N.O.—2d,1907 Col.Chic.&I.C.—Inc.78,'90 Cent. In.—Coup.deb.certs.	99	102	Stock, assessment paid	40	1
mort., ext'd 5s, 1919	11061	1053	2d consondated, 78,1911 1st m., Springfield Div Ohio Cent.—1st, 6s, 1920.	11812	903	Col Chie & I.C. Inc. 7c 200	å	73	Non-mort, bonds	122 70	1
h mont - 1000	100	1007	Onto Cent.—18t, 68, 1920.	00 2	004	Con Chic. ce 1. C 1 He. 18, 90		1	Woodown N C 1st 7s	106	10

^{*} Prices nominal.

New York Local Securities.

Bank Stock List.				[Quotations by E. S. No. 7 Pine	BAILE	Y, B	roke
COMPANIES.		PRICE.				PRIC	
Marked thus (*) are not National.		Bia.	Ask.	COMPANIES.	Par.	Bid.	As
America* Am. Exchange Bowery Broadwav Butchers' & Drov'rs' Central	100			American	50	150	:80
m. Exchange	100			American Exchange		F01	1115
30wery	100	***		Broadway	25	183	1203
Butchers' & Drov'ra'	25			Brooklyn	17	191	
Central	100		120	Citizans'	20	155	17
Chase	100			City	70	120	18
Chase Chase Chatham Chemica Chitizens Chitizens Chitizens Continental Corn Exchange East River Elleventh Ward Fifth Fifth Fifth Fulton Gallatin	100	1	2100	Clinton	100	135	1.5
nemical	25			Columbia		100	110
Htv.	100			Continental	100	250	25
lommerce	100	150%	1	Eagle	40	183	24
Continental	100	150	12C	Envise City	100	90	10
Jorn Exchange	100			Exchange	80 50	100	12
Cast River	25			Farragut	17	90	1:0
Pifth	100		1	Firemen's Trust	10	108	1
Fifth Avenue	100		1	Franklin & Emp	100	11'5	112
First	100		1	German-American	100	185	16
Fourth	100		12734	Germania		120	12
Callatin	50	150		Globe	25	3.0	29
German American*.	75			Guardian	100	195	1 €
German Exchange*.	100			Hamilton	15	152	114
Jermania*	100			Hanover	50	120	116
Greenwich*	100	135		Hoffman		150	116
Imp and Tradors'	100	210		Home	50	110	111
rving	50		1	Importers' & Tr'd'rs	50 50 100		110
aland City*	03	1.		Howard importers' & Tr'd'rs irving	100	65	1 7
Fulton. Gallatin. German American* German Exchange* Germania* Greenwich* Hanover Imp. and Traders'. Irving. Island City* Leather Manua'trs'. Manhattan	100	140	140	Jenerson	000	199	21
Manhattan* Marine	100	1 40	140	Kings County (Bkn.) Knickerbocker	40	5	10
Market	100			Lafayette (Br'klyn).		1. 9	1
Market Mechanics'. Mechanics' Assoc'n. Mechanics' & Tr'drs'	25		1	Lamar	100	60	1 8
Mechanics' Assoc'n.	50	9314				1 60	1 7
Mechanics' & Tr'drs'	25	:00%		Long Island (B'klyn) Loriliard	25	110	1
Mercantile	100 50 50	130		Lorlliard	100	140	12
Merchants' Merchants' Exch'ge Metropolis*	50	100		Manhattan	100	96	li
Metropo is*	1 100	1		Manhattan Mech. & Traders'	25	1:40	145
		176		Mechanics' (B'klyn).	50	145	14
Mount Morris*	100			Mercantile	50	117	11
Mount Morris* Murray Hill* Nassau*.	100	1		Merchants'	50	120	1
New York	100			Montauk (Brooklyn) Nassau (Brooklyn). National	50	1155	120
New York County	100	1	1	National	3716	115	
Nassau* New York New York County N. Y. Nat'l Exch'ge. Ninth. North America* North River* Oriental* Pacific*	100	1	1	New York Equitable New York Fire New York & Boston New York Lity	35	150	11
Ninth	100	117%		New York Fire	100	85	1
North River	70		1	New York & Boston.	100	65	1
Oriental*	80 25	1		Niagara.	50	190	121
Pacific*	50			Niagara North River Pacific	25	1 0	1
Park	100			Pacific	25	203	15
People's*	25 20	1.:		Park	100	120	2
Produce*	50		1	Peter Cooper People's	20 50	115	lĩ
Produce*	100	1	148			143	lī
St. Nicholas	.1 100			Relief Republic Rutgers' Standard Star Sterling Stuyvosant Tradeymon's	50	15	1 :
Reventh Ward	1 100	1		Republic	100	150	1
Second Shoe and Leather. Sixth State of New York	100	128	1	Stundard	25 50	125	1
Sixth	100	120		Star	100	80	1
State of New York.	100	1		Sterling	100	80 60	
Third Tradesmen's	100	1		Stuyvosant	25	12.1	
Tradesmen's	40	1				100	1
United States West Side*	50	1:::	1	United States Westchester	25	130	1
			1			500	1.

Gas and City Railroad Stocks and Bonds.

[Gas Quotations by George H. Prentiss, Broker, 17 Wall Street.]

GAS COMPANIES.	Par.	Amount.	Period	Rate.	Date.	Bid.	Ask.
Brooklyn Gas Light Co	25	2,000,000	Var.	5	Nov., '81	155	125
Citizens' Gas Co (Bklyn)	20	1,200,000	Var.	216	Aug., '80	57	60
do bouds	1,000	315,000	1. & ().	7	1895	105	109
A srlem	50	1,850 000		3	Feb. '78	80	93
Jersey City & Hoboken	20	750,000		7	July, '31	155	165
Manhattan	50	4,000,000	1. & J.	5	Aug., '-1	213	215
le etropolitan	100	2,500,000			Aug. '81	154	17.5
do bonds	500	1,000,000		3		105	169
Matual, N. 1	100	5,000.000			Oct . 'o:	77	10
do bonds	1,000	1,000,000			1882	100	104
Nassau, Brooklyn	85	1,000,000		3	Sept "1		73
do scrip.	Va .	700,000		316	Nov., 'R	98	101
New York	100	4,000,000		4		104	105
People's (Brooklyn)	10	1,000,000		314	Jan., 76		85
Bonds	1,000	87 ,000	M. & N.	7	1997	168	105
Bonds	Var.			6	1900 &c		92
Central of New York	50		F.& A.	8	July, '80		70
Williamsburg	50	1,000,000	Quar.		0 t '81		70
do bonds		1,000,000		y.	1900	101	104
Metropolitan, Brooklyn	100	1,000,000			July, '81	68	73
Municipal	100	3,000,000			Oct., '81		
do bonds	***	750,000	M. &N.		1888	105	110
Fulton Municipal	100	1 50 ,000			1	63	1 20

[Quotations by H. L. GEANT, Broker, 145 Broadway.]

Bleecker St. & Fult. Ferry-St'k	100	900,000	J. & J.	84	July, '81 2	94 28
_lst mortgage	1,000		J. & J.		J'lv.1900 11	
Broadway & Seventh Av St'k	100	2,100,000	Q-J.	2	Oct., '91 13 June '84 10	0 135
_1st mortgage	1.000	1,500,000	1. & D	7	June '84 10	816 108
Brooklyn City-Stock	10	2,000,000	Q-F.	Sh	Nov., '81 19	8 203
1st mortgage	1,000	300,000	W.AN	7	Nov., '8) 10	2 110
Broadway (Brooklyn)-Stock	100			3	Oct., '81 15	0 183
Brooklyn Crosstown,-St'k	100		A. & O.	2	Oct '81 10	0
1st mortgage bonds	1.000			7	Oct., '81 10 1888 10	256 105
Bushwick Av. (B'klyn)-Stock.	100	500,000	J. & J.	216	Inly '31 11	0 1
Central Pk. N. & E. nivStock	100	1.800,000	Q-J.	2	1001 '81 12	5 1130
Consolidated mort. bonds	1,000	1,200,000	J. & D.	7	Dec. 1902;11	8 120
Christopher & Tenth StStock	100	650,000	F.& A.	216	Aug , '81 8	2 97%
Bonds	1.000	250,000	J. & J.	7	1393 10	0 1110
Dry Dock E.B.& Batt'ry-Stock	100	1,200,000	Q-F.	4	Nov., 81 22	0 230
1st mortgage, consolidated	300&c	900,000	J. & D.	7	June, '93111	4 1118
Eighth Avenue-Stock	100	1,000,000		3	Oct., '81 18	5
1st mortgage	1,000	203,000	J. & J.	7	Jan., '8:110	0 1110
42d St. & Grand St. Ferry-St'k	100	748,000	M.&N.	6	Nov., '81 20	6 210
1st mortgage	1,000	236,000	A.&O.	7	Apr., '93 11	0 1115
Central Cross Town-Stock	100	600,000				0 1 70
1st mortgage	1,000	200,000	M. & N.	7	NOV.1904110	1110
1st mortgage Houst.West St.& Pav.F'y-St'k	100	250,000			6	10 1
1st mortgage	500	500,000	J. & J.	7	July, '94 10	5 1110
Second Avenue-Stock	1 100	1,199,500	J. & J.	246	July, '81 19	5 (13)
Bd mortgage	1,000		A.a.U.	7	Apr . 85 1	8 1
Consol. convertible	1,000	11,050,000	M.&N.	7	Oct., '80110	8 110
Extension	1.00&c	200,000	M.& R.	7	Sept. '83118	25 1124
Bixth Avenue-Stock	100		M.&N.		Oct. '81 26	
1st mortgage	1,000	500,000	F. & J.	17	July '90 11	0 111
Third Avenue-Stock	100	2,000,000		5	Nov. 81 19	0
1st mortgage	1,000	.,000,000	J. &J.	17	July, 90 11	1115
Twenty-third Street-Stock	100	600,000	F. &A.	4	July, '81 19 July, '90 11 Aug, '91 15	130
lst mortgage	1,000	250,000	MA N	17	May. '98 10	5 1112

⁴ This column shows last dividend on stocks, but the date of maturity of bonds

Quotations in Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore

ARCUBITIES.	1	na .	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	4-1
BECURITIES.						Ask,
BOSTON.				Catawissa ist, 7s, conv., '82 do chat. m., 10s, '88 o new 7s 1900. Connecting 6s, 1900-1904. Chartiers Val., 1st m. 7s, C., 190:	1377	
	nt.76			Connecting 6s. 1900-1904	110	
do land gra	. 38	: :	:::	Chartiers Val., 1st m. 7s.C., 190:		**
tlantic & Pacifi , 6s	ne			Del. & Bound Br., ist. 78, 190	120	124
oston & Maine 7s			::: [Delaware mort., 6s, various Del. & Bound Br., 1st. 7s. 1903 East Penn. 1st mort. 7s, '88 El.& W'msport, 1st m., 7s, '80.		130-1
oston & Maine 78 oston & Albany 78	12	27		Si.& Winsport, ist in., 7s, 80. do S.	110	***
6. Townell To			:::	East on & Amboy, 51		****
d , 6s				Hardsburg ist mor'. 6s, '83	104	
oston & Lowell 18. oston & Providence 78. curl. & Mo., land grant 7 do Nebr. 68. do Nebr. 68. hicago Burl. & Quincy.	s 11	1580	:::	co cons. m. 5s, 1995	80	90
do Nebr. 68	Ex	1	04	ithacad Athens let g d. 78., %		****
do Nebr. 48		13	87%	do 2d mort. 6s, 1900		
hicago Burl. & Qui.cy	41	-		do 2d mort. 6s, 1900 Lehigh Valley, 1st, 6s, cp 1898 do do reg., 1893 do 21 m. 7s, reg., 1910	••••	121
46 Wal mer Co	1 (1-180				133
astern Mass., 438, new itchbrig RR., 6s		1	9	do con. m., 68, rg., 1923 do do 68, p., 1948 Little Schuylkiii, 1st m. 74, 82		1187
itchburg RR., 6s			:	Little Schuvikiii, 1st m. 7s. 32		
ort Scott & Gulf 78	1	1014	78%	N. O. Pac., let m., 6s, 1920	100	
intrord & Erie 7s. City Lawrence & So. Law. City, St. Jo. & C. B., stile R'k & Ft. Suith, 7 fexican Contral, 7s. Lew York & New Eng. 6	45		05	do 2d m. 78. op., '96.		122
an. City. St. Jo. & C. B.	18		19	do gen. m. 7s, cp., 1908.		
tttle R'k & Ft. Smith, 7	8,161	. 1	87	do gen. m. 7s, reg., 190:	103	107
ew York & New Eng. 6	is 10	05 1	108	Oll Creek 1st m. 78, coup., 82.	00	
do to Boo	8		:::	do Serip		
ew York & New Eng. of do ew Mexico & So. Pac. oguensburg & Lake Ch.	6			Pa.& N.Y.C. & RR. 78, 1895		
co	Inc.		43	Penneyly gen m 6s en 1910	123	120
d Colony, 78				do gen. m. 68, rg., 1910.	12116	
old Colony, 78 old Colony, 68 ueblo & Ark. Valley, 78				do cons. m. 6s, rg., 1905	1	191
tutland 6s, ist mort		.:		do con. m., 5s.7x.,1920. Little Schuylkill, 1st m. 7s,72 N. O. Pac., 1st m. 5s, 1920. North. Penn. 1st m. 5s, cp., 193. do 2d m. 1s, cp., 193. do gen. m. 7s, cp., 193. do gen. m. 7s, res, 190. Oll Creek ist m. 7s, coup. Pac. N. Y. C. & Rk. 7s, 190. Pennsylv, gen. m. 5s, cp., 194. do gen. m. 8s, rg, 191. do cons. m. 8s, rg, 191. do cons. m. 8s, rg, 191. do cons. m. 8s, cp., 193. do cons. m. 8s, cp., 193.	1	1
tutland 68,1st mort Vermont & Mass. RR., 68 Vermont & Canada, new	88			do co 5:		100
		371	139	00 do 445		1103
tchison & Topeka Soston & Albany Soston & Lowel Soston & Providence Hosbira preferred	X	63	163%	Perkiomen lat m. 6s,oun., 8.	9134	104
Boston & Lowel!			151	Phil. Wilm & Ba t ,4s, Tr. certs	2439	118
oston & Maine				do cons. mort. 68, 920	J	1.6.
heshire preferred		60				108
hi . & W. Michigan		2736	2814	do cons. mort. 68, 1920 10 do 5e, 1920 Phila. Newt'n & N.Y., 1st m Phil. & R. 1st m. 68, ex. due 19 0 do do 1910		1
oncord				do do 1910	1	128
onnecticut River		::: 1		Phila. Newt'n & S. Y., 1st m. Phil. & R. Ist m. 8s, ex. due 19 6 do d	120%	120
onn. & Passinnele		23	23	co cons.m.6.g.1801911	1118	
oston & Providence, hisher preferred, his & W. Michigan, his Bandusky & Clev. Joneord. Jonna & Passumpsie onna & Passumpsie onna ton Valley, jasters (Mass.), asters (New Hampshir Witchburg.		93		do gen, m & g., C.100	9:5	178
Castern (New Hampshir	e)i	48	145	do la. m., 78, coup., 898	1 10	
Hat & Pere Marq		94%		do d b. couo., 198'	60	1::::
do pref.			90	do (crip, 1891	01	1
		84	87	do conv. 78, R. C., 1898		70
lows F. H. & Sloux Ci-y		63	64	Phil.& It.Coal&ir'n deb.76.92	00	
Manchester & Lawrence Mar Hough, & Ott Mar. Hough, & Ott	e			do deb. 7s. cps.of	00	
dar Hough. & O t			****	Phila. Wilm. & Balt. 68, '84	1	
Mar. Holgh. & O.t prevansuae Lowell	1			Pitts.Cin.&St. L. 7s, con., 190		121
New York & New Engla	nd	73	7214	Bich & Duny cons lot its 19		121
Northern of N. Hampsh	ilre			Shanuokan V.& Pottsv. 78, 190	1117	1
orwich & L. Champla	in		***	Steubenv. & Ind. 1st, 6s, 1884		1
do P	ref	129		Stony Creek 1st III. 18 1501	1	30
old Colony Portland Saco & Portan	noutl. :		130	0 2d m. 0s933.		80
Pullman Palace Car	1	24	130	vra Gen & Corn's 1st 76. 76.		1
Rutland preferred evere Beach & Lyan Ve mont & Massachuse Wircester & Nashua		175		Texas & Pac. 1st m.,6s. g.,190	in la	107
Ve mont & Massachuse	tts			do Cons. m. 6s.g. 190	5	103
Wiscon in Central		33		do fnc.& l. gr., 78 191	1 45	4
wiscon in Contract pref				rexas & rac. 1st m.,5s, p.,190 do Ro Gande D v. do cons. m.,6s, g.,190 do inc.&l. gr.,7s 191 Uniton & Titusv. ist m. 7s, '96 United N. J. cons. m. 6s, '94. Warren & F. 1st m. 7s, '96	1	[
A DET DU				Warren & F. 1st m.7s, '96	1114	118
PHILADELPH STATE AND CITY BOX	NDS.			West Chester cons. 78, '91	LUU	1::::
Penna. 58, g'd, int., reg.	or cp.			do 1st m. 6s, cp., '96		
do 58, rez., 1:82-153	14-19112	117		do 1st m. 7s, '99		1
do 68, 10-15, reg., 11	77-182	ion		W. Jer ey & Ati. 1 tm 5s, or	188	
STATE AND CITY BOD Penna. 58, g'd, .nt., reg. do 58, rez., 1 82-1836 do 58, new, reg., 159 do 68, 10-15, reg., 180 do 48, reg., 1884-190 Philadelphia, 58 reg. do 68, n., rg., prior	12-192.	1 10	::::	Union & Tituev, ist in. 7s, 9t United N. J. cons. m. 6s, 94. Warren & F. 1st in. 7s, 96. West Chester cons. 7s, 91. West Jersey 6e, deb., coup., 96 do 1st m. 6s, cp., 96 do cons. 6s, 1903 W. Jersey & At. 1.5 m. 5s, of Western Fenn. Rf. 6s, cp. 3s do 6s P. B. 98	1100	1::::
Philadelphia, 58 reg.				do 68 P.B.,"		
do 68,n., rg., prior	r to '95			Ches. & Del., 1st m., 6s, 1883	100	91
Philadeiphia, 58 reg do 68, n rg., prior do 48, various RAILROAD STOCKS	.t			Lehigh Naviga. m., 6s, reg., 7	116	6
		7		CANAL BONDS. Ches. & Diel. ist m., 6s, 1885 Lehigh Naviga. m., 6s, 783, 784, 784, 784, 784, 784, 784, 784, 784	113	1
Buffalo Pitts. & Weste	pref.	21%	21/2	do cons. m.7s, rg.,19		1
Camden & Atlantic		24		Pennsylvania 68, conc. 1910.	100	
Camden & Atlantic	I	281	914	schuylk. Nav.lst m.68.rg., 9	PAN PAN	3
do pref		51	55	do 2d m. 6s, reg., 130	"	1
do new pref	ob	100	53%	Maryland 6s, defense, J.& J.	103	105
Delaware & Bound Bro	OK	40		do 68, exempt, 1887		1
Elmira & Williamsport		40	***	do 5s, quarterly		May.
Har P. Mt. Joy & Lane	aster.	72		BALTITIONE B. Maryand 6s, defonse, J.&.J. 60, 6s, exempt, 1887, do 5s, exempt, 1887, do 5s, 1890, quarterly. Baltimore 6s, 1981, quarterly. do 6s, 1898, quarterly. do 6s, 1980, Quarterly. do 6s, 1980, Quarterly. do 6s, 1980, J.&.J. do 6s, 1980, Q. — J. do 6s, 1980, Q. — J. do 5s, 1910, Q. — J. do 5s, 1915, new Norfolk water, 8s. Balt. & Ohlo	105	1100
do do pred do pref do pref do new pref. Delaware & Bound Bro East Penssylvania do do Har. P. Mt. Joy & Lane Huntingdon & Broad do do do do do do	Гор	15	1	do 68, 1890, quarterly	115	6 116
Huntingdon & Broad 7 do do	pref.	8116	29 61%	do 68, park, 1890, QA	1. 118	1116
Lehigh Valley Little Schuylkill		50	1 DED 10	do 68, 1893, M. & S	3	1.0
Minehill		6136	03	do 6s, 1900, Q -J		120
Norristown			59	do 68, 1902, J. & J		124
Norristown Norfo k & Western. pre	ef	•••		Norfolk water, 8s	120	1
110 113 66	Jan	59	5 136	RAILBOAD STOCKS. Pa	001100	200
North Pennsylvania		63	6316	co lst pref	185	
Pulladeiphia & Reading	ğ	33%	82%	do 2d pref	1203	3
Philadelphia & Trenton	D		1 .	do Parkersb'g Br.	0 6	10
Phila. Wilming. & Balti	Com			Northern Central	0 01	3 39
United N. J. Companie	pref.	184	1	Central Ohlo	0	47
United N. J. Companie	ref.	184	185	Pittspurg & Conneilsville	50	1
West Chester consol. p. West Jersey West Jersey & Atlantic				Balt & Ohio 68 1888 A &C	1203	1
West Jersey & Atlantic	S	37		N. W. Va. 8d m., guar., 85, J&	J	
		4374	44	Pittsb.& Connellsv.78, 98,J&		125
Lehigh Navigation Pennsylvania		43%	44	do 68, 1900, A.&C	Ď	110
Scharlkill Navigation.			1	do 6e, gld, 1900, J.A.	J. 114	115
RAILBOAD BONDS	3.	13	13%	W. Md. 6s. 1st m., 90, M.&	J. 1117	118
Allegheny Val., 73-10s.	1896		194	do 1st m., 1890, J. & J	. 110	119
do 78, E. ex	t., 1910		194 125 53	do 3d m., guar., J. & J	110	1
Belvidere Dela lat m.	68,1902	1:0		do 2d m.gr. by W.Co.Je	J :10	1:::
do 2d m. 6	83	108		do 68, 3d in., guar., J.&	J.,190	w in
	8, 37	1085		Mar. & Cin. 7s, '92, F. & A.	123	25 124
Gamdon at Am 3d m. 6		1113	1	do \$8, 8d, J. & J	48	4 48
Camden & Am		107	1			
Allegheny Val., 73-10s, do fs, E. ex do inc. 1s, on Beividere Dela. ist m., fo do mor. 1s, on do do mor. 1s, on do do mor. 5s, do mort. 5s,	80	113	1	Union RR. 1st, guar., J. & J	1 110	
do 3d m. 6 Camden & Am Co., 63, 63 do fs, 63 do mort. 5s, 7 Cam. & Atl. 1st m. 7s, g do 2d m. cur. 7s Cam. & Burlington Co.	80 1993	107		do 5, 19.6, new Norfolk water, 8s. RAILEOAD BYOCKS. Pa Ball. & Ohio	1. 112	

Railroad Earnings.-The latest railroad earnings and the totals from Jan. 1 to latest dates are given below. The statement includes the gross earnings of all railroads from which returns can be obtained. The columns under the heading "Jan. 1 to latest date" furnish the gross earnings from Jan. 1 to, and including, the period mentioned in the second

	column.				1100	
		Latest ear				
		Week or Mo.	1881.	1880.		1880.
	Ala.Gt. Southern.	.October	\$80,869	\$67,649	\$622,364	\$521,906
			.147,000	806,730		******
			98 969	1,593,313	213,973	916 903
	Post & N.Y.Air-L	2d wk Nov.	43,903	28,728 43,787	1.913.239	216,293 1 756 221
ŕ	Cairo & St. Louis	lst wk Nov	9.688	11.494	1,913,239 256,155	1,756,221 31s.157
	Carolina Central	Septemb'r.	54,310	57,839	414,532	331.034
	Pontral Pacific.	October	2,514,000	2,120,229	19.684.791	18 403 191
					2,269,522 $6.570,940$	2,215,505 6,798,462 15,129,854
	Chicago & Alton	Contomide 9	198,378	192,894 1,862,285	15,423,831	6,798,462
	Chicago & Alton Chic. Burl. & Q Chic. & East. Ill.	1st wk Nov	36.214	33.611	10,420,001	10,120,001
	Chic.& G.Trk. Wk.	end.Nov.12		37,259 336,592		
	Chic. Mil. & St. P.	3d wk Nov.	360,000	336,592	14,703,000 18,874,297	11,254,9:9
	Chic. & G.178. W. R. Chic. Mil. & St. P. Ohic. & Northw. Chic. St. L. & N.O.	.2d wk Nov.	448,800 257,700 75,476	433,800	18,874,297	16,940,935
	Chic. St. L. & N.O.	August	257,700	224,737 79,129	2,369,223 3,435,396	2,070,425
	Chi.St. P. Min & O. Chie. & W. Mich.	Sentemb'r	96,177	81,780	3,435,396	2,704,417
			212,606	239,881	1,909,488	2.004.917
	Oin. & Springt Olev. Col. Cin. & I	.2d wk Oct.	24.838	239,881 26,277	759,648	2,004,917 734.343
	Clev. Col. Cin. & I.	.2d wk Oct.	93.628	99 4 1 9	3,496,789	3.482.089
	Clev. Mt. V. & Del. Col. & Hock. V., &c.	2d wk Nov.	8,949 55,279	7,928 46,279	365,159	373,839
	Col.&Hock. V., &c.	2d wk Nov.	122 603	46,279	5,395,591	0 006 250
	Denver & Rio Gr DesM.&Ft.Dodge.	2d wk Nov.	132,605	7 529	347,956	2,996,359 270,552
	Det. Lans. & No.	October	129 369	80,977 7,529 116,602	041,000	210,002
	Duhuque& S.City.	2d wk Nov.	26,597 141,731 39,640 147,785 102,085	30,331	987,750	954,114
	Dubaque&S.City. Bast Tenn. V. & G.	.2 wks Nov.	141,731	138.219		
	Flint & Pere Mar. Gal. Har. & San A.	2d wk Nov.	39,640	35,268 147,785 110,270	1,601,294	1,361,927
	Gal. Har. & San A. Or't Western. Wk.	Septemb'r.	147,780	147,785	4,513,432	4,429,467
	Ort Western. WK.	lst wk Oot		8.371	4,013,432	4,429,407
	Grn Bay & Minn. Gulf Col. & S Fe.	October	$127,420 \\ 51,294 \\ 18.861$	73.568		
			51,294	48,294 8,555	1,947,992	2,171,197
	Houst, E.&W. Tex.	October	18,861	8,555	125,430	81,741 $2,280,371$
	Houst. & Texas C.	3d wk Sept	83.336	96.163	2,554,922	2,280,371
	Illinois Cen. (Ill.)	October	655,867 $174,458$	688,110 192,101	5.561.264 1,524,289	5,399,275 1,448,658
	Do (Iowa) Indiana Bl. & W. Ind. Dec. & Sp	2d wk Nov.	39,659	37,785	1,021,200	
	Ind. Dec. & Sp	October	47,005	37,785 44,424	425.386	352.645
	Int & Gt. North	2d wk Nov.	75 351	64.943	2,324,030	1,570,993
	Iowa Central	October	87,913	105.735	1 150 501	001.010
	Lake Erie & West.	Inly	39.822 41,279	85,613 40,537	1,153,584 249,231	991,916 248,132
	Louisa. & Mo. R Louisv. & Nashy.	2d wk Nov.	244,440	232,400	9,630,689	8,036,675
	Marq. H. & Ont'n.	Septemb'r.	134,742	104,079		
	Memn & Charl	2d wk Nov.	35.154	37,033 5,273	1,033,346	943.057
	Memp. Pad. & No.	1st wk Nov	5,796	5,273	204.109	178.159
	Mil.L. Sh.& West. Minn & St. Louis. Mo. Kans.& Tex.	3d WK NOV.	14,625 89,260	10,094 60,799	526,760 942,414	354,289 615.901
	Mo Kans & Tex	2d wk Nov.	204,232	154.871	6,798,471	5,175,175
	Missouri Pacific	2d WR NOV.	130,682	108 567	5 781 151	4 665 077
	Mobile & Ohio	October	252.921	264,713	1.874,764 1,750,070 13,557,369	1.734,881
	Nashv. Ch. & St. L.	October	172,121	178.266 $1,606.874$	1,750,070	1,691,340
	Mobile & Ohio Nashv. Ch. & St. L. N.Y. L. Erie & W. N.Y. & N. Engl'd.	August1	56,932	1,606,874	13,557,369	12,278,914
	N. Y. Pa. & Omo.	Sentember	426,360	48.979 500.747	4,038,046	3 932 161
	Norfolk & West	October	241,673	235,910	1,826,551	3,832,461 1,673,402
	Norfolk & West Northern Central.	Septemb'r.	241,673 429,565	464.093 70,192	4.030,250	3,584,104 2,248,279
	Northern Pacific .	2d wk Nov.	34,384	70,192	3,361.556	2,248,279
1	Ohio Central	October	81,631	*******		*******
- 1	Obio Southern Oreg'n R. Nav.Co.	Oatobor	6.836 472,800	379,502	3.530.235	2,856,129
	Pad & Elizabetht. Pennsylvania Peoria Dec. & Ev. Philadel. & Eric.	October	56.081	40.494	442.390	327.993
	Pennsylvania	October 3	.672,971	3,882,714	36,552,212	34.137.327
	Peoria Dec. & Ev.	2d wk Nov.	12,205	8,767	592,987	372,330
	Philadel. & Erie.	Septemb'r.	276,522	322,737 1,746,299	2,595,067	2,753,766
	runa & reading.	Occoper	.0007.040			
•	Do (orchs)	2d wk Nov. 2d wk Nov.	23,505 16,150	17.068	1,229,858	606 217
1	Bt. L. Iron Mt. & S	2d wk Nov.	158.842	23,900 17,066 147,479	642,422 6,242,908 2,785,389 4,277,665	1,246,813 606,217 5,271,562
ı	K.L. & San Fran	ad wk Nov.	66,700	63.600	2,785,389	2 337 604
ı	BLP.Minn.& Man.	3c wk Nov.	66,700 177,700	115,200 6,439	4,277,665	2,822,102
1	Scioto Valley	2d WK Nov.	10.973	6,439	374,865	2,822,102 275,941 645,305
	lexas & Pacitic	2d wk Nov	81,183 $81,782$	75,525 69,395	374,865 717,712 3,353,744	2,258,827
1	South Carolina	2d wk Nov	17.279	00,333	0,000,744	2,200,021
1	Union Pacific	2 wks Nov.1.	295,364	1,074,733	23,706,583	20,402,295
1	Texas & Pacific Tol. Delp. & Burl. Union Pacific Wab. St. L. & Pac.	2d wk Nov.	366,416	321,574	12,522,250	10,885,889

^{*5} per cent basis in 1881; 6 per cent in 1880. *Including leased lines. *Including Ohio Division.

U. S. Sub-Treasury.—The following table shows the receipts ad payments at the Sub-Treasury in this city, as well as the slages in the same, for each day of the past week:

				Balances.			
	Receipts.	Payments.	Coin.	Ourrency.			
V 10	*	*	*	- 8			
Nov. 19 " 21	1,703,455 31	557,909 09 847,711 74	83,985,595 41 84,577,768 58	4,453,618 52 4,367,001 81			
* 22 * 23	*6,223,498 49 702,092 46	*6,144,955 27 865,487 56	84,646,781 99	4,376,531 62			
" .24 " 25		Thanksgiv 728.259 2 4	ing Dav				
_	10,870,318 22						

^{*\$5,000,000} in receipts and payments was transferred from one

Coins.—The following are quotations in gold for various coins:

Bovereigns\$4 93 @	84 96	Silver is and iss	99340	par.
		Five francs	92 @	95
	4 77	Mexicar dollars		
		Do uncommerc'l		
Span'h Doubloons. 15 55 %	15 70	English silver 4		
Mex. Doubloons. 15 55 @	15 60	Prus. silv. thalers	6719 9	- 69 4
Fine silver bars . 1 1214 & Pine gold bars par 21	1 1234	U. S. trade dollars -	99380	- 99%
Dimes & la dimes	4 prem.	U. S. silver dollars -	99,80	par.

New York City Banks.—The tollowing statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the week ending at the commencement of business on Nov. 19.

	1	Average amount of						
Banks.	Capital.	Loans and discounts.	Specie.	Legal Tenders.	Net dept's other than U. S.	Circula-		
Now York	3 000 000	8,372,000	1,858,000	230,000	*	\$		
New York	2,000,000	7.719,400	1,002,400	187,500	7.755,000	493,000		
Merchants	2,000,000		1,011,500	754,400	6.34 ,000	880,000		
Mechanics'	2,000,000	7,341,000	1,374,000	413,000	6,343,000	300,000		
Jaion	1,200,000	4,580.100	278.700	548,600	4,005,800	*****		
merica	3,000,000	8,502,900	1,420,600	608,300	6,189,300	1,10		
hoenix	1,000,000	8,80 2,000	950,000	24,000	3,241.00	287,00		
lty	1,000,000	7,871,190	3,026,800	135,000	8,233,900			
radesmen's	1,000,000	2.978.600	859, 00	61.000 157,700	1,664,800	791,10		
ulton hemicul leroh'nts' Exch.	600,000	1,8 1,500	890.900	157,700	1,523,900	*****		
nemicul	300,000	13,150,006	3,129,900	363,106	12.73 - 100			
terch'nts' Exch.	1,000,000	4.323,900	424,100	3:1,100	3,028.700	781,70		
allatin Nation'i	1,000,000	1,592,200	590,800 332,900	90,:00 65,000	2.098.700	7:7.90		
lechanics' & Tr.	300,000 200,000	1,080,000	146,000	132,000	1,455,400	1,4,00		
reenwich	200,000	975,200	20.000	163,100	964,100	2,60		
reenwich eather Man'f'rs	600,060		443.100	123,406	1.951 500	471.40		
eventh Warl	300,000	979.700	8.5,500	001,50	¥75 300	88,10		
tate of N. York.	800,000	4.0 8,709	814,700	111,100	8,8 4,400	45,00		
merican Exch.	5,000,000	12,701,000	2,305,000	456,000	1:,441.000			
ommerce	5,000,000	13,837,200	2,118.600	403,100	7 384,500	1,004.80		
roudway	1,000,000	5,325,500	817,200	179,300	3,968,000	bv7.40		
lerountile	1,000,000	6,160,306 2,117,100	1,035,300	331,400	5,823.500	798.50		
acinc	422,700	2.117,100	374,300	188,800	2.5.9 200			
epublic	1,500,000	5.878,200	500,500	2 3,800	2.976,700	1,119,60		
hatham	450,000	8,185, 06	550,200	317,900	8,438,700	45,00		
eople's	200,000	1,135,900 2,743,800	137,800 289,000	\$8,500	1.644.400	5,40		
orth America	700,000	7,670,000	879,500	913,000	2.731,300	79.80		
lanover	1,000,000 500,000	2,998,500	434,400	205 600	2,740,000	441,00		
rving letropelitan	8,000,000	14,675,000	2,735,000	251,000	11,251,006	2,2,0,00		
itizens'	600,000	2,087,900	399,200	231,400	2.203,300	268,00		
assau	1,000,000	2.671 000	281,106	62,400	2,511,600	3,90		
larket	500,000	8,153,800	539,600	127,20	2,678.006	450,00		
t. Nicholas	500,000	2.427.1001	539,600 461,730	71,000	2,103 300	445.70		
hoe & Leather	500,000	8,290,000	712,300	100,000	3,137,000	450,00		
orn Exchange	1,000,000	4,386.200	4 3,500	358'000	8,321,900	4.60		
ontinental	1,000,000	6,952,500	1,505,300	147,90	6.837,900	763,20		
riental	300,000	8,043,500	30,900	390,100	1.947,200			
nporters' & Tr	400,000	3,645,000	805,000	200.000	3,68 i,000	45,00		
nporters' & Tr	1,500,006	19,757,500	5 488 300	187.300	21.266,366 20.011.700	1,113,90		
ark lech. Bkg. Ass'n	2,000,000	16.217.400	4,733,600	807,900	20.011.700	10,00		
een. Bkg. Ass'n	500,000	930,100	184,900 45,406	85,000	729.600	*****		
orth River	240,000 250,000	1,068,100	100,900	151.700	1,040,500 85 4900	223 20		
ast River	3,200,000	18,376.70	3.555,000	437,800	17.105,900	904,00		
ourth National.	2,000,000	7,7 4,000	314,000	1,363,000	7.132.000	1,260,60		
goond Nation'l	800,000	3,351,0 10	541. 00	270.030	3.641.G00	79 00		
inth National	750,000	5,633.6 16	1,451,300	300,400	5,746,500	691.60		
inth National	500,000	14,100.320	3,307.40 1	112.300	15 314 100	441.33		
hird National	1,000,000	5.944.300	1,111,900	435.80	6.22~,500 1.154,000			
. Y. Nat. Exch	300,000	1 442 6001	221,000	115.600	1,154,000	266.70		
owery National	250,000	1,667,900	198,100	174.000	1.484,000	00,022		
. York County	200,000	1,667,900 1,583,30a	34.100	453,200	1.862,900	180,00		
erm'n Americ'n l	750,000	2,4:0,5001	409 5 10	34.8 0	2.1-4 2 0			
nase National	300,000	4,082,10	1.045,450	63,5 11	4 519 60	91,80		
fth Avenue	100,000	1.836,500	368,300	140,40	19938 0	*****		
erman Exch	20 1,000	1,336,200	80,500	206 6 10	1.515.4 0	*****		
ermania	500,000	1,355,800 4,609,000	993,400	130,900	4,852,300	447.73		

The following are the totals for a series of weeks past:

**The following are the totals for a series of weeks past:

Loans* Specie. L. Tenders. Deposits. Ournations. App. Clear

1881.** L. 313,350,990 89,91,590 13,21,890 932,042,530 30,054,531 2021,832,139

***19...313,183,090 69,91,590 13,273,000 201,035,530 10,035,30 83,2312,703

***19...315,182,307 57,912,700 13,273,000 201,035,530 10,035,30 83,2312,703

Boston Banks.—The following are the totals of the Boston banks for a series of weeks past:

Loans. Spools. L. Tenders. Deposits.* Circulation. Aga. Clear 1881.

Nov. 7.. 154.73(.300 7.105,300 3.79,100 93,570,400 91,915,920 91,914,914,910 91,914,910 91,914,910 91,914,910 91,914,910 91,914,910 91,9

Philadelphia Banks .- The totals of the Philadelphia banks

are as follows:	Loans.	L. Tenders.	Deposita.	Oirculation.	An. Olear
1881.	8	8	*	\$	
Nov. 7	78,063,830	17,351,141	69,423,310	11.032,793	51.701.208
* 14	75,542,039	17,331,498	66,303,960	11,113,815	48 414.735
" 21	75,305,587	17,259,435	65,493,354	11,125.538	57.939,492

Unlisted Stocks and Bonds.—The following at ported quotations for securities that are not "list Stock Exchange: Bid. Asked. Am. Cable Constr. Co. '38' 40 Missouri Pacific rights Am. Railway Inn. Co	Bid. 1	t the
Stock Exchange: Bid, Asked. Missouri Pacific rights Am. Railway Imo. Co. N. J. Southern. N. J. Southern. N. J. Loga & Imp. Co. Do pref. 4 6 N. V. Loga & Imp. Co.	Bid	Asked.
Stock Exchange: Bid, Asked. Missouri Pacific rights Am. Railway Imo. Co. N. J. Southern. N. J. Southern. N. J. Loga & Imp. Co. Do pref. 4 6 N. V. Loga & Imp. Co.	Bid	Asked.
Am. Cable Constr. Co. '35' 40 Missouri Pacific rights Am. Railway Inn. Co. N. J. Southarn. Athantic & Gt. West. 6'2 N.Y. Loan & Imp. Co. Do pref. 4'2 6 N. O. Pacific subs	79	140
Am. Railway Imp. Co. N. J. Southern. Atlantic & Gt. West. G's N.Y. Load & Imp. Co. Do pref. 4'3 8 N. O. Paonfio subs	79	14
Atlantic & Gt. West 6 ¹ 2 N.Y. Loan & Imp. Co. Do pref 4 ¹ 3 6 N. O. Pacific subs	79	
Do pref 413 6 N. O. Pacific subs		
		80
Amer. Elec. R. & Pow \$500 \$550 North River Const. Co.		*1610
Bost. H. & R., newst'k 13 178 N. Y. Ch. & St. L. subs.		*18
Do old stock 1 14 Oregon Imp. Co. 1st M.		93
Continental Constr.Co. 75 78 Do stock	83	88
Central Railway Con- Oregon Trans., full p'd		794
struct'n Co. (D.L.W.) Ohio C. subs., \$ 500 pd.	\$230	8240
Chie. Burl. & Q. rights Paoific R'y Im. Co.,ex.		
Chie. M. & St. P. rights 14 Pitts. & West		
Cin. & Georgia subs *38 Rich. & At. subs. \$1,200		
Denv. & R. G. subs, new 77 80 paid		
Do unl'd consols 107 Roch'r & Pitts'g rig'ts.		****
Edison Electric L. Co. 800 1,000 So. Carolina RR. stock		****
Gr. Bay & Minn. et'k 134 Do 2d mort		
Grand Rapids & Ind 15 18 Do non-mort	13	***
I. C. & L. old stock 112 Selma Rome & D. 1st M.		43
Internat. Imp. Co. ex. 90 Do 2d M. stamp Iron Steamboat stock. 40 Do 2d M. clean		12-
Do 1st mort. bds. 90 94 Do incomes		3
Kan. & Neb. 1st mort. 84 86 Do stock		14
Do 2d mort St. Jo. & West. stock .		20
Keely Motor stock St. Jo. & Pacific 1st M.		90
Lebanon Springs let 22 Do 2d mort		85
Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Seranton Construction		
Louisv. & N. rights 8-nev certs		
Markland Eleo. Light \$1 \$1 10 Pexas,St. Louis RR. sub	91	92
Mid. RR. of N. J. ass. stk 28 Texas Pacific sub		
Do A stock 134 16 Texas & Col. Imp		pur
Do B stock 8 10 U. S. Electric Light Co.		140
Mexican Nat. subs., ex 13 Vicksb. Mer'n com.st'k.	13	14
Do bonds, ex 70 71		
Do stock 20 22 1 Premium.		
Mat. Union Tel. subs 90 95 Discount.		

Luvestments

STATE, CITY AND CORPORATION FINANCES.

The INVESTORS' SUPPLEMENT contains a complete exhibit of the Funded Debt of States and Cities and of the Stocks and Bonds of Railroads and other Companies. It is published on the last Saturday of every other month—viz., February, April, June, August, October and December, and is furnished without extra charge to all regular subscribers of the Chronicle. Single copies are sold at \$2 per copy.

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ANNIIAI.	REPORTS

ANNUAL REPORTS.

Baltimore & Ohio.

(For the year ending September 30, 1881.)

The annual report for the year ended September 30 was submitted at the meeting in Baltimore this week. It shows that the aggregate earnings and net results of the main stem, including the Winchester & Potomac, Winchester & Strasburg, the Strasburg & Harrisonburg, the Metropolitan Branch, and the Washington City & Point Lookout railroads, and the Somerset & Cambria Railroad from January 23, 1881; of the Washington Branch and the Daylorabase Branch and the Daylorabase Branch and the Daylorabase Branch and the Somershame Person and the Somershame P ohio, the Lake Erie, the Chicago and the Pittsburg divisions, the Wheeling Pittsburg & Baltimore and the Newark Somerset & Straitsville railroads, for the fiscal year, as compared with 1879-80, were as follows:

****	1880	-81	1879	-80
	• Earnings.	Net Earnings.	Gross Earnings.	Net Earnings.
Main stem, &c	\$11,122,259	\$4,846,615	\$11,229,880	\$5.172 980
Washington Branch	353,570	193, 33	314,405	
Parkersburg Branch	712,158			
Central Ohio Division	1,006.025		1.003,565	
Lake Erie Division	899,791	112,373		208,853
Chicago Division	1.638,661	453,069		
Pittsburg Division	2,500,548	1,124,473	2,238,481	1.011.827
Wheeling Pittsburg &	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-,,	-,,	2,022,021
Baltimore Railroad.	53,557	1.094	50,380	8,594
Newark Somerset &		-,	00,000	0,00 2
Straitsville RR	177,304	41,548	224,649	88,259
	*** ***			-

branches and divisions, were 61.69 per cent of the whole gross This increase of the comparative working expenses arose solely from the unremunerative rates for through traffic during a

part of the year.

"Bight hundred and fifty miles of track of the main stem and brauches east of the Ohio River are now laid with steel rails. The condition of the entire lines, their roadbeds, tracks and structures has not only been fully maintained but improved."

It is glown that the

It is shown that the earnings of the main stem and branches only in comparison with the fiscal year 1880 have decreased \$107.621, and the working expenses have increased \$218.748, making a comparative decrease in the net profits of \$326,364. The loss on the Central Ohio division for the year under the agreement was \$123,841, which has been charged to the profit

The expenses of working and keeping the roads and machinery in repair amounted to \$6,275,643, being 56 42 per cent upon the earnings, showing an increase of 2 49 per cent compared with the previous year, and 5 40 per cent compared with 1879.

"On August 1, 1881, £200,000 debentures, which were given on the 1st of August, 1876, payable in five years, with interest at 5 per cent per annum, semi-annually, matured and were paid. Twelve per cent premium was obtained for the gold at the time of the negotiation of these obligations During the period that gold ranged from 10 to 15 per cent premium the company issued an aggregate, at different periods, of £1,000,000 of debenissued an aggregate, at different periods, of £1,000,000 of debentures, payable at three and five years from their respective dates all of which have matured and have been paid. The result to the company of the negotiations, by thus having obtained the premium on gold at the periods of their issue, respectively, and by paying these obligations at par after the resumptin of payments of specie in the United States, has been a net gain of £105,182, being upwards of \$500,000."

"The following statement shows the payments made and the increments in sinking funds during the fiscal year for account of the respective debts.

"The following shows the aggregate of payments made on account of the principal, and the investments for sinking funds on account of the debts stated.

on account of the debts stated.

On account of the mortgage loan redeemable in 1880
On account of the mortgage loan redeemable in 1-85
On account of the bourds of the Northwestern Virginia Railroad Co, for \$500,000, indorsed by the Baltimore & Onio Railroad Co, payable in 1885.
On account of the loan of the city of Baltimore
On account of the sterling loan redeemable in 1895.
On account of the sterling loan redeemable in 1902.
On account of the sterling loan redeemable in 1910.
On account of the sterling loan redeemable in 1910.
On account of the sterling loan for the Bultimore & Ohio & Chicago Companies redeemable in 1927.
On account of the purchase of the interest of the city of Baltimore in the Pittsburg & Connellsville Railroad Co.
On account of the sinking fund of the Pittsburg & Connellsville Railroad Co.
On account of the sinking fund of the Baltimore Washington & A exandria Branch of the Washington City & Peint Lookout Railroad Co.

Total. 2,396,220 1,269,779 1,559,121 163,461 240,000 117,894

"Semi-annual dividends of five per cent upon the capital stock were paid on the 1st of November, 1880, and on the 16th of May, 1881.

of May, 1881.

"The profit and loss account shows an increase for the past year of \$1,697,038, and the surplus fund, which represents invested capital derived from net earnings, and which is not represented by either stock or bonds, now amounts to \$42,258,680.

"The needlessly low and unremunerative rates under which a large amount of traffic has been transported by the trunk lines has materially reduced the net results of the past as compared with those of the preeding years.

"The increase in the surplus fund for the year ended 30th September, 1880, was \$2,356,984, while for 1881 it has been \$1,697,038, thus showing a comparative decrease of net results, with a largely increased business, of \$659,946." * * * *

"The effect of the extremely low rates injudiciously forced upon the road has been, in consequence of the very small."

upon the road has been, in consequence of the very small amount of stock, to reduce its net earnings from upward of 6 per cent in 1880, on its surplus fund, of September 30th, 1879, \$38,204,657, after the payment of cash dividends to its shareholders, to 4 per cent in 1881, on its surplus fund of September 30th, 1880, \$40,561,642. The result for the fiscal year, under these adverse circumstances, shows, in excess of the cash dividends a pat gain and consequent ingrease of \$1,807,028 of that dends, a net gain and consequent increase of \$1,697,038 of that fund."

TRAFFIC AND TONNAGE.

678,858

ere of wheat and 6,723,387 bushels were of corn. In live stock e traffic has been 115,885 tons, and in lumber brought to Balti-

e traffic has been 115,885 tons, and in lumber brought to Baltimore, 79,003.

"The passenger earnings exhibit an increase from \$1,379,990 in the preceding year, and 1,171,033 in 1879, to \$1,714,922.

"The condition of the tracks and engines has been brought to a high standard." * * * *

"The coal trade of the main stem shows an aggregate of 2,180,608 tons, which includes 424,521 tons for the company's supply. Of this quantity that transported for the public, delivered in Baltimore, is 1,513,174 tons, and that delivered at local points upon the line 242,913 tons. In the fiscal year 1,980,102 tons of coke and coal were transported on the Pittsburg Division, and 378,917 tons of coal on the Trans-Ohio Divisions. The aggregate of coal and coke thus transported, including all divisions, was 4,539,627 tons, showing an increase for the year of 150,771 tons."

"Thirty-five engines were built at the company's work at

for the year of 190,771 tons."
"Thirty-five engines were built at the company's work at Mount Clare. Of this number 27 engines, costing \$227,109 have been charged to rolling power, and 8, costing \$74,259, which replace that number withdrawn, because their capacity and patterns were not adapted to the present requirements of the patterns were not adapted to the present requirements of the service, have been charged to the repair account. One thousand three hundred and eight cars have also been built, and 34 sleeping and parlor cars, and 6 passenger cars have been purchased. Of this aggregate of 1,348 cars, 944 being new and additional plant, costing \$872,752, have been charged to rolling power. Four hundred and four cars were built to replace that number worn out, and their cost, \$150,937, has been charged to the repair account. to the repair account.

THE PITTSBURG & CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.

The earnings for the year ended September 30, 1881, were. \$2,560,548 The working expenses for the same period were $(55^{\circ}3).....1,376.075$

Showing net earnings of......\$1,124,473

There remains an excess of net earnings of which has been credited on account of interest on cash advances made by the Baltimere & Ohio Railroad Company to the Pittsburg & Connellsville Railroad Company."

BALTIMORE & OHIO & CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANIES. The surplus for credit to the account of this division is...... \$453,069

"The earnings were \$89,667 more than in the previous year, while the expenses increased \$203,271, showing a comparative decrease of \$113,603.

ererase of \$118,603.

"The interest paid upon the 5 per cent sterling loan of \$1,600,000 taken for account of these companies amounted during the year to \$391,015 and the taxes to \$46,871. The taxes paid—\$46,871—being deducted from the net earnings—\$453,969—leave \$4-6,198, which have been credited in the interest account of the main stem, in which is charged the interest paid for the Baltimore & Ohio & Chicago Railroad Companies loan of 1907. panies' loan of 1927.

Central Railroad & Banking Company of Georgia.

(For the year ended August 31, 1881.)

The report of Col. W. M. Wadley, President, has just been issued in pamphlet form. From it we extract the following: The earnings and expenditures for the past year were-

EARNINGS		
8avannah Division Atlanta Division Railroad Bank Southwestern Railroad Upson County Rail: oad	1880-81. \$1,964,435 741,923 41,506 945,529 14,496	1879-80. \$1,681,142 603,580 46,387 844,866 14,513
Total for roads and bank	\$3,707,891	\$3,190,489
EXPENSES		
Bavannah Division		\$850,029 303,060 17,105 469,478 12,881
Total expenses	\$2,318,396	\$1,652,554
NET EARNIN	GS.	
Bavannah Division. Atlanta Division Railroad Bank Southwestern Railroad Upson County Railroad.	\$796,163 266,765 22,465 302,340 1,760	\$831,113 300,519 29,282 375,387 1,632
Total net	\$1,389,493	\$1,537,934

Compared with the previous year, the earnings of the company have increased \$517.401, and the expenditures \$665.841, showing a decrease in the net receipts of \$148.440. Mr. Wadley says: "The season just past has been unpropitious throughout most of the territory tributary to the line of our road, and labor is now being diverted from cultivating the soil to the construction of competing lines for transportation—thus reducing the product of the soil and constructing lines of transportation in competition with those that are now more

than capable of doing all the business that is offered. While this is presented as a truthful statement of appearances at the present time, it is not to be regarded as depreciating the value of your stock, but as a caution against too sanguine expectation for the future of the company, which is dependent upon many contingencies for its prospe.ity." * * * * "We have been obliged to add largely to our rolling stock, amounting to about \$150,000 over and above that suplied for the previous year. We have also expended \$205,000 for rails, mostly steel, in excess of corresponding expenditures for the previous year or for some years past." * * * "The Western Railroad of Alabama—in which we are jointly interested with the Georgia Railroad Company—has been reasonably prosperous, and we have received from it \$161,000. Bonds of that company amounting to \$300,000 fell due on the 1st of July last. Of these, \$269,000 have been paid by this company and are held for future adjustment with the Georgia Railroad Company. There are yet outstanding \$1,803,000, bonds of the Western Railroad of Alabama. Of these \$636,000 are due in 1888 and \$1,167,000 in 1890. The board have had under consideration the organization of the Western Railroad of Alabama as a company, and then for it to issue bonds to reimburse our company for the payments that have been made on account of it. This will require the co-operation of the Georgia Railroad Company, which it is not doubted will be readily obtained." * * * "In view of the fact that dividends have been withheld from the stockholders and the money expended in constructing and improving the property of the company, the board of direction of the work of the company the board of direction of the company the property of the company the board of direction of the company the prope

which it is not doubted will be readily obtained." ** ** ** "In view of the fact that dividends have been withheld from the stockholders and the money expended in constructing and improving the property of the company, the board of directors during the past year concluded that it would be just to make a distribution of debentures, or certificates of indebtedness, among the stockholders, to compensate somewhat for the interest which they were fairly entitled to upon the original investment. Acting upon this view it was determined to issue debentures to the extent of 40 per cent on the capital stock of this company, and under the terms of the lease of the Southwestern Railroad, its stock was entitled to 32 per cent. To persons not familiar with the past history of this company it may appear that this operated as a virtual watering of the stock, whereas in point of fact it has not been equal to the amount due the stock, allowing only 7 per cent per annum simple interest. This is demonstrated from records of the company and is illustrated by an original subscription to the stock made by the late George B. Cumming, Esq. This stock has been credited with every dividend from the inception of the company, and is equal to dividends of only about 5 6-10 per cent per annum on the investment, and lacking 60 per cent on the stock of paying 7 per cent per annum, simple interest, on the amount subscribed."

'I he earnings of the Ocean Steamship Company, of which Mr. Wadley is also President, have been as follows:

The earnings of the Ocean Steamship Company, of which Mr. Wadley is also President, have been as follows:

 Net earnings of ships.
 \$248,83\$

 Net earnings from Vale Royal property.
 39,941

 Net earnings from Gordon Press.
 12,349

GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS.

Atlantic Mississippi & Ohio.—A dispatch from Richmond, Va., Nov. 18, says that Judges Bond and Hughes of the United States Circuit Court, sitting there, entered an order in the case of the Atlantic Mississippi & Ohio Railroad, directing the payment of the remaining 5 per cent on the bonds of that road, amounting to \$275,000, with 6 per cent interest added for six months and a half. As this money was retained at the instance of the Virginia second mortgage bondholders, this Commonwealth is held liable for \$8,250, the amount of interest for the time named. Representatives of Virginia gave notice, taking appeal from so much of the order of the court as included interest. There still remains the purchase money of the road. appeal from so much of the order of the court as included interest. There still remains the purchase money of the road, subject to the order of the court, about \$520,000, enough, it is thought, to pay the claim, Senator Mahone's \$125,000 for services as President, and other claims against the fund in hand. -American Exchange.

Central Iowa.—At a recent meeting of the directors the articles of incorporation were amended as follows: First—The object of the corporation shall also be to construct, acquire and operate branches in connection with the main line. Second—The capital stock is increased by \$6,000,000. Third—The indebtedness is not to exceed two-thirds of the capital stock. The World says that rumors from Wabash sources state that the management of the Central Iowa will change and the road be operated under the Wabash after January 1.

Chiesea & Northwestern—Green Ray & Minnesata—A

Chicago & Northwestern—Green Bay & Minnesota.—A dispatch to the Cincinnati Enquirer from Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 21, says: "It is stated semi-officially that the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad has purchased of John J. Blair, of New York, the Green Bay & Minnesota Railroad, the consideration being upward of \$800,000."

Chicago Pekin & Southwestern.—In the foreclosure case of the Farmers' Loan & Trust Company against the Chicago Pekin & Southwestern Railroad Company, a motion was filed in Chicago November 14, ostensibly by the railroad company, asking to have the recent sale of the road underforeclosure set aside and the order vacated. The statement was made that the purchaser, F. E. Hinckley, the trustee, and the majority of the holders of the first and second mortgage bonds, agreed the

sale should be set aside. It is understood, however, that this move is really made by F. E. Hinckley, the purchaser. Judge Drummond has refused to give him possession until he pays the floating indebtedness, amounting to about \$200,000, and Mr. Hinckley desires, it is said, to have the sale set aside, and then sell the road under the power in the trust deed, which would out out the floating debtors.—N. Y. World.

Cincinnati & Fastern.—The stockholders have agreed to increase the capital stock from \$500,000 to \$2,000,000, and to increase the bonded debt to such sum as the directors may increase the bonded debt to such sum as the director increase the bonded debt to such sum as the director increase. The object is to complete the main line to Ports determine. The object is to complete the main line to Ports determine. mouth, Ohio, and run a branch from Brush Creek, Scioto County, to Gallipolis.

Cincinnati Indianapolis St. Louis & Chicago,-Following is the official exhibit of the earnings and expenses for the three months ending September 80, 1881, as published in the Cincinnati Gazette

July—Gross carnings. Expenses.	\$177,160 99,488
Net. August- Gross earnings. Expenses.	\$77,767 \$237,263 120,572
Net	\$231,042
Not. Total net for three months. The total yearly fixed charges are. One quarter of this amount for three months is.	\$295,425 \$636,946 159,236
Balance applicable to dividend on stock. Deduct dividend paid October 15, 1881	\$136,188
Surplus for three months.	\$46,188

These figures do not include the rental paid by Wabash RR., amounting to \$16,000.

Cleveland Mount Vernon & Columbus.—A special from Cleveland, O., Nov. 18, to the Chicago Times, says that within a few days a company will be formed to take the title of the road. The property is now held for the bondholders by a committee of trustees consisting of Messrs. J. M. Adams of Cleveland, H. W. Smithers and J. A. Horsey of New York. It is the intention to form a new company, put the road in first-class condition, and build the proposed Dresden branch. When the organization of this new company is completed, the property organization of this new company is completed, the property of the road will be represented entirely by common stock.

Indianapolis Decatur & Springfield.—At a meeting held in Indianapolis, Nov. 17, the stockholders voted to authorize the directors to take all necessary action to carry out the plan, for the adjustment of part of the company's debt, which was published in the Chronicle of Sept. 17. on page 303.

Notice is given that the preferred stock and new s cond mortgage bonds will be ready for delivery at the company's office, No. 120 Broadway, New York, on and after December 1, 1881. Holders of second mortgage bonds, with all coupons thereto belonging, or of the Central Trust Company's certificate for the same, will receive the following new securities: For each income bond, 10 shares (\$1,000) in preferred stock and \$350 in new second mortgage 5 per cent bonds. Scrip will be issued for the bonds, exchangeable for bonds in amounts of \$500 or multiples thereof. 3500 or multiples thereof.

Jacksonville Pensacola & Mobile.—A press dispatch from Tallahassee, Fla., Nov. 19, says: "At a hearing yesterday before Judge Walker, in the State Circuit Court, at the suit of Frank R. Sherwin, the representative of and contractor with the Dutch holders of the Florida 8 per cent bonds, against Charles D. Willard, Calvin H. Allen, and others, the Court denied the motion to appoint a receiver, but issued a temporary injunction restraining the conveyance of the property until the final judgment is made."

Lehigh Valley.—A dispatch from Buffalo states that the road has acquired the Tifft farm, consisting of 400 acres, for the sum of \$300,000. The Clinton Branch was opened Nov. 29. The Lehigh Valley now controls the Buffalo Creek Road.

Minnesota State Railroad Bonds.—The Minnesota State Railroad bonds were issued to the railroad companies in the

additioning amounts respectively.	
To the Minuscota & Pacific Rai read Company	\$300,000
To the Minucapolis & Cedar Valley Company	600,000
To the Transit Company	500,000
To the Southern Minnesota Company	575,000

State Auditor Whitcomb, in regard to the claims against the railroads, states that already more than \$300,000 in claims have been filed. The time for filing does not expire until December 4, but it is his belief that all the claims are in or nearly so.— St. Paul Pioneer-Press.

names of themselves as associated with Mr. Jay Gould and others. The World says: "The New York & New England has recently finished its line to Newburg, on the Hudson, connecting there with the Pennsylvania and Erie roads, and the Lehigh Valley and New Jersey Central companies propose to push their roads to the same point. The New York & New England trains now come into New York City over the New York New Haven & Hartford line, passengers being landed at the Grand Central depot. On the Western Division the New York & New England trains reach this city by connecting at Brewsters with the New York City & Northern to One Hundred and Fifty-fifth street. It is said that, unless Mr. Vanderbilt succeeds in preventing it, the trains over the New York & New Haven line will cross the river directly to the Second avenue elevated railway line over a bridge to be built across the Harlem River."

Northern Pacific .- President Arthur has accepted the report of the Government Commissioner appointed to examine a recently-completed section of 100 miles of the Northern Pacific Railroad, beginning in Dakota and ending in Montana, and upon this acceptance the Interior Department will issue patents to the company for two and a half million acres of public land to which it is entitled under its land grant of 25,000 acres per

Oregon Railway & Navigation Co.—At a meeting of the board of directors, held Nov. 21, a resolution was passed to increase the capital stock from 120,000 shares to 180,000, by issuing 60,000 additional shares, such shares to be offered for sub-cription at par to stockholders of record Dec. 28, 1881, in proportion to their respective holdings of stock, the subscription books to be opened at the offices of the company in New York and Portland, Oregon, on Dec. 29, 1881, and closed on Jan. 5, 1882; and all rights not availed of on the last-named day to be disposed of as the board shall direct.

The stock appertaining to the first two instalments to be delivered Feb. 1 and to be entitled to all subsequent dividends. The stock appertaining to the next three instalments to be delivered June 1 and to be entitled to all subsequent dividends. The stock appertaing to the last three instalments to be delivered Sept. 1 and to be entitled to all subsequent dividends.

Mr. Villard says in his circular that the reasons which have led the board of directors to propose an increase of the stock are that the actual construction expenditures during the current year exceeded the estimates, and that, owing to the closer relations between the company and the Northern Pacific, 100 miles of new line in addition to the mileage included in the original construction programme will have to be built; also, that more cars and locomotives are needed.

A meeting of stockholders is called at Portland, Oregon, Dec. 20, to take action on the resolution.

Pennsylvania Railroad.—The gross and net earnings in Oct., and for the first ten months of the year, are specially compiled for the CHRONICLE in the table below. In Oct., 1881, there was a decrease of \$209,743 in gross earnings and a decrease of \$333,362 in net earnings. For the ten months there was an increase in 1881 of \$2,414,885 in gross, and \$636,141 in net, earnings. ALL LINES EAST OF PITTSBURG AND ERIE

Gross Earnings.— 1891. 1880. \$3.189.215 \$3.083,5 Net E 1881. \$1,206,861 1,158,104 1,799,226 1,655,810 1,688,610 1,488,543 1,490,971 1,444,504 1,463,177 1880. \$1,366,298 1,232,182 1,511,248 1,495,582 1,476,852 1,012,247 1,802,305 1,554,480 1,474,910 1,688,394 -Net Earnings 1880. \$3,083,551 2,944,576 3,278,186 3,488,386 3,417,916 3,221,470 3,449,644 3,723,355 3,617,543 January February March 3,189,215 3,095,614 3,844,304 3,760,372 3,856,897 3,807,437 3,780,418 3,809,978 3,735,006 3,672,971 3,882,714 1,355,032

As to the lines west of Pittsburg and Erie, the monthly reports issued in 1880 and for the current year show the results below. The company's report, however, states the gain since Jan. 1 this year, against the same period in 1880, as \$228,478.

Total.....\$36,552,212 \$34,137,327 \$14,750,838

ALL LINES WEST OF PITTSBURG & ERIE.

A	Net Surplus	Inc. or Dec. in		
January		\$305,304	Inc., \$76,235	
February		116,710	Inc 26,787	
March		557,171	Dec. 115,270	
April		312,269	Inc 184,495	
May		11,201	Inc 207,281	
June	def. 56,400	8,481	Dec. 64,881	
July		300,827	Dec. 122,294	
August		267,298	Inc 88,475	
September		3 30R 206,982	Inc 38,355	
October		419,606	Dec. 81,817	
Net total	\$2,743,213	\$2,505,847	Inc \$237,366	

Philadelphia & Reading.—The statement for October and for the eleven months ended October 31 is as follows:

St. 1 att 1 to 1607-1 7 636.			1070 00 -
New York Lake Erie & Western-New York Pennsylvania	Gross	Profit Profit for	Profit Profit for
& Ohio.—The Pittsburg Dispatch says: "Within the next few	Recoipts	for Eleven	
months these roads will be combined under one management	Oct.	Oct. Months.	oot. Months
and controlled by one company. This assertion is made on the	RailroadCo \$. \$	\$ 22 2 129 679
authority of one of the most prominent officials of the New	Railroad traffic 1,822,830		807,933 7,138.679 68 69 : 336,276
actionity of the of the most prominent omerals of the New		48,772 341,023	68,692 336,276 25,696 186,955
York Pennsylvania & Ohio, and can be relied upon as correct."	Steam colliers 61,319	32,629 249,980	25,696 100,000
New York & New England Mr. Russell Sage and Mr.	Richmond coal barges 10,206	1.413 2,407	785 701
Cyrus W. Field said to a World reporter that there was good			- 000 BOX
foundation for the report that at the closing of the stock-books	Total RR. Co 1,989,947	885,831 8,124,680	903,108 7.662,605 140,758 373,955
of the New York & New England Railroad Company lett More	Coat & 1ron Co 1,441,075		
day a majority of the 200,000 shares were found to be in the	- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	200 202 0 0 2 0 0	1 043 967 8.036,360
day a majorny of the 200,000 shares were found to be in the	1 Total both compan's 3,431,621	1,032,265 9,035,912	1,043,801 0,000

Port Royal & Augusta.—At the annual meeting last week the following statement was presented for the half-year end-

ing June 80:	1881.	1880.	Increase.
Gross earnings	\$179,166 137,495	\$132,714 110,153	\$16,451 27,242
	0.1.050	600 701	

At the meeting a board controlled by the Central of Georgia was chosen, and it is announced that the road will pass formally under the Central's control on December 1.—Rattroad

South Carolina Railroad —On Saturday, Nov. 19, Judge Bond, sitting in chambers as of the United States Circuit Court, finally settled the case of Calvin Cafflin and others, against the South Carolina Railroad Company and others, by signing orders confirming the compromise made with the syndicate, directing the transfer of the road to the new company and fixing the expenses of the sale. The road extends from Charleston, S. C., penses of the sale. The road extends to Columbia, S. C., and to Augusta, Ga.

South Carolina State Bonds.—The Treasurer of the United States holds bonds of South Carolina amounting to \$243,750 principal and interest, dated January 1, 1856, and on application to the State Treasurer requesting to know what provision tion to the State Treasurer requesting to know what provision had been made for their payment, received a reply stating that "The State capital bonds of 1855 and all bonds issued prior to the 1st of January, 1866, together with all their unpaid coupons which matured on or before the 1st of January, 1880, are exchangeable on the surrender thereof at this office, for 6 per cent consolidated bonds or stock bearing interest from the 1st of January, 1880, at the rate of 50 per cent of face value of bonds and coupons so surrendered. No other provision has been made by law, either for the payment or funding of the principal and interest of the bonds referred to."

Stock Exchange New Securities.—The Governing Committee have admitted the following securities to the list:

Missouri Kansas & Texas Railway.—Additional issue of bonds under its general consolidated mortgage of December 1, 1880, aggregating \$1,000,000.

Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.—1,230 additional bonds of the Hastings & Dakota division on eighty-two miles of newly-completed road at the rate of \$15,000 per mile, amounting to \$1,230,000.

Ohio Central Railroad.—(1.) First mortgage bonds "Mineral Division," \$300,000, in denominations of \$1,000, da "Mineral Division," \$300,000, in denominations of \$1,000, dated January 1, 1881, and maturing January 1, 1921; bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum. (2.) Income bonds of the "Mineral Division," \$300,000, of the same denomination and date, bearing interest not to exceed 7 per cent, and non-completing cumulative.

United States National Bank.—Capital stock \$500,000, non-dividend bearing for a series of years.

dividend bearing for a series of years.

Chicago Burlington & Quincy Railroad—(1). Three million dollars lowa Division mortgage bonds; interest 5 per cent, payable semi-annually, April and October. (2.) Nine million dollars Iowa Division mortgage bonds; interest 4 per cent, payable semi-annually, April and October.

All of the above bonds bear date Oct. 1, 1879, and mature Oct. 1, 1919. Not exceeding \$16,000 per mile on single track, main line, and \$14,000 per mile on second track. Annual sinking fund of 1½ per cent on bonds issued, to be applied in purchase of 5 per cent bonds, at not more than 5 per cent premium and accrued interest, or 4 per cent bonds at not more than par and accrued interest. In case of insufficient offerings the bonds to be drawn by lot and paid at 105 or par. according the bonds to be drawn by lot and paid at 105 or par, according to bonds surrendered.

Oregon & California Railroad.—First mortgage bonds, 3,000,000. The issue of bonds is limited to \$20,000 per mile of stually constructed road, and as that already completed is 806% miles, the present issue comes within the limitation. The bonds mature in July 1921, and bear interest at 6 per cent, payable January and July. A sinking fund is to be created July 1, 1886, for their redemption by lot at 110 per cent.

Richmond & West Point Terminal Railway and Warehouse Company.—Capital stock, \$3,000,000, in \$100 shares, fully paid; no bonds issued.

GENERAL ACCOUNT, NOVEMBER 5, 1881. Capital stock. \$3,000.000
Bills payable. \$492,500
Accounts payable. \$23,913
Amount due on stock and bonds purchased Due individuals and companies. \$190,408
Due on cotton compress at West Point \$18,092 \$121,432 5,533 176,614 1,698,641 1,456,532 Bill receivable.
Cost of stock owned...
Cost of bonds owned...
Cost of cotton compress
wharves,ctc., at Richmond and West Point
Due from individuals
and companies..... 69,265

Total \$4,010,845

Total.... \$1,010,845

Washington & Ohio. - This railroad, extending from Alexan-Washington & Ohio.—This railroad, extending from Alexandria into Loudon County 51 miles, is advertised to be sold January 31, 1882. It is reported that at the recent meeting of the bondholders held in Alexandria for the purpose of devising some plan for protecting the interests of the bondholders under the 1st, 2d, 3d and 4th liens, either by the purchase of the road themselves or for making Mr. McComb pay enough for it to secure them, nothing could be done on account of the unfriend-type of the parties. because them, nothing counts be used to account the parties.

— Baltimore Sun.

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, November 25, 1881.

The troubles of the national banks at Newark, N. J., and Boston, Mass., were followed by rumors affecting the standing of similar institutions in this city, and caused much disquietude in monetary circles. Evidency the banks throughout the country are endeavoring to strengthen and secure their positions, and values of merchandise are unfavorably affected thereby; the pressure to reduce stocks held in store on speculation has been increased, while trade, usually dull at this season. has been interrupted by the annual Thanksgiving holiday! Lower prices are the natural result. Speculations for the advance predicted on short crops have been checked; but no serious declines have taken place, and mercantile circles are apparently in a good position, and confident that after the holidays a better turn of affairs may be expected.

Rio coffee has been very quiet at the quotations of last week; the stock in first hands here has, moreover, been increased to 119,619 bags; mild grades have met with a very moderate sale at unchanged prices. Rice has remained steady, and the deliveries to the trade have continued on a fair scale. Spices have remained very dull, and to a great extent nominal in price. Foreign fruits have been in fair demand at essentially unchanged prices. Tea has continued to decline at large auction sales; at a sale to-day of 9,500 packages, Japans fell off 2c. and most grades of green 1c., though Formosa colongs remained about steady. New crop New Orleans molasses has latterly been quoted at 58@63c., with moderate transactions within this range; other kinds have been dull and nominal. Raw sugar has broken away from what appeared to be the secure position of many weeks past, the extreme dulness of the traffic in refined leading importers to reduce their quotations in order to stimulate business. The market closes very dull at 734@7%c. for fair to good refining Cuba and 834c. for 96-degrees test Centrifugal.

Boxes. Bags. 212,113 219,846 526,858 991,937 Receipts since November 1 13,382 sales since November 1 15,444 Stock November 24, 1881 47,667 Stock November 24, 1880 41,217 4,182 6,515 7,735 52 3,658

Refined sugars closed dull at 91/2c. for granulated, 10c. for powdered and cubes, 10%c. for crushed and cut loaf, and 9%@ 91/4c. for standard soft white "A."

Kentucky tobacco has been more active, the sales of the week aggregating 1,859 hhds, of which 1,764 for export. Prices are a shade easier but close firm; lugs, 6@7c., and leaf 7½@13c. Seed leaf has been quiet, and the sales are only 763 cases, as follows: 300 cases, 1880 crop, Pennsylvania, 6@35c., 363 cases, 1880 crop, New England, 16@35c., and 100 cases, 1880 crop, Ohio, on private terms. Also 450 bales Havana, 86c.@\$1 15.

The provisions market has latterly shown a better tone. Some recovery of the late declines has taken place, and speculative interest has been to a certain extent revived. The revo-Some recovery of the late declines has taken place, and speculative interest has been to a certain extent revived. The revocation of the French edict prohibiting the importation of American hog products has resulted in large sales of bacon in the West for that market. To-day mess pork sold on the spot at \$1750; February contracts realized \$18@\$18 05. Bacon sold at \$14@93\%c. for long clear. Lard advanced 10c. per 100 lbs., and was fairly active; prime Western sold on the spot at 11 30c.; do. for November, 11 20@\$11 25c.\$; December, 11 27\%c011 30c.\$; January, 11 42\%c011 52\%c.\$; February, 11 52\%c011 62\%c.\$; January, 11 42\%c011 52\%c.\$; February, 11 52\%c011 62\%c.\$; March, 11 62\%c011 65c.\$; May, 11 75\%c011 77\%c.\$; refined to the Continent, 11 55c. Beef quiet at \$25\%c008\$26 50 for extra city India mess. Beef hams dull at \$20. Butter and cheese have been about steady and only moderately active. Tallow sells slowly at 7\%c. Stearine is wholly nominal at 11\%c. In naval stores much irregularity has prevailed; while spirits turpentine has advanced to 56c., in sympathy with the Southern markets, rosins have declined to \$2 20\%c00\\$2 25 for good strained, in view of the small export interest and the unfavorable foreign aivices. Refined petroleum has declined with crude. The production is steadily increasing, and the European markets are well supplied. Refined for export quoted 7\%c. Crude certificates have been active at declining prices. There were sales at the close at 80\%c. Ingot copper has been firmer and closed at 18\%c008\$208\$3. for Lake. All other metals are firm, though perhaps a trifle less active.

Ocean frierbt-room has been very fairly taken of late. Rates

Ocean freight-room has been very fairly taken of late. Rates have improved for berth tonnage and charter room is well maintained in view of the small number of vessels in port. The engagements to-day included: Grain to Liverpool by steam, td., 60 lbs., and 3 ½d. standard; bacon 12s. 6d.@15s.; cheese, 15s.@ 17s. 6d; cotton, 11-64@/4d.; flour, 12s. 6d; grain to Tyne Dock by steam, 5/2d.; do. to Bremen by steam, 1 mark; do. to Cork by steam, 5.20.; do. to bremen by steam, 1 mark; do. to Oreffer orders by sail, 4s. 4½d. per quarter; naphtha to Plymouth, 3s. 6d.; refined petroleum to Bristol, 3s.; do. to Bristol Channel, 3s. 3d.; do. to Newcastle, 3s. 6d.; crude do. to Blaze, 3s. 6d.; case oil to Japan, 32@35c., latter rate if two ports.

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., November 25, 1881.

FRIDAI, F. M., November 25, 1881.

From the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening (Nov. 25), the total receipts have reached 221,876 bales, against 224,837 bales last week, 224,420 bales the previous week and 216,685 bales three weeks since; making the total receipts since the 1st of September, 1881, 2,053,513 bales, against 2,319,716 bales for the same period of 1880, showing a decrease since September 1, 1881, of 266,203 bales.

Receipts at-	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Total.
Galveston	3,221	4,195	1,495	1,787	2,036	3,645	16,379
Indianola, &c.						645	645
New Orleans	6,477	21,234	9,299	10,527	8,308	6,179	62,024
Mobile	2,291	8,177	1,342	1,633	869	2,610	16,922
Florida						1,400	1,400
Bayannah	6,112	8,256	7,636	5,759	5,822	3,301	36,886
Brunsw'k, &c.						863	863
Charleston	4,915	6,231	4,360	5,685	3,439	3,649	28,279
Pt. Royal, &c.						918	918
Wilmington	1,462	1,321	2,130	954	500	1,539	7,906
Moreh'd C.,&c						1,235	1,235
Norfolk	4,103	6,779	7,552	4,329	4,020	3,972	30,755
City Point, &c.						2,858	2,858
New York	358	2.442	868	449	750	528	5,395
Boston	1,230	1,069	1,899	1,413	1,527		7,158
Baltimore		100			263		428
Philadelp'a, &c.	120	566	227	154		758	1,825
Totals this week	30,309	60,135	36,898	32,690	27,534	34,100	221.876

For comparison, we give the following table showing the week's total receipts, the total since Sept. 1, 1881, and the stocks to-night and the same items for the corresponding periods of last year.

Receipts to	18	81.	18	880.	Slock.		
November 25.	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1881.	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1880.	1881.	1880.	
Galveston	16,379	212,126	24,384	251,95	98,281	90,002	
Indianola, &c	645	8,268	134	7,583	436		
New Orleans	62,024	526,249	44,987	503.703	249,061	255,410	
Mobile	16,9 :2	120,78	14,406	153,373	38,656	36,334	
Florida	1,400	9,755	1,535	6.953	692		
Bavannah	36,886	389,554	32,570	447,145	100,173	135,829	
Brunswick, &c.	.863	5,258	89	3,299			
Charleston	28,279	293,663	24,072	331,970	113,150	128,372	
Port Royal, &c.	918	12,963	3,237	24,403	745	6,859	
Wilmington	7,906	68.278	7,157	70,326	19,775	27,749	
M'head City,&c	1,237	7,555	1,143	11,314			
Norfolk	30,755	273,875	31,388	324,376	62,791	61,296	
City Point, &c.	2,858	27,11	11,053	95,930			
New York	5,395	19,876	3,10-	28,875	156,024		
Boston	7,158	60,088	4,082	33,728	3,420	3,675	
Baltimore	428	11,867	1,036	10,630			
Philadelphia, &c.	1,825	16,238	811	14,155			
Total	221,876	2,053,513	205,192	2,319,716	901,086	897.052	

In order that comparison may be made with other years, we give below the totals at leading ports for six seasons.

Receipts at-	1881.	1880.	1879.	1878.	1877.	1876.
Galvest'n.&c	17,024	24,518	27,743	22,827	18,658	26,938
New Orleans	62,024	44,987	78,896	50,878	60,393	54,116
Mobile	16,922	14,406	21,099	18,695	17,541	19,240
Bavannah	36.986	32,57	35,668	21,588	25,751	26,942
Charl'st'n, &	29,197	27.309	25,928	22,617	15,789	28,449
Wilm'gt'n, &c	9,141	8,300	5,235	7,202	7,145	7,871
Norfolk, &c	33,613	42,411	38,435	23,311	16,982	29,578
All others	17,069	10,661	16.148	17,507	9,957	11,695
Tot.this w'k.	221,876	205,192	249,152	184,625	172,216	204,879
Since Sept. 1.	2053,513	2319,746	2134.998	1730,234	1499,517	1843,665

Galvecton includes Indianola; Charleston includes Port Royal, &c.; Wilmington includes Morehead City, &c.; Norfolk includes City Point, &c.

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 107,855 bales, of which 54,076 were to Great Britain, 18,996 to France and 34,783 to rest of the Continent, while the stocks as made up this evening are now 901,086 bales. Below are the exports for the week and since September 1, 1881.

Boyorts from—	Wee	k Endir Export		25.	From Sept. 1, 1881. to Nov. 25, 1881 Exported to-				
	Great Brit'n.	Prance	Conti- nent.	Total Week.	Great Britain.	France	Conti- nent.	Total.	
Galveston	1,006	1,458		2,51	58,012	3,531	14,713	71,256	
New Orleans	9,120	15,535	11,940	33,693	164,259	73,466	69,768	307,493	
Mobile					7,970			7,970	
Florida					3,900			3,990	
Bayannah			20,251	20,231	57,63	8,25	80,687	146,549	
Charleston	7,714		1,743	9,407	55,986	9,206	41,488	108,63	
Wilmington	4,618	1,430		6,048	17,628	1,430	8,089	22,147	
Norfolk	16,99	1	800	17,70	101,711		9,660	111,871	
New York	9,496	57	949	1100	88.530	12,720	22,086	123.342	
Boston	4,672			4,672	25,710		1	23,711	
Baltimore					19,713		12,258	31,969	
Philadelp's,&c	500			500	11,087		50	11,137	
Total	34, 76	18,998	34,783	107,85	610,094	108.6 3	253,778	972,475	
Total 1990	02 24	5,008	94 700	193 750	799 845	163,631	229.744	1,188,220	

Includes exports from Port Royal, &c.

In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named. We add similar figures for New York, which are prepared for our special use by Messrs. Carey, Yale & Lambert, 60 Beaver Street.

	Or	-					
Nov. 25, AT-	Great Britain. Fran		France. Other Foreign		Total.	Leaving Stock.	
New Orleans Mobile Cnarleston Savannah Galveston Yew York Other ports	8,893	22,724 2,200 4,050 1,600 2,936 None. None.	12,293 None. 5,300 11,200 11,280 1,000 2,100	2,189 1,600 2,014 4,800 4,512 None. 4,000	58,964 4,800 23,128 22,700 27,621 *3,500 11,700	190,160 33,856 90,022 77,475 70,660 152,524 134,036	
Total	56,055		43,173	19,115	152,353	1	

* Included in this amount there are 500 bales at presses for foreign ports, the destination of which we cannot learn.

The course of business the past week has been interrupted by a close holiday (Thanksgiving, November 24). The speculation in futures was moderately active at variable prices. On Saturday a very low estimate of the current crop, put forth with much detail and many concurrent opinions, caused the recovery of most of the decline of last Friday. Some adverse reports regarding the prospects of the top crop had also an influence in the same direction. But on Monday the very large receipts at the ports (over 60,000 bales, against about 40,000 bales for the corresponding day last year) caused a decline. Tuesday was variable and weak till toward its close, when a demand to cover contracts promoted a slight advance in futures. On Wednesday weak accounts at Liverpool, and the indications which were apparent on all sides that a free movement of the crop was taking placethe effect in part of money pressure—caused a decline. On Thursday it was severely cold over a large portion of the cottongrowing region, doubtless putting a stop to growth of the staple for this season in a considerable section. To-day there was an early decline, but the close was dearer on port receipts and strong Liverpool advices. Cotton on the spot advanced 1-16. on Saturday and declined 1-16c on Monday. On Wednesday while uplands were unchanged Gulfs were advanced 1-16c, putting middlings of the two growths 5-16c apart, a much wider difference than usual. To-day the market was quiet and unchanged.

The total sales for forward delivery for the week are 674,400 bales. For immediate delivery the total sales foot up this week 5,866 bales, including 2,082 for export, 2,524 for consumption, 1,260 for speculation and — in transit. Of the above, 320 bales were to arrive. The following are the official quotations and sales for each day of the past week sales for each day of the past week.

Nov. 19 to	UI	PLANI	08.	NEW	EW ORLEANS.			TEXAS	
Nov. 25.	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Sat.	Mon.	Tues
Ordin'y. P b	914	9316	9316	942	97:6	9716	919	9716	9716
Strict Ord	91318	93	934		10	10	10116	10	10
Good Ord	1058	10916	10916	1078	101316	101316	1078	101316	101820
Str. G'd Ord	11116	11	11	11518	1114	1114	11516	114	114
Low Mid i'g		1112	1110	111310	1134	113	111310	1134	11%
Str.L'w Mid	111318	1134	1134	12116	12	12	12116	12	12
Middling	12	111516	111510	124	12316	12818	124	12316	12316
	1238	12516	12516	1258	12916	12918	1259	12916	12916
Str. G'd Mid	1208	12918	12916	1278	121318	121316	1278	121316	121316
Mida'g Fair		13116		1338	13516	13518	1338	13316	13516
Fair	137a	131316	131316	11418	14116	14116	1418	14116	14116
	Wed	Th.	Fri.	Wed	Th.	Fri.	Wed	Th.	Fri
Ordin'y. Ph	9316	:	9316	912	:	912	919	-	912
Strict Ord	934	1	934	10116	:	10118	10116		10116
Good Ord	10916	:	10916	1078		1079	1079		1078
Str. G'd Ord	11		11	11518	B	11818	111316	1 5	11516
Low Midd'g		2	1112	111316	12	111318	111318	3	1113
Str. L'w Mid	1134	Holiday	1134	12116	Holiday	12116	12116	Holiday	12116
Middling	111516	2	111516	124	2	124	124	2	124
Good Mid	12516	1	12516	1258	1	1258	1258	H	1258
Str. G'd Mid	12916		12914	1278		1278	12 9	1	127
Midd'g Fair	13116	:	13116	133	:		1338	1	1338
Fair	131316	:	131316	1418	! :	1418	1418	1 :	144
S	TAINE	ED.		Sat.	Mon	Tues	Wed	Th.	Fri

Low Middling

MARKET AND SALES.

		SALE	S OF S	POT AN	ID TRA	NSIT.	PUTU	RES.
	SPOT MARKET CLOSED.	Ex- port.			Tran-	Total.	Sales.	Deliveries.
Sat	Steady at 116 adv Quiet at 116 dec		A A	460 200			113,700 141,100	600
Tues.	Quiet Dull at rev. quo.	650 190	829	200		1,679	103,800	400
Thurs		1,140			day	1,917	201,400	300
Total		2.082	2.524	1,260		5,866	674,400	2,300

The daily deliveries given above are actually delivered the day previous to that on which they are reported.

THE SALES AND PRICES OF FUTURES are shown by the following comprehensive table. In this statement will be found the daily market, the prices of sales for each month each day, and the closing bids, in addition to the daily and total sales.

Sales since Sept. 1, '811 '9,322,200	Total sales this week.	Friday, Nov. 25— Sales, total Prices paid (range). Closing.	Thursday, Nov. 24— Sales, total. Prices paid (range). Closing.	Wednesday, Nov. 23— Sales, total. Prices paid (range). Closing.	Tuesday, Nov. 22— Bales, total	Monday, Nov. 21— Variable. 141,100 Prices paid (range). 11.80@13.08 Lower.	Saturday, Nov. 19— Sales, total. Prices paid (range). Closing.	FUTURES.	Market, Prices and Sales of
9,322,200	674,400	Buoyant. 201,400 11.77 \$13.09 Firm.	منح	Lower. 114,400 11.90@12.97 Firm.	Variable. 103,800 11 83 2 13 05 Firmer.	Variable. 141,100 11.80æ13.08 Lower.	Firmer. 113,700 11.78.213.02 Firm.	Total Sales.	Market, Range and
507,400	8,500	1,900 11.77 3 11.95 11.96—11.97		800 11:80æ11:81 11:79–11:81	3,300 11.83 <i>#</i> 11.87 11.87–11.88	800 11.80 2 11.90 11.82—11.84	1.700 11.78 <i>¢</i> 11.85 11.86–11.88	November.	
1,378,700	63,800	17,100 11.77@11.96 11.97—11.98		11,500 11.82 <i>#</i> 11.86 11.83—11.84	12,600 11.88 2 11.92 11.91—11.92	9,000	13,600 11.80@11.93 11.93—11.94	December.	
3,426,600	160,800	42,600 11.97.a12.19 12.18—12.19		11.400 1.500 1	23.200 12.06@12.12 12.16—12.11	43,800 12.04 & 12.19 12.09-	1.700 11.78 \(\pi\) 11.85 \(\pi\) 11.86 \(\pi\) 12.90 \(\pi\) 12.94 \(\pi\) 12.94 \(\pi\) 12.95 \(\pi\)	January.	DAILY
1,061,800	104,500	32,900 12:17:#12:38 12:39—		19,000 12:21@12:25 12:23—12:24	13,400 12.26æ12.33 12.30—12.31	21.400 12.26 & 12.37 12.28—12.28	17.800 12:21 a 12:34	February	LY PRIOES
1,386,400	205,800	52,600 12:36@12:59 12:58—12:59		40,500 12:39@12:4(12:41-12:4:	32.600 12.45@12.52 12.49—12.50	47.200 12.43@12.57 12.47—12.48	32,900 12:40:#12:5: 12:52—12:5:	March.	S AND SAL
409.800	72,300	29.800 12.50@12.75 12.74—12.75	Holiday	13,300 12.53 @ 12.6 12.55—	10.500 12.59@12.65	9,700 12:58@12:70 12:61—12:6:	9,000 12.53 3 12.6 12.66—12.6	April.	ES OF FU
257.400	33,400	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		5.800 12.64@12.69 12.77@ 12.77—12.78	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	11.52-11.84 11.90- 12.09- 12.09- 12.28-12.28 12.47-12.48 12.61-12.68 12.74 12.88-12.91	3,100 12.65 #12.75 12.77—12.75	Мау.	PRICES AND SALES OF FUTURES FOR
109.200	13,500	4,300 12.72#12.96 12.96—12.97		1,200 12.77@ 12.77—12.78	2.300 12.81 3 12.89 12.86—12.87	3,700 12:80 a 12:92 12:83—12:84	3,100 2,400 12-65#12-75 12-74#12-87 12-85#12-1 12-77-12-75 12-89-12-90 12-98-13-1	June.	EACH MONTH.
30.100	3,000	2,100 12.83 2 13.05 13.06—13.07				12·89 2 13·00 12·93—12·94	12.85 a 12.88 12.98—13.00	July.	VTH.
18.300	6,600	0 500 700 05 12 91 2 13 0 9 12 30 2 12 48	Hollday	1,600 12.94.2.97 12.95—12.96	700 13·00 2 13·05 13·03—13·04	00 1,500 00 12.97@13.08 94 13.00—13.02	00 2,300 -88 12:95 @ 13:02 -00 13:04—13:06	August.	
6.100	1,800	700 12·80@12·48		10:	1,100	 •: !	19:	September.	

*Includes sales in September, 1881, for September, 314,000; September-October for October, 416,400.

Transferable Orders—Saturday, 11:90; Monday, 11:85; Tuesday' 11:90; Wednesday, 11:85; Thursday, —; Friday, 12.

Short Notices for November—Tuesday, 11:82; Friday, 11:75.

The following exchanges have been made during the week:

'38 pd. to exch. 100 Jan. for Mar.	38 pd. to exch. 100 Jan. for Mar.
'05 pd. to exch. 300 Nov. for Dec.	·23 pd. to exch. 200 Nov. for Jan.
'92 pd. to exch. 500 Jan. for Aug. '74 pd. to exch. 500 Jan. for June.	'60 pd. to exch. 100 Dec. for Mar. '75 pd. to exch. 300 Dec. for Apr.
34 pd. to exch. 1.000 Dec. for June.	20 pd. to exch. 100 Jan. for Feb.
	'75 pd. to exch. 100 Dec. for Apr.

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. The Continental stocks are the figures of last Saturday, but the totals for Great Britain and the affoat for the Continent are this week's returns, and consequently brought down to Thursday evening; hence, to make the totals the complete figures for to-night (Nov. 25), we add the item of export from the United States, including in it the exports of Friday only:

	Stock at Liverpoolbales. Stock at London	1881. 456,000 38,900			
	Total Great Britain stock .	494,900	479,400		
	Stock at Havre	140,000			
	Stock at Marseilles	3,590			
	Stock at Barcelona	32,100			
	Stock at Hamburg	16,000			
	Stock at Bremen	49,900			
	Stock at Amsterdam	14.900	7.840	14.480	
	Stock at Rotterdam	1.060		1.900	
	Stockat Antwerp	1.950	981		2,750
	Stock at other conti'ntal ports.	7,850			
	Total continental ports	267,330	175,471	113,471	156,250
	Total European stocks	762,250	654,871	485,404	491,500
	India cotton affoat for Europe.	68,000	52,000	69,262	84,000
•	Amer'n cotton afloat for Eur'pe	414,000			475,000
	Egypt, Brazil, &c., afit for E'r'pe	33,000			28,000
	Stock in United States ports	901,086			611,380
	Stock in U. S. interior ports	325,903		264.183	205.912
	United Strtes exports to-day	6,600			18,000
	Total visible supply	,510,839	2,365,407	2,103.387	1,913,792
	Of the above, the totals of Ameri	can and o	ther descri	ptions are	s follows:
	American-				
	Liverpool stock	350,000			175,000
	Continental stocks	111,000	96,000	35,000	119,000
	American affoat for Europe	414.000	451,000		475,000
	United States stock	901.086	895,625	683,031	611,380
	United States interior stocks	325,903	247,911	264.183	205,912
	United States exports to-day	6.600	20,000	23,000	18,000
	Total American2	,108,589	2,029,536	1,739,549	1,604,292
	East Indian, Brazil, &c				
	Liverpool stock	106,000	117,000	115,000	126,000
	London stock	38,900	44,100	54,933	34.250
1	Continental stocks	156,350	79,471	78.471	37,250
ı	India afloat for Europe	68,000	52,000	69,262	84,000
١	Egypt, Brazil, &c., affoat	33,000	43,000	46.172	28,000
П					

The above figures indicate an *increase* in the cotton in sight to-night of 145,432 bales as compared with the same date of 1880, an *increase* of 407,452 bales as compared with the corresponding date of 1879 and an *increase* of 597,047 bales as compared with 1878.

AT THE INTERIOR PORTS the movement—that is the receipts and shipments for the week, and stocks to-night, and for the corresponding week of 1880—is set out in detail in the following statement.

	Week en	ding Nov	. 25, '81.	Week en	ding Nov	. 26, '80.
	Receipts.	Shipm'ts	Stock.	Receipts	Shipm'ts	Stock.
Augusta, Ga	7,194	6,537	27,498	9,160	8,118	20,772
Columbus, Ga		2,828	23,175	4.452	3,597	18,789
Macon, Ga	1 840	2,394	8,322	2.421	3.439	6,558
Montgom'ry, Ala.		3,581	11,547	5,095	6,215	9,409
Selma, Ala.*	3,218	2,402	11.620	4,500	4,657	7,500
Memphis, Tenn	22,449	15,073	75,853	17.46	16,683	63,516
Nashville, Tenn.		766	15,472	3.548	2,923	9,150
Dallas, Texas	1.253	1.372	5,357	1.479		4.092
Jefferson, Tex	1,840	640	2,430	1,293		4.475
Shreveport, La	2.072	2,228	10,161	2,322	3.41	6,001
Vicksburg, Miss.	7,322	6,392	10,477	4,327	4,519	6,261
Columbus, Miss	1,587	1,152	8,705	1,395	773	3,535
Eufaula, Ala	2.771	1.951	2,857	2,924	2,559	3,710
Griffin, Ga		1,970	4,106	1,992	1.945	3,719
Atlanta, Ga	5,140	4,342	26,809	4,395	4,597	17,698
Rome, Ga		6,007	11,723	6,04	2,769	17,776
Charlotte, N. C		1.158	500	1,500	1.482	750
St. Louis, Mo		18,159	61 235	11,018	12,343	34,048
Cincinnati, O		14,175	8,056	14,226	12,255	10,152
Total, old ports	112,272	93,127	325,903	99,468	93.883	247,911
Newberry, 8 C	997	997	677	1.141	1.088	482
Raleigh, N. C	1.893	2,900	2,501	3,639	2,700	4.030
l'etersburg, Va	1.581	1.197	4.141	1.095	968	767
Louisville, Ky	2,060	1,238	6.384	877	736	5,176
Little Rock, Ark.	1.4×5	753	4,216	926	926	686
Brenham, Tex	561	674	1,851	1.105	969	2,223
Houston, Tex	17,945	16,554	21,387	23,199	27.266	23,201
Total, new ports	26,522	24,313	41,157	31,982	34,653	36,565
Total, all			367,060	131,450	128,536	284,476

This year's figures estimated. The above totals show that the old interior stocks have increased during the week 19,145 bales, and are to-night 77,992 bales more than at the same period last year. The receipts at the same towns have been 12,804 bales more than the same week last year.

RECEIPTS FROM THE PLANTATIONS.—The following table is prepared for the purpose of indicating the actual movement each week from the plantations. Receipts at the outports are sometimes misleading, as they are made up more largely one year than another, at the expense of the interior stocks. We reach therefore, a safer conclusion through a comparative statement like the following. In reply to frequent inquiries we wil add that these figures, of course, do not include overland receipts or Southern consumption; they are simply a statement of the weekly movement from the plantations of that part of the erop which finally reaches the market through the out-ports.

Week	Receip	ts at the	Ports.	Stock at	t Interio	r Ports	Rec'pts	from P	lant'ns.
ending-	1879.	1880.	1881.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1879.	1890.	1831.
Sept. 9	30,054	61,117	70,812	14,568	25,550	42,9-3	35,019	64,897	78,103
* 16	78,938	102,695	92,052	23,896	38,094	59,135	82,268	115.239	108.154
" 23	127,729	136,413	110,433	40,774	61,009	87,191	144,607	159,828	138,499
** 30	162,303	172,221	132,693	52.207	78,735	105,394	173,798	189,947	120,839
Oct. 7	169,405	199,094	170.810	68.913	103,086	132,973	188,114	223,44	198.449
	:81,714	210,367	185,056	81,227	121,89	169,159	191,028	222,176	221.24
** 21	214,461	236,341	181,531	95,99	132,765	196,095	320.227	2 7,211	211.48
** 23	245,613	251,830	203,241	113,735	179,676	218,150	265,355	281,741	225.296
Nov. 4	225,037	351,763	216,685	133,905	204.750	254,938	443,237	276,851	253.47
* 11	220,216	215,842	224,420	187.126	227,135	285,408	173.437	238,218	254,890
* 18	218,108	256.618	224,837	218,998	242,326	306,738	250,250	271,809	246 187
. ** 25	210.112	205 1 12	221.876	264.153	247 911	825.903	291 337	210,777	241.021

The above statement shows

1. That the total receipts from the plantations since Sept. 1 in 1881 were 2,343,881 bales; in 1880 were 2,546,684 bales; in 1879

1881 were 2,391,830 bales.

2. That, although the receipts at the out-ports the past week were 221,876 bales, the actual movement from plantations was 241,021 bales, the balance going to increase the stocks at the interior ports. Last year the receipts from the plantations for the same week were 210,777 bales and for 1879 they were 294,337 bales.

WEATHER REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH.—Rains are reported in a considerable portion of the South the past week, and killing frost in almost every State.

Galveston, Texas.-It has been showery on three days of the past week, the rainfall reaching twenty-seven hundredths of an inch. Ice formed this week in five-sixths of the State, and the plant is killed. Average thermometer 51, highest 78, lowest 38

Indianola, Texas.-We have had showers on four days of the past week, and the roads are again in bad condition. have had killing frost on two nights, and ice formed on two nights during the week. The thermometer has ranged from 22 to 82, averaging 53, and the rainfall reached one inch and four hundredths.

Dallas, Texas.-It has rained on two days during the past week, the rainfall reaching one inch. We have had killing frost on two nights, and ice has formed on two nights of the week. The thermometer has averaged 47, the highest being 75 and the lowest 28.

Brenham, Texas.-We have had rain on three days of the past week, the rainfall reaching one inch. We have had killing frost on two nights and ice has formed on two nights during the week. The thermometer has averaged 43, ranging from

New Orleans, Louisiana .- It has rained on four days during the past week, the rainfall reaching two inches and fifteen hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 57.

Shreveport, Louisiana .- The weather has been generally cold and stormy during the past week. The river has risen one

foot and some inch. Navigation is good to Fulton. The thermometer has ranged from 23 to 78, averaging 45, and the rainfall reached one inch and fifty-six hundredths.

Vicksburg, Mississippi.—We have had rain on five days during the past week. Ice formed in this vicinity on the 24th, and the weather is still very cold.

Columbus, Mississippi.—It has rained on three days during the past week, the rainfall reaching two inches and thirty-four hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 55, the highest being 74 and the lowest 33.

four hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 55, the highest being 74 and the lowest 33.

Little Rock, Arkansas.—The weather during the past week has been cloudy on five days, with rain on two days, the rainfall reaching two inches and one hundredth. The remainder of the week has been cold. The thermometer has ranged from 21 to averaging 38.

week has been cold. The thermometer has ranged from 21 to 71, averaging 38.

Nashville, Tennessee.—Telegram not received.

Mobile, Alabama.—It has rained on four days during the past week, the rainfall reaching sixty-seven hundredths of an iach. Ice formed in this vicinity on Thursday night. Average thermometer 56, highest 78, lowest 27.

Montgomery, Alabama.—We have had rain on four days during the past week, the rainfall reaching one inch and eightyone hundredths. We have had killing frost on two nights of the past week. Ice formed in this vicinity on the last two nights of the past week. Ice formed in this vicinity on the last two nights. It is believed that about all the crop has now been secured. Average thermometer 53, highest 78, lowest 32.

Selma, Alabama.—We have had rain on four days of the past week, and the balance of the week has been cloudy. We have had killing frost on two nights, and ice formed on one night during the week. Planters are sending their crop to market freely. The thermometer has averaged 58, and the rainfall reached one inch and thirty-nine hundredths.

Macon, Georgia.—It has rained on four days during the past week. We have had a killing frost this week. About three-quarters of the crop has been marketed. Average thermometer 52, highest 74 and lowest 23.

Columbus, Georgia.—We had rain on two days during the early part of the past week, but the latter portion has been clear

and pleasant. Ice formed in this vicinity on Thursday night, The thermometer has averaged 53, ranging from 39 to 73. rainfall reached one inch and fifty hundredths.

Savannah, Georgia.—We have had rain on two days of the past week, and the balance of the week has been pleasant. The rainfall reached one inch and forty-nine hundredths. Average

rainfall reached one inch and forty-nine hundredths. Average thermometer 59, highest 80 and lowest 29.

Augusta, Georgia.—We had heavy general rain on five days during the early part of the past week, and the latter portion of the week has been clear and pleasant. We had heavy frost this morning, and to-day is the coldest of the winter thus far. There are no new features to note in crop accounts. About all the crop has now been secured, and is being rapidly marketed. The thermometer has ranged from 32 to 78, averaging 54, and the rainfall reached one inch and sixty-eight hundredths.

Atlanta, Georgia.—It has rained on three days of the past week, the rainfall reaching one inch and seventy-seven hundredths. The week has been generally un'avorable for farm operations. The thermometer this morning registered 18. The thermometer has averaged 48, ranging from 32 to 59.

thermometer has averaged 48, ranging from 32 to 59.

Charleston, South Carolina.—We have had rain on four days during the past week, the rainfall reaching one inch and eighty-three hundredths. Average thermometer 58, highest 80 and lowest 39.

The following statement we have also received by telegraph, showing the height of the rivers at the points named at 3 o'clor November 24, 1881, and November 25, 1880.

	Nov. 2	4, '81.	Nov. 2	5.*80.
	Feet.	Inch.	Fret.	Inch.
New Orleans Below high-water mark		1	11	2
MemphisAbove low-water mark	25	9	7	7
Nashville Above low-water mark	13	9	3	7
ShreveportAbove low-water mark	17	8	10	3 .
Vicksburg Above low-water mark	30	11	Miss	dng.

New Orleans reported below high-water mark of 1871 until Sept. 9, 1874, when the zero of gauge was changed to high-water mark of April 15 and 16, 1874, which is 6-10ths of a foot above 1871, or 16 feet above low-water mark at that point.

Weather Record for October —Below we give the rainfall and the thermometer record for the month of October and previous months of this year and last year. The figures are from vious months of this year and last year. The figures are from the records of the Signal Service Bureau except at points where they have no station, and at those points they are from the records kept by our own agents.

Rainfall.	Mo	u.	Ju	ne.	Ju	ly.	Aug	nust.	Septe	mb'r.	Octo	ber.
munjan.	1881.	1880.	1881.	1880.	1881.	1880.	1881.	1880.	1881.	1880.	1881.	188
Rainfail, in Days of rain.	1.49 17	0.54	3·74 14	5:34	6·47 13	7:84 13	1.74	9:90	2.67	4.07	2.43	8.0
Rainfall, in Days of rain.	2.11	1.84	3°48 12	6.93 10	12-40	9.20	4.99	8·79 16	3,20	1.20	:"::	B-1
Rainfail, in Days of rain.	0.48	0-90	1.47 10	2-18	4.99	5.77	7·25	8:07 11	5.49 10	4.89	1:59	01
Augusta.— Rainfall, in Days of rain.	1:35	2.98	2·11	1:54	3-48 6	5·98 17	4·83 15	5·10	7:01	1.04	2:33	3.0
ATLANTA.— Rainfall, in Days of rain.	1.15	4:26	2:38	5.30	0.74	2-17	9.83	3.22	3-91	5.98	2-97	9
Rainfall, in Days of rain.	0.89	2:53 8	0.91 11	2:30	1.25	724 19	9.63 14	8-94 10	3·09 13	4.65 11	272	6
COLUMB'S, Ga. Rainfall, in Days of rain.		11.84	5.97	0.45	3.98	5·43 10	6.01	7-19	3753	2.99	2-23	2
MACON.— Rainfall. in . Days of rain.	1:00	3·22 4	2-97 10	1.41	3·71	1.07	0.30	6.73	8-00 5	175	3-80	8
Rome, Ga — Rainfall, in Days of rain.	4.47	1.68	3.03	2-35	1.40	3.15	2.12	5.35	1.79	5.12	3-33	2
Rainfall, in Days of rain.	2.81	0.34 11	2.82	3·00	76	5:94 17	10-23 16	8-96 19	458 18	5-21 13	2·87	10
Rainf II, in Days of rain.	2.25	4.94	1.69	8·76 16	11:88	9·10	2.68	19-45 16	741 10	4-96	1-25	10
MONTGOM'RY. Rainfall, in Days of rain.	1.41	7.07 14	8:04 11	0-90	2-18	3·17	4.66	4·41 15	4:49	2-89 16	873	3
Rainfall, in Days of rain.	1.44	5.62 16	4.85	5·08	2.77	4.92	15:23 8	4-76 15	11.71	704	3.83	7
N. ORLEANS.— Rainfuli, in Days of rain.		6·55	9:84 13	6·43 20	8.97	11·22 21	4.21	4.60	4:47	748 19	4.84	1:
Rainfall, in Days of rain.	1	3·21 12	0.33	2:74 18	3·17 6	10-107	0.49	1-91	5.90	11-61		2
PAYETTE, Miss ainfall, in Days of rain.		2:30	1:30	3.00	2:20	5.10	1.80	750	4.80	11.20		:
Col'BUS, Miss. Rainfall, in Days of rain.	5-12	3 22	3·82 8	9.77	091	4.69	6.52	5.92	4.82	€-02 14	4:91	
Rainfall, in Days of rain.	4.39	5-99	1.94	6:30	6	4·90 13	2·53	5-67 12	6.11	10-51	8-60	15
Rainfall, in Days of rain.	4:89	9-24 8	6·17	339	2 16	3-23	1.13	5·58 13	1.93	5-09 13	4:27	9
Rainfall, in Days of rain.	3.67	4.13	3.70 16	390	0.86	5.69	1:81	2-22 16	8.49	5·39	4.74	1
Rainfall, in Days of rain.	9:80 19	3·82 8	2-83 14	4.06	0.89	2-14	1-97	8:08 14	8-84	9:47 17	3 22	0
Rainfall, in Days of rain,	8.50	4.00	0.09	8-33	4-99	2:49	5.98	1.62	8-68	10-20	10-83	9
Rainfall, in Days of rain	2·02	3.99	2	8.48	1.30	4. 9	8:00	7.45	6-51 17	8.21	5-01	8
DOBSICANA									T			1.

STEP A CO.										-		
Mermemeter.	Me	w.	Ju	ne.	Ja	dy.	Aug	nust.	Septe	mb'r.	Octo	ber.
Marmoner.	1881.	1880.	1881.	1890.	1881.	1880.	1881.	1 480	1881.	1880.	1881.	1880.
Highest Lowest Average	92-0 49-0 67-1	98°0 45°0 78°4	90°0 58°0 74°0	101 0 58 0 76 5	102-0 62-0 79-8	102·0 63·0 80·2	99.0 81.0 70.8	95.0 62.0 76.8	92·0 64·0 7·5	96.0 54.0 71.3	89.0 46.0 66.8	82·0 89·0 60·0
WILMINGTON. Highest Lowest Average	93°0 54°0 70°6	92·0 45·0 70·9	95.0 59.0 78.4	100.0 5 \ 0 78.6	80.9 85.0 86.0	99.0 85.0 79.4	94·0 62·0 79·1	97.0 60.0 77.1	90.0 62.0 78.8	94°0 51°0 73°0		83°0 88°0 63°4
CHARLEST'N— Highest Lowest Average	91-0 56-0 73-1	89·0 53·0 78·1	96.5 64.0 81.8	100 0 6 0 80 6	108-0 67-0 88-5	97.0 71.0 88.4	975 690 810	81.4 83.0	92·5 68·0 80·7	89.0 61.0 75.8	89.0 54.0 72.0	82.0 45.0 65.9
Augusta.— Highest Lowest Average	99-2 58-3 75-1	89.0 50.0 78.4	101:8 62:3 81:7	99 0 60 0 81 0	102·8 64·8 64·2	96.0 69.0 82.2	100°1 66°1 80°5	96.0 67.0 80.1	96·8 64·4 79·4	91·0 51·0 74·0	90°0 48°2 70°6	85.0 89.0 64.0
ATLANTA.— Highest Lowest Average	93.0 52.0 71.5	89.0 44.0 71.8	98·0 57·0 77·5	92·0 59·0 76·0	100·0 60·0 81·2	95.0 64.0 78.5	98.0 67.0 79.7	95.0 64.0 76.4	91.0 61.0 77.0	88·0 47·0 69·1	84·0 48·0 68·9	80·0 46·0 60·8
Highest Lowest Average	99·5 57·5 74·2	89.0 56.0 73.7	85.9 89.0 80.0	100 0 63 0 81 9	101.8 71.0 84.7	97·0 70·0 83·1	96·5 86·0 80·3	81.5 68.0 85.0	92·0 67·0 80·0	90°0 58°0 75°1	86.0 53.0 72.4	81·0 44·0 65·7
COLUMB'S, Ga. Highest Lowest Average	90·0 64·0 80·0	86.0 58.0 72.0	100-0 70-0 85-0	98·0 71·0 84·0	102·0 85·0	82.0 20.0 88.0	96.0 75.0 84.0	65.0 67.0 60.0	83.0 68.0 85.0	91·0 57·0 75·0	88·0 56·0 77·0	88:0 47:0 68:0
Hacon.— Highest Lowest Average	92-0 56-0 78-0	86.0 52.0 78.0	97:0 62:0 80:0	80.0 85.0 80.0	83.0 68.0 80.0	95:0 68:0 78:0	80·0 80·0 91·0	94.0 67.0 79.0	94·0 66·0 79·0	98·0 51·0 73·0	85.0 45.0 70.0	82·0 87·0 64·0
Highest Lowest Average	91.0 52.0 72.2	86.0 44.0 72.8	98:0 54:0 78:6	92·0 59 0 77·0	101.0	96.0 65.0	63.0 63.0	91.0 64.0 77.7	95.0 56.0 77.2	88.0 46.0 70.1	88.0 42.0 68.3	76.0 84.0 60.8
Jacksonv.— Highest Lowest Average	98·0 63·0 75·5	95.0 58.0 78.9	99.0 66.0 83.2	100·5 69 0 81 0	99 0 70 0 83 8	97·0 70·0 82·6	96.0 70.0 81.6	91.5 70.0 81.2	94·0 69·0 80·0	91·0 62·0 78·9	98:0 54:0 74:8	85·0 46·0 69 0
ORDAR KEYS. Highest Lowest Average	91.0 68.0 78.5	91.0 60.0 76.2	98.0 68.0 82.4	94·0 65·0 80·8	94·0 69·0 83·1	94.0 71.0 82.6	93.0 89.0 81.8	98.0 70.0 80.1	94·0 6 ·0 80·7	91:0 64:0 78:7	89.0 57.0 75.6	85·0 49·0 70·6
MONTGOM'RY. Highest Lowest Average MOBILE.—	96·(56·(76·1	92.0 49.0 78.7	105·5 61·2 82·9	98 0 63 0 80 1	106·9 65·0 84·2	81.9 69.0 100.0	96·8 67·7 81·1	97·0 70·0 80·5	96·4 56·9 77·8	92.0 53.0 73.6	92·0 48·7 71·2	87.0 98.0 65.6
Lowest	94°0 58°6 78°9	90°0 53°0 75°3	99.8 64.0 83.0	95°0 68°0 80°2	100·8 69·2 83·2	98.0 71.0 80.0	81.8 68.1 96.0	98.0 70.0 81.5	96·0 58·0 79·3	92·0 57·0 75·2	89·0 51·0 73·5	86.0 42.0 66.7
N. ORLEANS.— Highest Lowest Average SHREVEPORT.	80°6 60°0 77°0	88.0 58.0 76.6	97 0 71 5 83 0	80 1 80 1	94·8 78·5 84·4	92.0 71.0 81.7	94·2 74·5 82·5	92°0 71°0 81°5	92.0 63.0 80.1	90.0 63.0 76.8	88·0 57·5 75·2	84·0 52·0 68·0
Lowest Average	92·0 62·0 77·0	91·0 54·0 72·1	101.6 66.0 83.8	93 0 63 0 73 0	105·0 68·5 88·3	80.0 64.0 80.0	107:0 68:0 85:9	94.0 58.0 76.0	101.0 47.0 77.7	92°(53°(72°4		85.0 43.0 64.0
PAYETTE, Miss High st Lowest Aver 'ge Col'BUS, Miss	89.0 61.0 73.8	87.0 56.0 72.3	99·0 68·0 81·7	90°0 64°0 76°8	98:0 72:0 81:1	92.0 65.0 76.3	160°0 68 0 81°2	89°0 64 0 76 6	93.0 48.0 76.8	84.0 52.0 70.1	::::	
Lowest			::::		100.0 74.0 89.0	:	99 0 78 0 87 0	77.0 93.0 84.0	83.0 85.0 82.0	87·0 60 0 75·0	86.0 51.0 74.0	::::
Highest' Lowest Average	94·0 62·0 76·8	93·0 52·0 76·2	100 0 69 0 81 5	94.0 63.0 78.5	100°0 62°0 84 8	97·0 64·0 80·7	99.0 71.0 84.0	98·0 65·0 80·1	08·0 51·0 77·7	91.0 52.0 71.9	90·0 45·0 71·0	89.0 49.0 63.7
LITTLE ROCK. Highest Lowest Average NASHVILLE.	\$5.0 \$8.0	89·0 44·0 73·0	94·0 62 0 78·0	90°0 59°0 75°0	81.0 85.0 100.0	94·0 62·0 75·0	83.0 65.0 83.0	78.0 30.0 78.0	98·0 42·0 78·0	88.0 4×.0 67.0	99.0 38.0 85.0	81.0 85.0 60.0
NASHVILLE.— Highest Lowest Average	91·5 51·0 70·7	90°0 40°0 74°2	97:5 55:4 78:7	93 0 53 0 77 9	101·2 60·4 101·2	95.0 59.0 78.4	83·1 64·9 103·5	95.0 62.0 79.4	98·2 49·6 75·6	88.0 43.0 68.2	89°0 42°8 66°5	79·0 37·0 59·9
MEMPHIS.— Highest Lowest Average	92·0 59·0 74·1	91.0 45.0 75.0	100.0 63.0 81.5	98 0 59 0 77 0	99.0 67.0 83.2	95·0 63·0 79·2	108·0 68·0 83·7	95.0 5.0 75.7	93·0 53·0 76·7	89.0 48.0 68.6	89·0 45·0 68·3	82·0 60·3
GALVESTON.— Highest Lowest Average	80.0 61.0 77.5	90·0 58·0 77·7	94·0 73·0 86 0	91·5 68 0 81·5	92.0 70.0 84.9	83.1 69.0 85.0	93.0 73.5 84.6	93.0 70.0 82.6	91·0 66·0 91·0	91.0 62.0 75.0	87·0 59·0 77·1	98.9 25.0 83.0
Indianola.— Highest Lowest Average Corsicana*—	93°2 64°2 77°7	78.0 58.0 91.0	95·6 70 8 85 0	93·0 63·0 82·9	96·1 75·8 84·6	94·0 69·0 82·7	93°8 72°1 83°0	95.0 67.0 81.9	92·5 64·0 80·4	93·0 63·0 79·9	88·0 55·3 77·1	86.0 46.0 69.3
Highest Lowest Average	93·0 61·0 76·3	97·0 54·0 76·6	104·0 65·0 86 2	97 0 64 0 80 5	108·0 69·0 85·7	82.0 83.0 100.0	103·0 73·0 87·0	100·0 59·0 82·4	99.0 49.0 78.9	98.0 51.0 74.8	:::	86.0 41.0 63.6

*This station has been removed to Palestine, Texas, from which point we shall receive reports shortly.

The following remarks accompany the month's reports for October, 1881. Augusta, Ga.-

-Month noted for fine clear weather and

Augusta, Ga.—Month noted for fine clear weather and general dryness during first half. No frost during month. Atlanta, Ga.—Light frost on 4th inst. with temperature low enough for killing frost; but other circumstances were not favorable and but little damage resulted.

Cedar Keys. Fla.—Very dry during the month.

Montgomery, Ala.—No rain fell from the 2d to the 21st inclusive, all conditions favorable to cotton crop, however. Vicksburg, Miss.—No frost during the month. Nashville, Tenn.—The first frost of the season occurred on the 21st, and was "killing." The crops generally throughout the State are now in fine condition, recent rains having made much improvement.

much improvement.

Memphis, Tenn.—The first frost of the season occurred on the 20th, and was severe enough to injure vegetables.

Indianala, Texas.—Several storms passed over this station during the month. They did no damage so far as known to the observer.

the observer.

Sand in Cotton.—In our editorial columns will be found an article on this subject which will interest all our readers.

ELLISON & Co.'s CIRCULAR FOR NOVEMBER.—We have this eek received Mr. Ellison's circular, dated November 10, and take from it the following review of the course of trade since his previous circular.

The transition from the inflation occasioned by the September "corner" to the level of values justified by the position of cotton on its own merits, caused the market to be very unsettled at the opening of October. During the first eleven days, although a fair amount of business was done, the tendency of prices was rapidly downwards, owing to the pressure to sell cotton on its own merits, caused the market to be very unsettled at the opening of October. During the first eleven days, although a fair amount of business was done, the tendency of prices was rapidly downwards, owing to the pressure to sell occasioned by the heavy tenders made against October deliveries. An impression had existed that the operators interested in the September squeeze would not allow prices to run down much in October, and confidence in this belief was well maintained during the first two or three days of the month; but subsequently it became apparent that the September operators were going to unload (as the phrase is) in October. This occasioned considerable disappointment amongst the "bulls"; especially as monetary affairs suddenly took a very threatening turn: there being apprehensions of a further advance in the Bank rate, which has already been raised to 5 per cent. The consequence was a general rush to sell (notably between the 4th and 11th of the month); and a decline of 5-16d. in the lower, and 3d. in the medium, grades of American on the spot, 7-16d. for October deliveries, and 3-16d. to 5-16d. for other futures. The fall freightened the weak holders of Octobers, and they almost tumbled over each other in their efforts to "get out." A very pessimist view was taken of the immediate future of the market, owing to the troubles which it was expected would arise out of the decline which had taken place in prices, and to the difficulties which it was anticipated would, with dear money, be experienced in financing. Middling upland on the spot sank to 6%d., and October deliveries were sold freely at 63-16., with a few transactions in "back dates" at 6%d., and it was confidently expected that 6d. would be seen before the close of the month. Meanwhile, business in Manchester was fairly active, the fall in the price of cotton causing producers to sell freely at only a trifling decline from previous rates. This led to active buying here, and much of the cheap Octobers were purchased by spinners. being about the same as those current on the 13th ult being about the same as those current on the 13th ult., say 6 7-16d, for spot, 6 13-32d. for near futures, and 6 9-16d. to 6 11-16d. for more distant positions, which may be accepted as being about the rates which would have been witnessed in September without the influence of any squeeze.

Compared with the rates ruling in the afternoon of the 30th September, the prices current to-day show a decline of %d. in good ordinary, %d. to %d. in low middling, 11-16d. to 13-16d. in middling and good middling American, 1-16d. to %d. in Brazils and East Indian, but an advance of ¼d. in brown, and partially ¼d. in white, Egyptian.

The following is an account of the principal fluctuations since end of September in the price of middling upland on the spot and for forward delivery:

and for forward delivery

	Spot.	Oct.								May- J'ne.	
Oet. 1	714	658	619	61 ₂	619	61732 6510	6916	658 61300	615aa	621.32	61116
" 13	67 ₁₆ 638	61132	6516	638	6716	612	61732	69 ₁₆ 613 ₂₀	6193:	61532 658	61116
" 25	157110	628	1538	01000	01000	Origo	Dra35	0.08	0 116	623 ₃₉	044
" 29	638 658	G13a	61300	filing	61500	(i) 700	15910	61900	162100	6114	08.100
" 5 " 10	6718		61332	61339	61532	61732	6916	61900	62133	617 ₈₂ 611 ₁₆ 621 ₃₃	611

COURSE OF THE MANCHESTER MARKET, OCT. I TO NOV. 9.

The month opened tamely, and for a fortnight or so there were no indications of the renewed activity which had been expected to show itself after the disturbance to business occasioned by the September "corner"; and prices gave way %d. to %d. per lb. in yarn, and about 1%d. to 3d. per piece in the current makes of shirtings. The fall in prices led to more inquiry and brought out many orders previously kept back. During the past three weeks, therefore, a very good business has been done, the generally quiet appearance of the market notwithstanding, and fully half of the decline just quoted is recovered; the final rates being only %d. in the medium counts of yarn and partially 1%d. per piece in 7 lb. to 8% lb. shirtings lower than the prices current at the end of September. The market closes firmly, and producers are mostly under contract until the closes firmly, and producers are mostly under contract until the

MOVEMENTS DURING THE SEASON, OCT. 1 TO OCT. 31.

The deliveries to English and Continental spinners during the first month of the season compare as follows with the figures for the corresponding period of last season:

1	Great B	ritain.	Continent.				
A TEST ST	1881-82.	1890-81.	1881-82.	1830-61.			
No. of bales Av.wght (lbs) Tot.wght (lbs) Bales of 400	309.950 434 134,518,300	248,430 437 108,611,980	129,720 441 53,314,920	130,160 897 51,673,520			
lbe	336,000	271,000	183,000	129,000			

The present rate of consumption we estimate at 70,000 bales of 400 lbs. per week for Great Britain, against 66,000 last year, and at 58,000 bales and 54,000 bales respectively for the Continent. Last year's figures are altered, in accordance with corrections made subsequently.

On the basis of the foregoing estimates the movements for the four weeks of this season and last compare as follows, in hales of the subsequently of 400 lbs.

bales of the uniform weight of 400 lbs.:

100	Great 1	Britain.	Conti	nent.
	1881-82.	1880-81.	1881-82.	1880-91.
Surplus stock, Oct. 1	25,000 336,000	27,000 271,000	240,000 133,000	112,000 129,000
Supply	361,000 280,000	294,000 264,000	373,000 232,000	241,000 216,000
Surplus stock Oct. 31 .	81,000	34,000	141,000	25,000

The surplus stocks at the mills are, therefore, about 222,000 bales for all Europe, against 59,000 twelve months ago—showing an excess of 163,000 bales, of which 47,000 bales are in Great Britain and 116,000 on the Continent. As stated in previous reports, the Continental surplus stocks include the cotton held at sundry small ports and at interior depots not enumerated in contrables.

merated in our tables.

The deliveries to American spinners in September and October amounted to about 394,000 bales, against 313,000 last season, including 139,000, against 75,000 bales sent overland. The surplus stock at the mills on September 1 was about 27,000 bales, against 50,000 a year previously, thus giving a total supply of 421,000 bales, against 363,000, or an increase of 68,000 bales. The rate of consumption is probably 2,000 bales per week more than it was last season, say 16,000 bales for the two months. In this case American spinners hold 52,000 bales more to-day than they did twelve months ago.

-Mr. Ellison, at the end of his annual cotton report, which we published last week, makes the following reference to the book he is about publishing. This is the same book we

referred to in our cotton report of Oct. 29.

"For several years past I have been collecting materials for a "History of the Cotton Market" as far back as it is possible to obtain authentic records; but the daily claims of business have left me so little spare time that I have been able to make but slow progress with the work. I have now, however, much pleasure in stating that I hope to have the volume in the hands pleasure in stating that I hope to have the volume in the hands of the printers early in the new year. The work will contain a history of the market for about one hundred years, say from 1780 to the present time; and will include an account of the fluctuations in prices similar to the review of the past season contained in the present report. It will give also an account of the various political and financial occurrences, whether at home or abroad, which have, from time to time during the century, influenced the course of the market, together with particulars of all the great specularity movements which have periodically. of all the great speculative movements which have periodically enlivened or depressed the trade. To the volume will be attached a Statistical Appendix, containing particulars of the supply, consumption and stocks of cotton for the century; and for the greater part of the period, say from 1805 to the present time, there will be tables containing particulars of the weekly sales, imports, stocks, prices current, &c., in Liverpool, similar to the statement given on page 8 of this report.

JUTE BUTTS, BAGGING, Erc.—There has not been any change in the market for bagging since our last report, and but little business is being transacted. The only orders are for jobbing wants, and a few hundred rolls have been disposed of. Prices wants, and a few hundred rolls have been disposed of. Prices sontinue as last quoted, and holders are quoting 9c for 1½ ibs., 10c. for 2 ibs., and 11c. for standard qualities; but the feeling is easy and in buyers' favor. Butts have not been so active, but there is a fair amount of stock disposed of, and we hear of 3,000 bales for which a full price was paid. Sellers are very firm, and we do not hear of any shading being done, and the market closes with 2½@2 13-16c. for paper grades and 2½@3c. for bagging qualities.

for bagging qualities

COMPARATIVE PORT RECEIPTS AND DAILY CROP MOVEMENT .-A comparison of the port movement by weeks is not accurate as the weeks in different years do not end on the same day of the onth. We have consequently added to our other standing tables a daily and monthly statement, that the reader may constantly have before him the data for seeing the exact relative movement for the years named. The movement each month nince September 1, 1881, has been as follows:

Monthly	HE WILL	Year Beginning September 1.									
Receipts.	1881.	1880.	1879.	1878.	1877.	1876.					
Sept'mb'r October	422,057 827,849		333,643 888,492	288,845 689,264	95,272 583,687	236,868 675,260					
Perc'tage	f tot. port		1,222,135 24·43	978,112	678,959 15:62	912,128					

This statement shows that up to Oct. 31 the receipts at the ports this year were 176,890 bales less than in 1880 and 27,771 bales more than at the same time in 1878-79. By adding to the above totals to Oct. 31 the daily receipts since that time, we shall be able to reach an exact comparison of the movement for the different years.

	1881.	1880.	1879.	1878.	1877.	1876.
Pot.Oc. 31	1,249,906	1,426,796	1,222,135	978,112	678,959	912,128
Nov. 1	29,104	46,514	30,704	27,243	31,773	
" 2	27,151	37,897	8.	21,848	29,165	
" 3	35,983	33,538	46,140	8.	33,775	
" 4	40.236	41,655	38,310	30,964	8.	26,392
" 5	31,603	55,664	30,902	27,898	44,314	8.
" 6		29,924	29,682	23,390	31,771	44,599
" 7	46,365	8.	49.349	34,808	35,213	37,082
" 8	34,304	40,193	28,562	43,978	22,037	35,431
" 9	40,389	35,842	8.	27,281	34,522	
" 10	33,590	31,966	46,584	8.	22,876	40,324
* 11	39,169	26,138	32,849	32.833	8.	27,140
" 12	29,130	51,779	32,278	33,448	53,835	
" 13	8.	38,451	36,503	24,002	26,945	56,348
" 14	36,748	8.	43,440	22,793	28,463	
" 15	35,669	49,862	35,631	35,647	32,005	34,892
" 16	41,244	41,557	8.	26,421	28,026	29,611
" 17	25,136	31,535	38,465	8.	31,603	32,724
" 18	56,910	34,094	39.097	23,170	8.	27,890
" 19	30,309	61,119	27,553	36,435	46,867	8.
" 20	8.	28,335	26,413	24,481	23,008	51,462
" 21	60,435	B.	51,249	31,998	36,402	28,437
" 22	36,808	40,619	26,574	38.871	23,318	
" 23	32,690	34,394	8.	21,906	38,742	26,725
" 24	27,534	26,970	60,920	8.	18,906	31,989
" 25	34,100	27,748	35,470	36,610	8.	29,078
			2,008,810	1,604,125	1,352,525	1,670,109
	e of total ots Nov.25		40.16	36.07	31.12	41.36

This statement shows that the receipts since Sept. 1 up to to-night are now 219,077 bales less than they were to the same day of the month in 1880 and 44,703 bales more than they were to the same day of the month in 1879. We add to the table the percentages of total port receipts which had been received to November 25 in each of the years named.

INDIA COTTON MOVEMENT FROM ALL PORTS.—The figures which are now collected for us, and forwarded by cable each Friday, of the shipments from Calcutta, Madras, Tuticorin, Carwar, &c., enable us, in connection with our previously-received report from Bombay, to furnish our readers with a full and complete India movement for each week. We first give the Bombay statement for the week and year, bringing the figures down to Nov. 24.

BOMBAY RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS FOR POUR YEARS.

	Shipments this week.				ents since	Receipts.		
Year	Great Brit'n.	Conti- nent.	Total.	Great Britain	Conti- nent.	Total.	This Week.	Since Jan. 1.
1881 1880 1879	1,000	3,000	3,000	362.000	580,000 508,000 364,000	914,000 870,000 618,000	9.000	1,258,000 1,127,000 846,000

According to the foregoing, Bombay appears to show an increase compared with last year in the week's receipts of 10,000 bales, and an increase in shipments of 9,000 bales, and the shipments since January 1 show an increase of 44,000 bales. The movement at Calcutta, Madras, Tuticorin, Carwar, &c., for the same week and years has been as follows.

CALOUTTA, MADRAS, TUTIOORIN, CARWAR, RANGOON AND KURRACHBE.

	Shipm	ents this	week.	Shipments since January 1.				
Year.	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total.	Great Britain.	Conti- nent.	Tota:		
1881	2,000	1,000	3,000	218,000 213,000	80,000 84,000	298,000		
1879	1,000	2,000	2,000	209,000	111,000 71,000	320,000 213,000		

The above totals for this week show that the movement from the ports other than Bombay is 2,000 bales less than same week last year. For the whole of India, therefore, the total shipments this week and since Jan. 1, 1881, and for the corresponding weeks and periods of the two previous years, are as follows.

EXPORTS TO EUROPE FROM ALL INDIA.

Shipments	1	881.	18	380.	1879.		
to all Europe from-	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	
Bombay All other p'rts.	12,000		3,000 5,000	870,000 297,000	6,000 2,000	618,000 320,000	
Total	15,000	1,212,000	8,000	1,167,000	8,000	938,000	

This last statement affords a very interesting comparison of the total movement for the week ending Nov. 24, and for the three years up to date, at all India ports.

ALEXANDRIA RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.—Through arrangements we have made with Messrs. Davies, Benachi & Co., of Liverpool and Alexandria, we now receive a weekly cable of the movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments for the past week and for the corresponding week of the previous two years.

Alexandria, Egypt, Nov. 21.	18	1881.		80.	1879.		
Receipts (cantars*)— This week Since Sept. 1		70,000 27.550		60,000 35,500	1	200,000 .540,000	
	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	
Exports (bales)— To Liverpool To Continent	8,000 2,659		11,000 4,083	111,606 44,572	19,000 6,652		
Total Europe	10,659	78,423	15,083	156,178	25,652	141,095	

[·] A cantar is 99 lbs.

This statement shows that the receipts for the week ending Nov. 24 were 170,000 cantars and the shipments to all Europe were 10,659 bales.

MANCHESTER MARKET .- Our report received from Manchester to-night states that there has been a small advance in the price of twists, and that the market is barely steady. We give the prices of to-day below, and leave previous weeks' prices for eomparison:

-				1	881.			1880.						
4	32s O	op.	op. 84 tos.		Oott'n Mid. Up ds	32s Cop.		84 lbs. Shirtings.			Cott'n Mid. Upids			
-	d.	d.	8.	d.	8.	d.	d.	d.	d.	8.	d.	8.	d.	d.
Sep.23	9 @	934		6	@8	0	74	918	@ 978			70	9	7116
" 30	9180	934		6	@8	0	7716	94		0		27	9	61316
Oct. 7	9180	934		6	28	0	678				7	@7	8	61118
" 14	9 0	959		6	08	0	6716	914		6	8	7	9	634
# 21	9 0	910	6	6	28	0	638	938	@1018	6	9	23	0	634
" 28	9180	934	6	6	28	0	6716		@1018		9	@8	0	634
Nov. 4	9180		6	6	28	0	638		@10	6	9	08	0	619
" 11	9140	10	6	6	@8	110	6718		@10	6	9	28	0	6716
" 18	9140	10	6	6	28	112	6916	914				27	1012	638
" 23	9380	1018	6	6	28	112	619	958		6	9	28	0	61116

THE EXPORTS OF COTTON from New York this week show an increase, as compared with last week, the total reaching 11,020 bales, against 5,313 bales last week. Below we give our usual table showing the exports of cotton from New York, and their direction, for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1881, and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year:

EXPORTS OF COTTON (BALES) FROM NEW YORK SINCE SEPT. 1, 1881.

		Week e	nding-			Same
Exported to-	Nov. 2.	Nov. 9.	Nov. 16.	Nov. 23.	Total since Sept. 1.	period previ'u year.
LiverpoolOther British ports	3,336 501	5,199	2,672 200	9,037 459	85,727 2,809	115,200 4,090
TOTAL TO GREAT BRITAIN	3,837	5,198	2,872	9,496	88,536	119,290
HavreOther French ports	2,572	598	904	575	12,720	14,510
TOTAL FRENCH	2,572	598	904	375	12,720	14,510
Bremen and Hanover Hamburg Other ports.	1,023 300 200	1,142 100	630 358 349	915	10,203 9,707 1,639	14,101 9,916 2,339
TOTAL TO NORTH. EUROPE	1,523	1,242	1,337	949	21,549	26,356
Spain, Op'rto, Gibralt'r,&e All other			200		537	460 951
TOTAL SPAIN, &c			200		537	1,411
GRAND TOTAL	7.932	7.038	5.313	11.020	123,342	161.567

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE RECEIPTS OF COTTON at New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the past week, and since September 1, 1881:

Receipts	New	York.	Bo	ston.	Philad	lelphia.	Baltsmore.	
from-	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.
N. Orl'ans		89,441						
Texas Savannah	4,367	42,384 98,614	1,949	12,973	0 157	15,550	3.163	00.000
Mobile		35,014	1,040	12,973	2,407	10,000	3,163	22,663
Florida	333							
8 Carlina N Carlina	8,575 3,731						1,492 1,193	8,994
Virginia.	7.977		1.871	20,789	*****		5,992	7,459 36,543
Tenn., &c.				45,035	2-25.00			52
Foreign	5,395		6,391	30,732	1,199	10,831	562	5,241
This year.	17,435	403,726	16,425	109,529	3,656	26,391	12,402	80,952
Last year.	37,840	389,883	11,735	88,573	1,789	19,340	11,650	88,647

Shipping News.—The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per latest mail returns, have reached 124,128 bales. So far as the Southern ports are concerned, these are the same exports reported by telegraph, and published in the Chronicle last Friday. With regard to New York, we include the manifests of all vessels cleared up to Wednesday hight of this week:

Town To Hannest and the second	imi bales
NEW YORK—To Liverpool, per steamers Agamemnon, 2,625	
Bothnia, 560City of Berlin, 1,594City of Brussels	
1,351Helvetia, 1,605Nevada, 1,302	9,08
To Hull, per steamer Rialto, 459. To Havre, per steamer Canada, 575.	459
To Havre, per steamer Canada, 575	575
To Bremen, per steamer Donau, 915	915
To Antwerp, per steamer Jan Breydel, 34	34
NEW URLEANS-To Liverpool, per steamers Alava, 4,600	
Author 2 000 Farenel 9 014 Guillerma 4 000	
Author, 3,000 Espanol, 2,014 Guillermo, 4,900 Jamaican, 4,335 Rita, 3,000 Teutonia, 4,362 per	
Jamaican, 4,333Rita, 3,000Teutonia, 4,302per	
ships Marcia Greenleaf, 4,200Virginia, 3,884	35,195
To Havre, per ships, Ben Lomond, 3,543 Eliza A. Kenney,	
3,991 To Rouen, per steamer Panama, 2,241	7,534
To Rouen, per steamer Panama, 2,241	2,24
To Bremen, per steamer Hohenzollern, 3,304	3,304
To Sebastopol, per steamer Bertie, 4,850	4.850
To Vera Cruz, per steamers City of Merida, 871Whitney,	=,00
422	1.300
435.	1,300
CHARLESTON—To Liverpool, per barks Nellie Moody, 2.200 Up	
land and 44 Sea IslandPonema, 2,465 Upland and 26	
Sea IslandWinoua, 1,900 Upland and 192 Sea Island	6,827
To Cork, for orders, per bark Angelus, 1,810 Upland	1,810
To Bremen, per steamer Standard, 4,221 Upland	4.221
To Gottenburg, per back Brodrene, 1,312 Upland	1,312
To Barcelona, per steamer Brenkburn, 5,100 Uplandper	
brigs Clotilde, 860 Upland Felix, 603 Upland	
SAVANNAH—To Liverpool, per steamer Maharajah, 4,437 Upland	4,43
To Developing per steamer maintagan, 4,457 Upland	4,35
To Bremen, per steamer Crimdon, 4,357 Upland	
To Amsterdam, per steamer Imbros, 5,450 Upland	5,450
FLORIDA-To Liverpool, per steamer Merchant, 3,758per	
————, 142	3,900
TEXAS-To Liverpool, per barks August Leffler, 1,827Lord	13000
_ Collingwood, 1,336	3,163
To Bremen, per bark Ceres, 1,200	1,200
To Vera Cruz, per steamer Whitney, 690	690
WILMINGTON-To Bremen, per bark Annie Maud, 1,665	1.66
Norfolk-To Liverpool, per, 4,465per bark	
Condor, 3,195	7,660
BALTIMORE-To Liverpool, per steamer Caspian, 1,245	1,24
To Bremen, per steamer Hermann, (additional) 5	
Boston-To Liverpool, per steamers Samaria, 218Victoria	
1.955	2,17
1,955 PHILADELPHIA—To Liverpool, per steamers Indiana, 500	
Lord Gough, 1,500	2,00
	-,00
Total	

The particulars of these shipments, arranged in our usual form, are as follows:

	Liver-	Hull.	Havre.	Bre- men.	Ams- terdam	Barce- lona.	Vera Orus.	Total.
New York	9.037	459	575	915				11,020
N. Orleans.	35,195		7,534	3,304			1,300	54,430
Charleston.	6.827			4.221		6,563		20,733
Savannah	4,137			4,357	5,450		*****	14,244
Florida	3,900							3,900
Texas				1,2 0			690	
Wilmington				1,665				1,665
Norfolk	7,660							7,660
Baltimore				5				1,250
Boston								2,173
Philadelp'a	2,000							2,000
			-					

Total... 75,637 459 8,109 15,687 5,450 6,563 1,996 124,128 Included in the above totals are, from New York to Antwerp, 34 bales, rom New Orleans to Rouen, 2,211 bales, and to Sebastopol, 4,350 bales; rom, Charleston to Cork, for orders. 1,210 bales, and to Gettenburg,

Below we give all news received to date of disasters to vessels carrying cotton from United States ports, etc.:

FIFTY-NINE, steamer (Br.), from Galveston, which arrived at Liverpool Nov. 12, took fire while discharging on the 17th, and partially damaged her cargo.

NETTLEY ABBEY, steamer (Br.), from New Orleans, while docking at Havre, Nov. 17, collided with steamship Bellini, also from New Orleans. Both steamers were slightly damaged.

Nio, steamer (Br.), Bamborough, from Savaomah via Queenstown, for Reval, before reported as having been aground at Malmo, but came off apparently undamaged, arrived at Reval prior to Nev. 15.

Cotton freights the past week have been as follows:

EL MINORSHI IN	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Pri.
Liverpool, steam d.	532@14	532@14	532@14	532014	1 2	539@ 4
Do saild.						
Havre, steamc.	716*	716*	716*	718*		716*
Do sail c.					2 1	
Bremen, steamc.	380716	393716	392716	380716	b	300714
Do sailc.					3	
Hamburg, steam.d.	716	716	716	716	Hollday	.716
Do saild.					1	
Amst'd'm, steam.c.	916	916	916	916		*10
Do saild.						
Baltic, steamd.	38	30	38	38		*
Do saile.						

LIVERPOOL.-By cable from Liverpool, we have the following tatement of the week's sales, stocks, &c., at that port:

	Nov. 4.	Nov. 11.	Nov. 18.	Nov. 25.
Sales of the weekbales.	77,000	100,000	85,000	70,000
Of which exporters took	6,200	4,400	9,100	5,800
Of which speculators took	5,700	7,600	12,500	7,700
Sales American	60,000	76,000	60,000	48,000
Actual export	5.700	4.200	12,000	16,500
Forwarded	14.000	7.3001	14,500	8,900
Tetal stock-Estimated	509,000	505,000	486,000	456,000
Of which American-Estim'd	399,000	395,000	364,000	350,000
Total import of the week	61,000	95,000	71,000	52,000
Of which American	49,500	73,000	36,500	46,000
Amount afloat	202,000	160,000	215,000	219,000
Of which American	161,000	121,000	173,000	182,000

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the week ending Nov 25, and the daily closing prices of spot cotton, have been as follows:

Spot.	Saturday	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednes.	Thursd'y.	Friday.
Market, }	Fair bus. at previ- ous prices.		Shade easier.	Easier & fr'etion'ly	easier.	Dull.
Mid. Upl'ds Mid. Orl'ns	634	634	658	634	61g 65g	638
Sales Spec.& exp.	10,000	14,000 2,000	1,000	10,000	8.000 1.000	8.000 1.000
Futures. Market, { 12:30 P.M.	Weak.	Firmer.	Quiet but steady.	Flat.	Quiet but steady.	Quiet but steady.
Market,	Steadier.	In buyers'	Steady.	Steadler.	Oniet but steady.	Firm.

The actual sales of futures at Liverpool for the same week are given below. These sales are on the basis of Uplands, Low Midding clause, nuless otherwise stated.

unless otherwi		SATURDAY.	
" Delivery.	d.	MarApr623	1 Delivery. d.
Nov	6918	MarApr623-22	June-July 613167 2532
NovDec	6916	@:116@2132	DecJan6916
DecJan	C58@1932	AprMay	JanFeb 612.9
JanFeb	658	May-June 62532@34	FebMar 658
FebMar			
	-	MONDAY.	
NovDec	65,2019.0	AprMay 62520 34	FebMar62132
DecJan	4159	May-June61316 @2530	MarApr 61114
JanFeb 6	11, @2132	DecJan 61922	AprMay62332 June-July61316
FebMar6	2332@1116	JanFeb658	June-July61310
MarApr	62332		
allian hard		TUESDAY.	
NovDec	61732	MarApr62132	June-July 634
DecJan	6916	AprMay 61118	MarApr 61118
JanFeb	619,32	May-June 62382	AprMay 62332
FebMar	658		
		WEDNESDAY.	
Nov	61732	AprMay 6111672139	FebMar 6018
NovDec		May-June 623g. @1118	June-July 6232 @1116
DecJan	61732	June-July 6253 @ 34	Nov
JanFeb	6916	NovDec613	NovDec
FebMar	658@1933	Dee-Jan 6 9	MarApr 619
MarApr	63 32 2 38	JanFeb61732	April-May 658
		THURSDAY.	
Nov	61520	JanFeb	AprMay 62132 758
NovDec	61532	FebMar 6918	May-June 611,0 @21 20
DecJan	610 @15.0	MarApr61032	June-July 611 223 10
		FRIDAY.	
Nov	615-0	AprMay 65a	June-July62332
NovDec	15.0 @7.u	May-June (213)	Nov
DecJan	11000	FebMar	NovDec 61539 @ 19
FebMar		May-June61113	DecJan
MarApril	619	10	

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, P. M., November 25, 1881.

The flour market has been quite dull, and prices have ruled in favor of buyers, especially for the extremes of grades. As usual in a holiday week, there has not been much disposition to do business among the trade, while shippers have found little encouragement to extend their operations. Buyers seem to think that the condition and prospects of the money market will give them the control of the market, at least until after the holidays, and they are therefore in no hurry to fill orders that can wait. The production is large, but the high prices of "vegetables" no doubt causes some increase in consumption. Rye flour has been dull, and corn meal has declined. To-day the market was dull, but closed about steady.

The wheat market has been very unsettled. The export and milling demand has been small, and the financial difficulties in the way of carrying stocks in store have caused some pressure to sell. Still, with receipts very small at all points and stocks not accumulating, the decline has been quite moderate. The circular of Messrs. C. A. King & Co., Toledo, estimates the supply of wheat for the United States for the fiscal year, which began on the 1st of July last, as follows:

U. S. Agricultural Bureau, November estimate present crop, 398,000,000 bushels; surplus of crop of 1880 on Pacific slope, 30,-000,000 bushels; total supply, 428,000,000 bushels. The extent of the demand is given thus: United States annual consumption, 260,000,000 bushels; July 1 to Nov. 1, 86,666,666 bushels; seed requirements next crop, 36,000,000 acres at 1½ bushels; per acre, 54,000,000 bushels; exports during past four months, flour to wheat, 50,664,000 bushels; visible supply now larger than on July 1, 5,000,000 bushels; amount disposed of from July 1, 1881, to November 1, 196,33,363 bushels; amount remaining Nov. 1, 231,669,334 bushels; showing that over half the crop is still back in the country. Estimating that the home consumption demand during the last eight months of the crop year will be 173,383,34 bushels, on the basis of 5 bushels per capita for the entire year, it would leave 58,336,000 bushels surplus for export during the eight months from Nov. 1, 1881, to July 1, 1882.

The exports from the United States for the current fiscal year, according to these estimates, will therefore be only about 109,000,000 bushels, or 75,000,000 bushels less than in the preceding fiscal year. To-day the market was firmer, owing to the steady demand and the small interior movement; No. 2 red winter, \$1 40½ for December, \$1 43¼ for January and \$1 46 for February.

Indian corn has remained comparatively steady on the spot, but early in the week the prices for future delivery were slightly lower. The check upon exports which the recent high prices have imposed and the monetary pressure have encouraged the bears to make repeated attacks upon values. The warm, murky weather which prevailed till within a day or two damaged much corn in store, and gave strength to values of strictly sound quality. To-day there was a firmer market the regular demand proving very fair; No. 2 mixed, 69% @700. for July and 70% @71c. for February.

Rye has been quiet, and prices were not fully sustained. Barley has ruled about steady at the advance noted in our last, but the close is dull, buyers holding off. Buckwheat is scarce and dearer. Oats have been in fair demand, and speculative complications have forced an advance in mixed grades, the market having apparently been oversold. To-day there was an advance, with hints at a "corner"; No. 2 graded 51%c, for white, and 48% 49%c, for mixed and for future delivery; No. 2 mixed, 49% a49%c, for January.

The following are closing quotations:

Flour.			Grain.			
No. 2 spring W bbl. \$	83 257	4 15	Wheat-			
No. 2 winter	4 000	4 40	Spring \$	1 22	21	38
Winter superfine	4 85@	5 25	Spring, No. 2	1 35	81	37
Spring superfine	4 50 @	5 00	Red winter	1 30	101	
Spring wheat extras	5 2:0	5 60		1 40	01	4019
do XX and XXX	5 730	6 75	White	1 30	@1	41
Wis. & Mirn. rye mix.	6 23 @	6 50	Corn-West, mixed.	63	0	68
Winter shipp'g extras.	5 30 a	5 85	West. No. 2	67	8	678
do XX and XXX	6 000	7 00	Western yellow	69	10	72
Patenta	6 500	8 50	Western white	70	0	73
City shipping extras.	7 000	7 25	Rye	59	a 1	03
Southern, bakers' and		-	Oats-Mixed	4.5	0	49
family brands	640a		White	50	0	51
South'n skip'g extras.	5 75%	6 25	Barley—			
Rye flour, superfine	5 000	5 35		1 13	21	15
Corn meal-			Canada bright	1 15	w 1	17
Western, &c	3 30 %	3 70	State, 4-rowed	1 00	11	05
Brandy wine, &c	3700		State, 2-rowed	88	a	90
Buckw't flour, 100 lbs.	3 800	4 00	Buckwheat	94	2	96
	** .	~	1 4 41		-	

The closing of the Eric Canal for the season is officially announced for December 4 next, but the severe weather of the past few days will probably bring its navigation practically to an end this week.

(From the " New York Produce Evelunge Weekly.")

Receipts of flour and grain at Western lake and river ports for the week ending Nov. 19, 1881:

	Flour,	Wheat,	Corn,	Oats,	Barley,	
	bbis.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
At-	196 (68.)	(80 lbs.)	(56 lbs.)	(32 lbs.)		(56 lbs.
Thicago	33,217	172,950	928,827	234.631	195,535	16 580
Milwankee	57.926	164,558	12.9 0	24.550		9.716
Toledo	1,333	64,645	84.127	25,622		486
Detroit		81.937	23,416	26,267	10,857	284
Cleveland		2,100	38.300	37,550	33,200	1.100
St. Louis	30,790	98.638	160,245	70.448	101,783	10.718
Peoria		7,225	219,100	B3,450	15.400	10,860
Ouluth	24,500	145,893			******	*****
· Total	161,469	737,946	1,464.965	502.868	475 995	49 684
Same time '80.	222,092	2,330,210	1,855,743	607,577	357,8-6	74,969

Total receipts at same ports from Dec 27 to Nov. 19, inclusive, for four years:

Flourbbls.	1891. 8,019,444	1890. 5,959,536	1879. 6,114,718	1878. 5.100.934
Wheat bush.		77,121,739 141,593,914	91,524,974 93,901,179	80 410 979 87,273 958
Oata	37.891.492	36,213,178 8,361,705	28.769,432 8.911.012	28.6/1.712 9.135 3/2
Куе	3,331,552	3,503,713	4.465,553	4, 46 166
Total grain	221,363,668	266,791,248	233,575,150	210.108.197

Comparative receipts (crop movement) at same ports from

Flourbbls.	1881.	1880.	1879.	1878.
	2,901,293	2,690,174	2,463,082	2,104 325
Wheat bush.	21.546.519	44,172,014	41,841,774	46.403.990
Corn	52.126.354	50,911,666	49,055,923	34.769.806
Oats	12,437,878	18,185,766	17,578,189	14.980.621
Barley	5,149,866	5,755,969	5,398,113	6,201.521
куе	2,332,165	2,111,359	2,036,390	586,857

Total grain... 93,592,782 121,136,774 115,910,389 102,945,795 Comparative shipments of flour and grain from the same ports from Dec. 27 to Nov. 19, inclusive, for four years:

Flourbbls.	1881. 7,912,330	1880. 4,963,094	6,677,920	1878. 5,372 747
Wheat bush.		67,009,920 122,970,769	76,037,373 81,092,324	65.468,085 76,997,085
Sarley	31,800,819 4,086,919	29.272.106 3,749.333	20,435.307 5,068,392	20,546,774 4.824,534
Куе	2,119,348	2,853,749	3,910.953	3,648,178

Total grain 188.135,607 225,955,927 186,544,352 171.184,656
Rail shipments from Western lake and river ports for the weeks ended:

Flourbbls, 106,920	Week Nov. 20. 177,238	Week Nov. 23. 138,244	Week Nov. 23. 120.241
Wheatbush, 352,916 Coru1,120,841 O.48327,043	479,681 1,073,144 520,898	166,387 153,423 148,479	281.067 76,535 217,892 85,689
Bartey. 150.371 8ye. 56.962 Total 2.008.133	129,554 74.628 2,287,205	59.267 57,123 591,979	21.975 689,159

Rail and lake sh Week Flour, enama— ools. Nov. 19145.833 Nov. 12172.644 Nov. 5190,597	Wheat, bush. 619.517 818,531 620.636	Corn, bush, 1,583,470 2,146,231 2,166,663	Oats, bush, 405,416 464,531 561,153	Burley, bush, 150,371 190,641 183,070	Rys. bush. 56,962 69.631
Nov. 5190,397	757,710	2,755,745	512,424	164,043	
Tot., 4 wks.718.163 4 wks 80896.232 Receipts of flou		8.651,561 11,255,743	3,168,910	608.741	291,995 430,885

At-	Flour,	Wheat,	Corn,	Oats,	Barley,	Rye,
New York	132.228	761,900	1,304,675		313,150	90,900
Boston	63,895 2,275	63,389	8,400	64,932 2,750		1,300
Montreal	8.417	32,789		50,767	34,365	3,898
Philadelphia Baltimorp	22,990 26,794	25,200 $242,100$		20.000		3.000
New Orleans	9.477	******	126,569	15,497		

Total week... 266.076 1.125.428 1.866.138 427.538 472.456 99.214 as week '80.. 362.595 3.484.982 2.212.954 525.249 534.373 232.913 Total receipts at same ports from Dec. 27 to Nov. 19, inclusive, for four years :

Flourbbls.	1981. 11,429,034	1880. 9,728,140	9,939.39 2	1878, 8,648,010
Wheatbush. Corn	95,682,421 25,089,776 4,256,121	119.637,079 139,711,673 21.617,361 4.531,231 2,551,458	136,792,041 97,351,941 20,225,941 4,×49,731 4,314,355	99,003.794 97.662.401 22.394,106 5,507.659 4,762,716
Rye	1,705,035	2,001,130	4,511,555	4,702,710

Total grain 212,435.567 279,101,830 263,533,909 229,330,077 Exports from United States seaboard ports and from Montreal for week ending Nov. 19, 1881:

From-	Flour,	Wheat,	Corn,	Oats,	Rye,	Peas.
New York	66,635	452,633	538,962	2,753	64.033	1,570
Boston	12,109	60,490	124,923	373		
Pertland			*****		*****	
Montreal"	14.813	152,623	75	102,050		221,442
Philadelphia	4.031	74.867	******		******	
Baltimore	7,564	173,548	149,807	200		*****
New Orleans	103		89,455	•••••		******
Total for w'k	105.3 3	924,218	903.232	105,380		23.,012
Bame time '80.	160,790	2,261,251	1,546,149	84,046	113,975	100,052

^{*}And 1,607 bushels barley for Liverpool.

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at take and seaboard ports, and in transit by rail and water, Nov. 19, 1881, was as follows:

	Wheat,	Corn.	Oats.	Barley,	Rye.
In store at-	hush.	bush.	bresh.	bush.	busa.
New York	5.94 4.531	6,473,219	1,341,901	69.353	9 < 435
Do. afloat (est.)	1,150,000	2,300,000	270,000	320,000	21,00)
Albany	12,500	56,600	11.000	233,000	78,000
Batfalo	416.629	571.131	11, 71	183,453	13.059
Ohieazo	3,776.205	5,947,407	315,878	302,553	363 290
Milwaukee	419,370	5,039	958	153.555	87.377
Duinch	359,025				
Toledo	953,961	75,183	71,224	48,464	14,371
Detroit	660,204	7.653	32,908	501	
Oswego	100,000	180,000		500,000	26,000
Bt. Louis	1,103,925	1,278,385	231,161	51.241	112,244
Boston (12th)	42.699	293,666	129,291	3,337	3,265
Toronto	206.3-0			295.919	10,391
Montreal (15th):.	305,923	57,863	51,947	19,119	23,303
Philadelphia	522,586	826.454	70.000		
Peoria	8,911	123.337	92.2 3	135	176.916
Indianapolis	336,300	242,300	67.300	******	14,400
Kansas City	427,764	91,425	48,437		10,735
Baltimero	2,189.235	778,901			
Down Miss'pi		114,198	33,074		
On rail	767,396	1,742,276	415.218	154,771	58,562
On lake	296,600	348,000	78,000		
On canal	536,000	894,000		579.000	133,000
Tot. Nov. 19, '81.	20.614.386	22,107,097	3.27(.73)	2.914.310	1.256,246

Tot. Nov. 19, '81. 20,614,386 22,407,097 3,271,731 2,914,340	1,206,246
Nov. 12, '81 21,057,857 24,372,782 3,659,795 2,931.097	1.342. 01
Nov. 5, '81 21.155.954 24.953.991 4.170.585 2.787.861	1.872.019
0s. 29, '81. 21,352,578 26,119,095 4.365,769 2, 56 375 0s. 22, '81. 20,57,536 27,970,471 4,932,278 2,523,636 3,97, 20, '80. 24,190,673 17,935,815 4,295,074 3,631,098	1,256,184
Oct. 22, '81 20,857,536 27,970,471 4,653 278 2,523,603	1.210.485
Nov. 20. '80. 24.190.673 17.935.815 4.293.074 3.631.098	833,147
	,

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

FRIDAY, P. M., November 25, 1881.

There was during the past week a comparatively light business in dry goods, both sales and deliveries on account of back orders having been interrupted to some extent by the Thanksgiving holidays. The demand at first hands was only moderate, and mostly restricted to such small parcels of seasonable goods as are necessary for the renewal of assortments. There was, however, on the part of large jobbers, some disposition to place orders for certain spring fabrics for future delivery; and in this connection there were some fair transactions in white goods, piques, drass buntings, cottonades, book-fold ginghams, seersuckers, &c. The jobbing trade was quiet in nearly all departments, holiday goods alone having been fairly active in demand. Stocks of domestic and foreign goods are remarkably well in hand, and prices are firmly maintained on all such fabries as govern the market.

Domestic Corron Goods .- There was a fair movement in

brown, bleached and colored cottons, cotton flannels, &c., in ex ecution of orders previously placed by jobbers, converters and exporters, but new business was light with the package houses and moderate with jobbers. Brown sheetings and drills are still largely sold ahead to exporters and the trade, as are many of the most popular makes of bleached goods, wide sheetings, cotton flannels, colored cottons, camlet jeans, &c., and grain bags, cotton warps, yarns and twines are severally in meagre supply. Under these circumstances prices are exceedingly firm, and orders for goods to arrive from the mills are in most cases taken "at value" only. Print cloths have ruled quiet, but prices remain steady at 40., plus 1 per cent, for 64x64 "spots," 4 1-180. for 64x64 "futures" and 31/20. for 56x60s, with rather freer offerings at these figures. Prints were dull, and there was only a limited demand for ginghams and cotton dress goods, but prices remain unchanged and stocks are in good shape as a rule.

DOMESTIC WOOLBY GOODS .- The business of the week has been chiefly confined to making deliveries of light-weight cassimere suitings and worsted coatings to the clothing trade on account of back orders. Heavy clothing woolens were generally quiet in agents' hands, but stocks have been reduced to a very low ebb. and prices are therefore steady. Cloakings were sluggish, aside from a few specialties in mohair plush, and fancy effects, in which there was a fair business. Kentucky jeans were devoid of animation in both first and second hands, but values are well maintained, especially on the best doeskin makes. Satinets were irregular in demand, and upon the whole sluggish. Flannels and blankets were taken in small lots only, and such was the case with shawls, felt skirts, worsted dress goods and carpets. Shirts and drawers continued to move freely on account of old orders, and goods of this class are unusually searce.

FOREIGN DRY Goods.-The demand for imported goods was light at first hands, and the j bbing trade was by no means active. Silk plushes were, however, distributed in fair quantities, and fancy holiday goods met with liberal sales, privately and through the madium of the auction rooms.

Importations of Dry Goods.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending Nov. 24, 1881 and since January 1, and the same facts for the corresponding periods of 1880, are as follows:

Ictal at the port	Total Ear'd for cousumpt	Wool	is nufactures of-	Cotal on market	Int d for consumpt	Flax.	Wool. Cotton.	1	Total	flaxdiscellaneous	Tannfactures of— Wool Cotton			ENTERED M
9.856	2,926	185 18 94 275 6,191		4.473	1.549 2,926	575	1528	THURA	2,926	735	328 490	Pligs.	Nov. 21.	R COM
9,856 : 202.093	430,578 811,517	85.976 57,622 71.774 60,639 177,167	NTERED FO	4.475 1.210,306	398.789 811,517	53,665	117.997 42,76% 122,78%	WITHDRAWN FROM	811.517	132,909	109,624 151,599 306,476	Value.	Week Ending Vov. 25, 1980.	TOTTON I
419,390	164.282 295,108	24,682 13,533 7,667 25,809 92,592	R WAREH	417,500	132.452 283,108	84,675	19.105 12.258 7,093	WAREHOU	285,108	72,383	43,125 63,593 42,369	Plegs	Since Ja	OR THE W
419,390 112,968,921	27.76% 319 85,202.603	9.498.599 4.104.721 5.6 8.957 9.4-0.972	ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSE BURING	417.500 107,964,470	22.761,945 85,202,605	1,886,221	7.476.064 3,698.903 5.592,771	WAREHOUSE AND THROWN	86,00,805	12.141,053 8,008,015	17.691.118 19.816.809 27.505.610	Value.	Since Jan. 1, 1880.	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE JANUARY
_	3,546	225 171 174 364 774			3.546	1,277	214 145 105	JAN INA	3,546	1	87.22 87.22	Pkes.	Nov. 24.	NOE 34W
5,226 1,523,403	1,153,417	93.292 57.053 126.186 59.425 32.033	SAME PERSON.	1,481,496	331,079 1.153,117	1	81,302 71,481 82,256	SHE	1.153,417	1	214.156 261,470 295,998	Value.	Week Endang	-
428.463	283,739	10.898 6.729 90.887		453,987	283,789	100,058	19.990 12.571 7.425	MARKET.	222,749	76,371 60 928	43,09	Pigs.	Since Jan. 1, 185	USSI WAY TEST
428.463 103.092.419	20,375,925 82,716,524	3.370.40 3.370.40 4.613 9 3.504.51 2.323.076		106,013 35	23.894.33 82.714.52	2,244,40	4.138.0		90,711.50	7,706,85	16.673.8 19.494.4 27.482.1	Value.	4. 1, 185.	000

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